



GRETCHEN WHITMER
GOVERNOR

STATE OF MICHIGAN
DEPARTMENT OF LICENSING AND REGULATORY AFFAIRS
MICHIGAN OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS AND RULES

MARLON I. BROWN, DPA
ACTING DIRECTOR

[REDACTED]
MI [REDACTED]

Date Mailed: January 24, 2024
MOAHR Docket No.: 23-008856
Agency No.: [REDACTED]
Petitioner: [REDACTED]

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: Robert J. Meade

DECISION AND ORDER

This matter is before the undersigned Administrative Law Judge pursuant to MCL 400.9 and 42 CFR 431.200 *et seq.*, upon Petitioner's request for a hearing.

After due notice, a telephone hearing was held on January 23, 2024. [REDACTED] Petitioner, appeared and testified on her own behalf. Lana Karadsheh, Appeals Review Officer (ARO), represented Respondent, Michigan Department of Health and Human Services (MDHHS or Department). Jan Matijezic, Adult Services Worker (ASW), and Rebecca Briscoe, Adult Services Supervisor appeared as witnesses for the Department. Leah Klaver, ARO, appeared as an observer for the Department.

ISSUE

Did the Department properly authorize Petitioner's Home Help Services (HHS)?

EXHIBITS

Exhibit A: Department's Hearing Summary, pp 1-53

FINDINGS OF FACT

The Administrative Law Judge, based upon the competent, material, and substantial evidence on the whole record, finds as material fact:

1. Petitioner is a Medicaid beneficiary who has been receiving HHS since approximately May 2000. (Exhibit A, p 13; Testimony)
2. On November 16, 2023, the Department's ASW went to Petitioner's home to conduct an assessment with Petitioner and her granddaughter/provider. The ASW reviewed Petitioner's Activities of Daily Living (ADL's) and Instrumental Activities of Daily Living (IADL's) and noted that there were no changes. Petitioner did inform the ASW, however, that her daughter and her granddaughter/provider live with her. (Exhibit A, p 21; Testimony)

3. Following the assessment, the ASW prorated the time for the IADL's of laundry, meal preparation, housework and shopping due to the shared household, *i.e.*, because Petitioner's daughter and granddaughter/provider were living with Petitioner. (Exhibit A, pp 17-18, 21; Testimony)
4. On November 18, 2023, the Department sent Petitioner an Advance Negative Action Notice informing Petitioner that her HHS would be reduced because of the shared household. (Exhibit A, p 22-24; Testimony)
5. On December 8, 2023, Petitioner's Request for Hearing was received by the Michigan Office of Administrative Hearings and Rules. (Exhibit A, pp 8-12)

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

The Medical Assistance Program is established pursuant to Title XIX of the Social Security Act and is implemented by Title 42 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR). It is administered in accordance with state statute, the Social Welfare Act, the Administrative Code, and the State Plan under Title XIX of the Social Security Act Medical Assistance Program.

Home Help Services (HHS) are provided to enable functionally limited individuals to live independently and receive care in the least restrictive, preferred settings. These activities must be certified by a physician and may be provided by individuals or by private or public agencies.

The Adult Services Manual (ASM) address the issues of what services are included in Home Help Services and how such services are assessed:

ASM 101 AVAILABLE SERVICES

Payment Services Home Help

Home help services are non-specialized personal care service activities provided under the home help services program to persons who meet eligibility requirements.

Home help services are provided to enable individuals with functional limitation(s), resulting from a medical or physical disability or cognitive impairment to live independently and receive care in the least restrictive, preferred settings.

Home help services are defined as those tasks which the department is paying for through Title XIX (Medicaid) funds. These services are furnished to individuals who are **not** currently residing in a hospital,

nursing facility, licensed foster care home/home for the aged, intermediate care facility (ICF) for persons with developmental disabilities or institution for mental illness.

These activities **must** be certified by a Medicaid enrolled medical professional and may be provided by individuals or by private or public agencies. **The medical professional does not prescribe or authorize personal care services. Needed services are determined by the comprehensive assessment conducted by the adult services worker.**

Home help services which are eligible for Title XIX funding are limited to:

Activities of Daily Living (ADL)

- Eating.
- Toileting.
- Bathing.
- Grooming.
- Dressing.
- Transferring.
- Mobility.

Instrumental Activities of Daily Living (IADL)

- Taking medication.
- Meal preparation/cleanup.
- Shopping for food and other necessities of daily living.
- Laundry.
- Light housecleaning.

An individual must be assessed with at least one activity of daily living (ADL) ranked 3 or higher or complex care need in order to be eligible to receive home help services.

Note: If the assessment determines a need for an ADL at a level 3 or greater but these services are not paid for by the department, the individual would be eligible to receive IADL services if assessed at a level 3 or greater.

Services not Covered by Home Help

Home help services must **not** be approved for the following:

- Supervising, monitoring, reminding, guiding, teaching or encouraging (functional assessment rank 2).

- Services provided for the benefit of others.
- Services for which a responsible relative is **able** and **available** to provide (such as house cleaning, laundry or shopping). A responsible relative is defined as an individual's spouse or a parent of an unmarried child under age 18.
- Services provided by another resource at the same time (for example, hospitalization, MI-Choice Waiver).
- Transportation - See Bridges Administrative Manual (BAM) 825 for medical transportation policy and procedures.
- Money management such as power of attorney or representative payee.
- Home delivered meals.
- Adult or child day care.
- Recreational activities. (For example, accompanying and/or transporting to the movies, sporting events etc.)

Note: The above list is not all inclusive.

*Adult Services Manual 101
April 1, 2018, pp 1-2, 5
Emphasis added*

ASM 105 ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA

GENERAL

Requirements

Home help eligibility requirements include **all** of the following:

- Medicaid eligibility.
- Appropriate program enrollment type (PET) code.
- Certification of medical need.

- Need for service, based on a complete comprehensive assessment indicating a functional limitation of level 3 or greater for at least one activity of daily living (ADL).

Certification of Medical Need

Medical needs are certified utilizing the DHS-54A, Medical Needs form and must be completed by a Medicaid enrolled medical professional. The medical professional must hold one of the following professional licenses:

- Physician (M.D. or D.O.).
- Physician Assistant.
- Nurse practitioner.
- Occupational therapist.
- Physical therapist.

The DHS-54A or veterans administration medical form 10-10M are acceptable for individuals treated by a VA physician; see ASM 115, Adult Services Requirements.

Need For Service

The adult services worker (ASW) is responsible for determining the necessity and level of need for home help services based on all of the following:

- Client choice.
- A completed MDHHS-5534, Adult Services Comprehensive Assessment. An individual must be assessed with at least one activity of daily living (ADL) in order to be eligible to receive Home Help services.

*Adult Services Manual 105
June 1, 2020, pp 1, 3
Emphasis added*

ASM 115 ADULT SERVICES REQUIREMENTS

MDHHS-5534, ADULT SERVICES COMPREHENSIVE ASSESSMENT

The ASW must conduct a face-to-face interview with the client in their home to assess the personal care needs. During the assessment, complete the MDHHS-5534, Adult Services Comprehensive Assessment, generated from MiAIMS; see ASM 120, Adult Services Comprehensive Assessment.

CLIENT AND PROVIDER CONTACTS

Within the Contacts module of MiAIMS, the following contact types are available:

- Face-to-face.
- Telephone.
- Miscellaneous.
- Email.
- Text.
- Case conference with supervisor.
- Narrative entry only.

The ASW must document all contacts between the ASW, client, provider, and collateral contacts in MiAIMS. The ASW must, at a minimum, have a face-to-face interview with the client, prior to case opening, and then every six months in the client's home for the review.

*Adult Services Manual 115
September 1, 2021, p 4*

ASM 120 ADULT SERVICES COMPREHENSIVE ASSESSMENT

OVERVIEW

The MDDHS-5534, Adult Services Comprehensive Assessment, is the primary tool for determining a client's need for services. The

comprehensive assessment must be completed on all open Home Help services cases. The Michigan Adult Integrated Management System (MiAIMS), provides the format for the comprehensive assessment and all information must be entered on the computer program.

Functional Tab

The *Functional* Tab under the *Assessment* module of MiAIMS is the basis for service planning and for the home help services payment. Document the client's abilities and needs in the *Functional* tab to determine the client's ability to perform the following activities:

Activities of Daily Living (ADL)

- Eating.
- Toileting.
- Bathing.
- Grooming.
- Dressing.
- Transferring.
- Mobility.

Instrumental Activities of Daily Living (IADL)

- Taking Medication.
- Meal preparation and cleanup.
- Shopping.
- Laundry.
- Light housework.

Functional Scale

ADLs and IADLs are assessed according to the following five point scale:

1. Independent.

Performs the activity safely with no human assistance.

2. Verbal assistance.

Performs the activity with verbal assistance such as reminding, guiding or encouraging.

3. Some human assistance.

Performs the activity with some direct physical assistance and/or assistive technology.

4. Much human assistance.

Performs the activity with a great deal of human assistance and/or assistive technology.

5. Dependent.

Does not perform the activity even with human assistance and/or assistive technology.

Home help payments may only be authorized for needs assessed at the level 3 ranking or greater.

An individual must be assessed with at least one activity of daily living ranked 3 or higher or a complex care need in order to be eligible to receive home help services.

Note: If the assessment determines a need for an ADL at a level 3 or greater but these services are not paid for by the department, the individual would be eligible to receive IADL services if assessed at a level 3 or greater.

Time and Task

The ASW will allocate time for each task assessed a rank of 3 or greater, based on interviews with the client and caregiver, observation of the client's abilities and use of the reasonable time schedule (RTS) as a **guide**. The RTS is built into the functional assessment tab within MiAIMS for each task. ASW's should modify how much time is needed based on clients' documented need.

IADL Maximum Allowable Hours

There are monthly maximum hour limits on all instrumental activities of daily living (IADL) except medication. The limits are as follows:

- Five hours/month for shopping.
- Six hours/month for light housework.
- Seven hours/month for laundry.

- 25 hours/month for meal preparation.

Proration of IADLs

If the client does not require the maximum allowable hours for IADLs, authorize only the amount of time needed for each task. Assessed hours for IADLs (except medications) must be prorated by **one half** in shared living arrangements where other adults reside in the home, as Home Help services are **only** for the benefit of the client.

Note: This does not include situations where others live in adjoined apartments/flats or in a separate home on shared property and there is no shared, common living area.

In shared living arrangements, where it can be **clearly** documented that IADLs for the eligible client are completed separately from others in the home, hours for IADLs do not need to be prorated.

Example: Client has special dietary needs and meals are prepared separately; client is incontinent of bowel and/or bladder and laundry is completed separately; client's shopping is completed separately due to special dietary needs and food is purchased from specialty stores; etc.

*Adult Services Manual 120
April 1, 2021, pp 1-8
Emphasis added*

The ASW testified that on November 16, 2023, she conducted an assessment with Petitioner and her granddaughter/provider at Petitioner's home. The ASW indicated that she reviewed Petitioner's ADL's and IADL's and noted that there were no changes. The ASW did note, however that Petitioner informed the ASW that her daughter and her granddaughter/provider live with her. The ASW testified that following the assessment, she prorated the time for the IADL's of laundry, meal preparation, housework and shopping due to the shared household, per policy. The ASW indicated that on November 18, 2023, she sent Petitioner an Advance Negative Action Notice informing Petitioner that her HHS would be reduced because of the shared household.

Petitioner testified that she requested the hearing because her daughter and granddaughter/provider have always lived with her, and it was never an issue with HHS in the past. Petitioner indicated that her granddaughter/provider does everything for her. Petitioner testified that they prepare meals separately because they cannot eat the same foods and they also do their laundry separately. Petitioner indicated that she cannot be left alone so she did not understand why her daughter and granddaughter/provider could not live with her. Petitioner noted that when the ASW comes to her home she is always in a hurry and will not even sit down. Petitioner indicated that she had an episode some time ago that resulted in a hospitalization and Petitioner did not know what happened to her for several days. Petitioner testified that

she would not lie, and her family does not do cooking and laundry together. Petitioner indicated that she does not get out of the house much as her doctor comes to her home. Petitioner indicated that she falls frequently, even though she uses her walker, because her arms and hands are also very weak. Petitioner noted that a lot has changed since the 54A Medical Needs Form was completed in 2014 and the Department should get an updated one.

In response, the ASW indicated that Petitioner did not mention during the assessment that meal preparation and laundry were done separately.

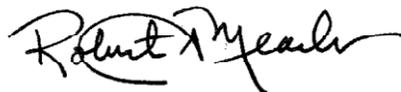
Based on the evidence presented, Petitioner has failed to prove by a preponderance of the evidence that the Department erred in authorizing her HHS. Here, it is not disputed that Petitioner lives in a shared household, so it was proper for the ASW to prorate HHS for some of Petitioner's IADL's by one-half, as required by policy. Policy also provides that an HHS recipient must clearly document that IADL's are completed separately to avoid proration. Here, Petitioner has not provided any such documentation. A note from Petitioner's doctor would suffice, so Petitioner can obtain such documentation and provide it to the Department. Finally, the fact that a prior ASW may have overlooked the proration policy does not mean that the current ASW must also overlook the policy. As such, the Department's ASW properly calculated Petitioner's HHS based on policy.

DECISION AND ORDER

The Administrative Law Judge, based on the above findings of fact and conclusions of law, finds that, based on the available information, the Department properly authorized Petitioner's HHS.

IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED THAT:

The Department's decision is **AFFIRMED**.



Robert J. Meade
Administrative Law Judge

RM/sj

NOTICE OF APPEAL: A party may appeal this Order in circuit court within 30 days of the receipt date. A copy of the circuit court appeal must be filed with the Michigan Office of Administrative Hearings and Rules (MOAHR).

A party may request a rehearing or reconsideration of this Order if the request is received by MOAHR within 30 days of the date the Order was issued. The party requesting a rehearing or reconsideration must provide the specific reasons for the request. MOAHR will not review any response to a request for rehearing/reconsideration.

A written request may be mailed or faxed to MOAHR. If submitted by fax, the written request must be faxed to (517) 763-0155; Attention: MOAHR Rehearing/Reconsideration Request.

If submitted by mail, the written request must be addressed as follows:

Michigan Office of Administrative Hearings and Rules
Reconsideration/Rehearing Request
P.O. Box 30763
Lansing, Michigan 48909-8139

PROOF OF SERVICE

I certify that I served a copy of the foregoing document upon all parties, to their last known addresses in the manner specified below, this 24th day of January 2024.

S. James

S. James
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