

GRETCHEN WHITMER  
GOVERNOR

STATE OF MICHIGAN  
DEPARTMENT OF LICENSING AND REGULATORY AFFAIRS  
MICHIGAN OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS AND RULES

ORLENE HAWKS  
DIRECTOR

[REDACTED]  
MI  
[REDACTED]

Date Mailed: January 21, 2022  
MOAHR Docket No.: 21-005741  
Agency No.: [REDACTED]  
Petitioner: [REDACTED]

## **ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: Corey Arendt**

### **DECISION AND ORDER**

This matter is before the undersigned Administrative Law Judge pursuant to MCL 400.9, 42 CFR 431.200 *et seq.* and 42 CFR 438.400 *et seq.* upon Petitioner's request for a hearing.

After due notice, a hearing was held on January 19, 2022. Petitioner appeared on her own behalf.

Katherine Forbes, Fair Hearings Officer, appeared on behalf of Respondent, Lapeer County Community Mental Health (Department). Dr. Tom Seilheimer, Chief Clinical Officer, and Chrissany Sawyer, Intake Staff, appeared as witnesses for the Department.

#### **Exhibits:**

Petitioner	None
Department	A – Hearing Packet

#### **ISSUE**

Did the Department properly determine that Petitioner was not eligible for CMH services as a person with a Severe Mental Illness?

#### **FINDINGS OF FACT**

The Administrative Law Judge, based upon the competent, material, and substantial evidence on the whole record, finds as material fact:

1. Petitioner is a Medicaid beneficiary, born [REDACTED] 1984, who is diagnosed with adjustment disorders and major depressive disorder, single episode; Moderate. (Exhibit A.)
2. On July 15, 2021, Petitioner completed an access screening with the Department. (Exhibit A.)

3. Following the access screening, Petitioner was referred for an intake screening. (Exhibit A.)
4. On August 2, 2021, Petitioner completed a biopsychosocial assessment and PHQ-9. (Exhibit A.)
5. On August 3, 2021, a LOCUS assessment was completed. (Exhibit A.)
6. Each of the assessments conducted indicated Petitioner's current symptomology did not meet criteria for a severe and persistent mental illness (SPMI).
7. On August 3, 2021, Department sent Petitioner a Notice of Adverse Benefit Determination. The notice indicated Petitioner did not meet the Medicaid eligibility criteria for services as a person with a serious mental illness, a person with a developmental disability, a child with a serious emotional disorder, or a person with a substance abuse disorder. (Exhibit A.)
8. On September 8, 2021, Department received from Petitioner, a local level appeal. (Exhibit A.)
9. On October 4, 2021, Department sent Petitioner a Notice of Appeal Denial. The notice indicated Petitioner did not meet the clinical eligibility criteria for services. (Exhibit A.)
10. On December 15, 2021, the Michigan Office of Administrative Hearings and Rules, received from Petitioner, a request for hearing.

### **CONCLUSIONS OF LAW**

The Medical Assistance Program is established pursuant to Title XIX of the Social Security Act and is implemented by Title 42 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR). It is administered in accordance with state statute, the Social Welfare Act, the Administrative Code, and the State Plan under Title XIX of the Social Security Act Medical Assistance Program.

Title XIX of the Social Security Act, enacted in 1965, authorizes Federal grants to States for medical assistance to low-income persons who are age 65 or over, blind, disabled, or members of families with dependent children or qualified pregnant women or children. The program is jointly financed by the Federal and State governments and administered by States. Within broad Federal rules, each State decides eligible groups, types and range of services, payment levels for services, and administrative and operating procedures. Payments for services are made directly by the State to the

individuals or entities that furnish the services.<sup>1</sup>

The State plan is a comprehensive written statement submitted by the agency describing the nature and scope of its Medicaid program and giving assurance that it will be administered in conformity with the specific requirements of title XIX, the regulations in this Chapter IV, and other applicable official issuances of the Department. The State plan contains all information necessary for CMS to determine whether the plan can be approved to serve as a basis for Federal financial participation (FFP) in the State program.<sup>2</sup>

Section 1915(b) of the Social Security Act provides:

The Secretary, to the extent he finds it to be cost-effective and efficient and not inconsistent with the purposes of this subchapter, may waive such requirements of section 1396a of this title (other than subsection(s) of this section) (other than sections 1396a(a)(15), 1396a(bb), and 1396a(a)(10)(A) of this title insofar as it requires provision of the care and services described in section 1396d(a)(2)(C) of this title) as may be necessary for a State...<sup>3</sup>

The State of Michigan has opted to simultaneously utilize the authorities of the 1915(b) and 1915(c) programs to provide a continuum of services to disabled and/or elderly populations. Under approval from the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) the Department of Health and Human Services (MDHHS) operates a section 1915(b) and 1915(c) Medicaid Managed Specialty Services and Support program waiver. CMH contracts with the Michigan Department of Health and Human Services to provide services under the waiver pursuant to its contract obligations with the Department.

Medicaid beneficiaries are entitled to medically necessary Medicaid covered services for which they are eligible. Services must be provided in the appropriate scope, duration, and intensity to reasonably achieve the purpose of the covered service.<sup>4</sup>

The Department is mandated by federal regulation to perform an assessment for the Petitioner to determine what Medicaid services are medically necessary and determine the amount or level of the Medicaid medically necessary services.

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<sup>1</sup> 42 CFR 430.0.

<sup>2</sup> 42 CFR 430.10.

<sup>3</sup> 42 CFR 1396n(b)

<sup>4</sup> See 42 CFR 440.230.

The applicable sections of the Medicaid Provider Manual (MPM) provide:

## **2.5 MEDICAL NECESSITY CRITERIA**

The following medical necessity criteria apply to Medicaid mental health, developmental disabilities, and substance abuse supports and services.

### **2.5.A. MEDICAL NECESSITY CRITERIA**

Mental health, developmental disabilities, and substance abuse services are supports, services, and treatment:

- Necessary for screening and assessing the presence of a mental illness, developmental disability or substance use disorder; and/or
- Required to identify and evaluate a mental illness, developmental disability or substance use disorder; and/or
- Intended to treat, ameliorate, diminish or stabilize the symptoms of mental illness, developmental disability or substance use disorder; and/or
- Expected to arrest or delay the progression of a mental illness, developmental disability, or substance use disorder; and/or
- Designed to assist the beneficiary to attain or maintain a sufficient level of functioning in order to achieve his goals of community inclusion and participation, independence, recovery, or productivity.

### **2.5.B. DETERMINATION CRITERIA**

The determination of a medically necessary support, service or treatment must be:

- Based on information provided by the beneficiary, beneficiary's family, and/or other individuals (e.g., friends, personal assistants/aides) who know the beneficiary; and
- Based on clinical information from the beneficiary's primary care physician or health care professionals with relevant qualifications who have evaluated the beneficiary; and

- For beneficiaries with mental illness or developmental disabilities, based on person centered planning, and for beneficiaries with substance use disorders, individualized treatment planning; and
- Made by appropriately trained mental health, developmental disabilities, or substance abuse professionals with sufficient clinical experience; and
- Made within federal and state standards for timeliness; and
- Sufficient in amount, scope and duration of the service(s) to reasonably achieve its/their purpose.
- Documented in the individual plan of service.

#### **2.5.C. SUPPORTS, SERVICES AND TREATMENT AUTHORIZED BY THE PIHP**

Supports, services, and treatment authorized by the PIHP must be:

- Delivered in accordance with federal and state standards for timeliness in a location that is accessible to the beneficiary; and
- Responsive to particular needs of multi-cultural populations and furnished in a culturally relevant manner; and
- Responsive to the particular needs of beneficiaries with sensory or mobility impairments and provided with the necessary accommodations; and
- Provided in the least restrictive, most integrated setting. Inpatient, licensed residential or other segregated settings shall be used only when less restrictive levels of treatment, service or support have been, for that beneficiary, unsuccessful or cannot be safely provided; and
- Delivered consistent with, where they exist, available research findings, health care practice guidelines, best practices and standards of practice issued by professionally recognized organizations or government agencies.

## 2.5.D. PIHP DECISIONS

Using criteria for medical necessity, a PIHP may:

- Deny services that are:
  - deemed ineffective for a given condition based upon professionally and scientifically recognized and accepted standards of care;
  - experimental or investigational in nature; or
  - for which there exists another appropriate, efficacious, less-restrictive and cost effective service, setting or support that otherwise satisfies the standards for medically-necessary services; and/or
- Employ various methods to determine amount, scope and duration of services, including prior authorization for certain services, concurrent utilization reviews, centralized assessment and referral, gate-keeping arrangements, protocols, and guidelines.

A PIHP may not deny services based solely on preset limits of the cost, amount, scope, and duration of services. Instead, determination of the need for services shall be conducted on an individualized basis.<sup>5</sup>

The Medicaid Provider Manual also lays out the responsibilities of Medicaid Health Plans (MHP's) and CMH's:

A Medicaid beneficiary with mental illness, serious emotional disturbance or developmental disability who is enrolled in a Medicaid Health Plan (MHP) is eligible for specialty mental health services and supports when his needs exceed the MHP benefits. (Refer to the Medicaid Health Plans Chapter of this manual for additional information.) Such need must be documented in the individual's clinical record.

The following table has been developed to assist health plans and PIHPs in making coverage determination decisions related to outpatient care for MHP beneficiaries. Generally, as the beneficiary's psychiatric signs, symptoms and degree/extent of functional impairment increase in

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<sup>5</sup> Medicaid Provider Manual, Behavioral Health and Intellectual and Developmental Disability Supports and Services Chapter, July 1, 2021, pp 14-16.

severity, complexity and/or duration, the more likely it becomes that the beneficiary will require specialized services and supports available through the PIHP/CMHSP. For all coverage determination decisions, it is presumed that the beneficiary has a diagnosable mental illness or emotional disorder as defined in the most recent Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of the Mental Disorders published by the American Psychiatric Association.

<b>In general, MHPs are responsible for outpatient mental health in the following situations:</b>	<b>In general, PIHPs/CMHSPs are responsible for outpatient mental health in the following situations:</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• The beneficiary is experiencing or demonstrating mild or moderate psychiatric symptoms or signs of sufficient intensity to cause subjective distress or mildly disordered behavior, with minor or temporary functional limitations or impairments (self-care/daily living skills, social/interpersonal relations, educational/vocational role performance, etc.) and minimal clinical (self/other harm risk) instability.</li><li>• The beneficiary was formerly significantly or seriously mentally ill at some point in the past. Signs and symptoms of the former serious disorder have substantially moderated or remitted and prominent functional disabilities or impairments related to the condition have largely subsided (there has been no serious exacerbation of the condition within the last 12 months). The beneficiary currently needs ongoing routine medication management without further specialized services and supports.</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• The beneficiary is currently or has recently been (within the last 12 months) seriously mentally ill or seriously emotionally disturbed as indicated by diagnosis, intensity of current signs and symptoms, and substantial impairment in ability to perform daily living activities (or for minors, substantial interference in achievement or maintenance of developmentally appropriate social, behavioral, cognitive, communicative or adaptive skills).</li><li>• The beneficiary does not have a current or recent (within the last 12 months) serious condition but was formerly seriously impaired in the past. Clinically significant residual symptoms and impairments exist and the beneficiary requires specialized services and supports to address residual symptomatology and/or functional impairments, promote recovery and/or prevent relapse.</li></ul>

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The Michigan Mental Health Code definition of serious mental illness provides, in pertinent part:

(3) "Serious mental illness" means a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder affecting an adult that exists or has existed within the past year for a period of time sufficient to meet diagnostic criteria specified in the most recent Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders published by the American Psychiatric Association and approved by the department and that has resulted in functional impairment that substantially interferes with or limits 1 or more major life activities. Serious mental illness includes dementia with delusions, dementia with depressed mood, and dementia with behavioral disturbance but does

<sup>6</sup> *Id* at 2, 3.

not include any other dementia unless the dementia occurs in conjunction with another diagnosable serious mental illness. The following disorders also are included only if they occur in conjunction with another diagnosable serious mental illness:

- (a) A substance use disorder.
- (b) A developmental disorder.
- (c) "V" codes in the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders<sup>7</sup>

The Department witnesses testified that following the August assessments, it was determined Petitioner was not eligible for services due to Petitioner not having a Serious Mental Illness.

Petitioner offered testimony but did not rebut the arguments and facts raised by the Department. As a result, the evidence in this case clearly indicates Petitioner did not meet the Medicaid eligibility criteria for services as a person with a serious mental illness

Based on these findings, I find sufficient evidence to show the Department properly determined Petitioner did not meet the eligibility criteria for CMH services. Accordingly, the Department's denial of Petitioner's request for CMH services must be affirmed.

### **DECISION AND ORDER**

The Administrative Law Judge, based on the above findings of fact and conclusions of law, decides that the Department properly determined that Petitioner was not eligible for CMH services as a person with a Serious Mental Illness.

**IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED** that:

The Department's decision is AFFIRMED.

CA/dh

*J. Arendt*  
Corey Arendt  
Administrative Law Judge

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<sup>7</sup> MCL 330.1100d (3).

**NOTICE OF APPEAL:** A party may appeal this Order in circuit court within 30 days of the receipt date. A copy of the circuit court appeal must be filed with the Michigan Office of Administrative Hearings and Rules (MOAHR).

A party may request a rehearing or reconsideration of this Order if the request is received by MOAHR within 30 days of the date the Order was issued. The party requesting a rehearing or reconsideration must provide the specific reasons for the request. MOAHR will not review any response to a request for rehearing/reconsideration.

A written request may be mailed or faxed to MOAHR. If submitted by fax, the written request must be faxed to (517) 763-0155; Attention: MOAHR Rehearing/Reconsideration Request.

If submitted by mail, the written request must be addressed as follows:

Michigan Office of Administrative Hearings and Rules  
Reconsideration/Rehearing Request  
P.O. Box 30763  
Lansing, Michigan 48909-8139

**DHHS-Location Contact**

Rebekah Kleinedler  
Lapeer County CMHSP  
1570 Suncrest Drive  
Lapeer, MI 48446

**DHHS -Dept Contact**

Belinda Hawks  
320 S. Walnut St.  
5th Floor  
Lansing, MI 48913

**DHHS Department Rep.**

Dana Moore  
Region 10 PIHP  
ATTN: Grievance and Appeals  
Port Huron, MI 48060

**Petitioner**

[REDACTED]  
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