



GRETCHEN WHITMER  
GOVERNOR

STATE OF MICHIGAN  
DEPARTMENT OF LICENSING AND REGULATORY AFFAIRS  
MICHIGAN OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS AND RULES

ORLENE HAWKS  
DIRECTOR

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MI [REDACTED]

Date Mailed: February 4, 2021  
MOAHR Docket No.: 20-007775  
Agency No.: [REDACTED]  
Petitioner: [REDACTED]

**ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: Steven Kibit**

**DECISION AND ORDER**

This matter is before the undersigned Administrative Law Judge pursuant to MCL 400.9 and 42 CFR 431.200 *et seq.*, and upon Petitioner's request for a hearing.

After due notice, a telephone hearing was held on February 2, 2021. Petitioner appeared and testified on her own behalf. John Lambert, Appeals Review Officer, represented the Respondent Department of Health and Human Services (DHHS or Department). Dianne Redford, Medicaid Utilization Analyst, testified as a witness for the Department.

During the hearing, the Department submitted an evidence packet that was admitted into the record as Exhibit A, pages 1-12. Petitioner did not offer any exhibits.

**ISSUE**

Did the Department properly deny Petitioner's prior authorization request for an upper partial denture?

**FINDINGS OF FACT**

The Administrative Law Judge, based upon the competent, material, and substantial evidence on the whole record, finds as material fact:

1. On [REDACTED] 2019, Petitioner received an upper partial denture that was paid for by the Department. (Exhibit A, pages 5, 9).
2. On October 28, 2020, the Department received a prior authorization request for an upper partial denture submitted on Petitioner's behalf by a dentist. (Exhibit A, page 8).
3. On December 2, 2020, the Department sent Petitioner written notice that the request had been denied. (Exhibit A, pages 6-7).

4. With respect to the reason for the denial, the notice stated:

The policy this denial is based on is Section 6.6.A of the Dental chapter of the Medicaid Provider Manual. Specifically:

- Policy 6.6.A. Complete or partial dentures are not authorized when a previous prosthesis has been provided within five years, whether or not the existing denture was obtained through Medicaid. Per MDHHS database, a D5213 was placed 09/05/2019.
- Policy 6.6.A. Complete or partial dentures are not authorized when a complete or partial denture has been lost or broken beyond repair within five years, whether or not the existing denture was obtained through Medicaid.
- Policy 6.6.A. Reimbursement for a complete or partial denture includes all necessary adjustments, relines, repairs, and duplications within six months of insertion. This also includes such services necessary for an immediate upper denture when authorized. If any necessary adjustments or repairs are identified within the six-month time period but are not provided until after the six-month time period, no additional reimbursement is allowed for these services.

*Exhibit A, page 6*

5. On December 17, 2020, the Michigan Office Administrative Hearings and Rules (MOAHR) received the request for hearing filed in this matter regarding the Department's decision. (Exhibit A, page 4).

### **CONCLUSIONS OF LAW**

The Medical Assistance Program is established pursuant to Title XIX of the Social Security Act and is implemented by Title 42 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR). It is administered in accordance with state statutes, the Social Welfare Act, the Administrative Code, and the State Plan under Title XIX of the Social Security Act

Medical Assistance Program.

Medicaid covered benefits are addressed for the practitioners and beneficiaries in the Medicaid Provider Manual (MPM) and, in part, the applicable version of the MPM states:

## **6.6 PROSTHODONTICS (REMOVABLE)**

### **6.6.A. GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS**

Complete and partial dentures are benefits for all beneficiaries. All dentures require PA. Remaining maxillary teeth must be structurally and periodontally sound, with good distribution to support a maxillary partial denture for five years. Providers must assess the beneficiary's general oral health and provide a five-year prognosis for the prosthesis requested. The provider is responsible for discussing the treatment plan with the beneficiary, including any applicable frequency limits and other pertinent information related to the proposed services. Documentation of the beneficiary's agreement with the proposed treatment plan must be retained in the beneficiary's dental record.

Complete or partial dentures are authorized when one or more of the following conditions exist:

- One or more anterior teeth are missing.
- There are less than eight posterior teeth in occlusion (fixed bridges and dentures are to be considered occluding teeth).

If an existing complete or partial denture can be made serviceable, the dentist should provide the needed restorations to maintain use of the existing removable prosthesis. This includes extracting teeth, adding teeth to the existing prosthesis, and removing hyperplastic tissue as necessary to restore the functionality of the complete or partial denture.

Before the final impressions are taken for the fabrication of a complete or partial denture, adequate healing necessary to support the prosthesis must take place following the completion of extractions and/or surgical procedures. This includes the posterior ridges

of any immediate denture. When an immediate denture is authorized involving the six anterior teeth (cuspid to cuspid), this requirement is waived.

Reimbursement for a complete or partial denture includes all necessary adjustments, relines, repairs, and duplications within six months of insertion. This also includes such services necessary for an immediate complete denture when authorized. If any necessary adjustments or repairs are identified within the six month time period but are not provided until after the six month time period, no additional reimbursement is allowed for these services.

**Complete or partial dentures are not authorized when:**

- **A previous prosthesis has been provided within five years, whether or not the existing denture was obtained through Medicaid.**
- **An adjustment, reline, repair, or duplication will make them serviceable.**
- **A complete or partial denture has been lost or broken beyond repair within five years, whether or not the existing denture was obtained through Medicaid.**

When denture services have commenced but irreversible circumstances have prevented delivery, the dentist should bill using the Not Otherwise Classified (NOC) procedure code. A copy of the lab bill and an explanation in the Remarks section of the claim must be included. Providers are paid a reduced rate to offset a portion of the costs incurred. It is the expectation that the probability of removable appliances being delivered and follow-up treatment completed is assessed prior to the initiation of treatment to evaluate whether the treatment is appropriate for the specific patient. Contact the Program Review Division (PRD) regarding the requirements for incomplete dentures. (Refer to the Directory Appendix for contact information.)

*MPM, October 1, 2020 version  
Dental Chapter, pages 20-21  
(Emphasis added)*

Here, the Department's witness testified that Petitioner's prior authorization request for an upper partial denture was denied pursuant to the above policies. Specifically, she noted that the request was denied because, as established by the Department's records, Petitioner had been previously provided with a denture within the past five years. She further testified that the dentist was responsible for any necessary repairs for six months following receipt of the denture and that the dentist has not returned any payment. She also provided Petitioner with a telephone number for the Medicaid Fraud Hotline if the dentist billed for services that it never provided.

In response, Petitioner testified that the upper partial denture she was to receive in 2019 was made totally wrong and that she never used it. She also testified that the dentist told her to just throw the denture out and that the dentist would not bill the Department. She further testified that she then found a new dentist and the new dentist made another prior authorization request.

Petitioner bears the burden of proving by a preponderance of the evidence that the Department erred in denying her prior authorization request. Moreover, the undersigned Administrative Law Judge is limited to reviewing Department's decision in light of the information available at the time the decision was made.

Given the record and applicable policies in this case, Petitioner has failed to meet her burden of proof and the Department's decision must be affirmed. The above policy expressly provides that complete or partial dentures are not authorized when a previous prosthesis has been provided within five years and it is undisputed in this case that the Department paid for a dentist to provide an upper denture for Petitioner within the past five years. Moreover, while Petitioner now testifies that the denture she was provided with did not fit and she threw it away at the direction of her old dentist, the dentist was responsible for any necessary repairs for six months following receipt of the denture; Petitioner's testimony is unsupported; and no such information was conveyed to the Department in the prior authorization request.

The parties did discuss other avenues of relief that Petitioner could pursue, and she is free to do so. However, with respect to the issue in this case, the Department's decision must be affirmed given the available information and applicable policy.

**DECISION AND ORDER**

The Administrative Law Judge, based on the above Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, decides that the Department properly denied Petitioner's prior authorization request.

**IT IS, THEREFORE, ORDERED** that:

The Department's decision is **AFFIRMED**.



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**Steven Kibit**  
Administrative Law Judge  
for Elizabeth Hertel, Director  
Department of Health and Human Services

**NOTICE OF APPEAL**: A party may appeal this Order in circuit court within 30 days of the receipt date. A copy of the circuit court appeal must be filed with the Michigan Office of Administrative Hearings and Rules (MOAHR).

A party may request a rehearing or reconsideration of this Order if the request is received by MOAHR within 30 days of the date the Order was issued. The party requesting a rehearing or reconsideration must provide the specific reasons for the request. MOAHR will not review any response to a request for rehearing/reconsideration.

A written request may be mailed or faxed to MOAHR. If submitted by fax, the written request must be faxed to (517) 763-0155; Attention: MOAHR Rehearing/Reconsideration Request.

If submitted by mail, the written request must be addressed as follows:

Michigan Office of Administrative Hearings and Rules  
Reconsideration/Rehearing Request  
P.O. Box 30763  
Lansing, Michigan 48909-8139

**DHHS -Dept Contact**

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**Petitioner**

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