

ISSUE

Did Respondent properly deny Petitioner's request for enrollment in PACE?

FINDINGS OF FACT

The AU, based upon the competent, material, and substantial evidence on the whole record, finds as material fact:

1. Respondent is an organization that contracts with the Michigan Department of Health and Human Services ("MDHHS" or "Department") and oversees PACE in Petitioner's geographical area.

2. Petitioner is a REDACTED year-old who has applied for enrollment in PACE through Respondent. (Exhibit #2, page 4).
3. On August 15, 2024, a nurse and a social worker from Respondent completed a Level of Care Determination (LOCD) with Petitioner. (Testimony of Petitioner; Testimony of Respondent's representative; Testimony of Intake Social Worker).
4. In that LOCD, Petitioner was found to be ineligible for PACE based upon her failure to qualify via entry through one of the doors of that tool. (Testimony of Respondent's representative; Testimony of Intake Social Worker).
5. On August 16, 2024, Respondent sent Petitioner written notice that her request for enrollment in PACE had been denied because she did not meet the nursing facility level of care as set forth by the Department. (Exhibit #2, page 2).
6. On September 11, 2024, MOAHR received the request for hearing filed in this matter with respect to that decision. (Exhibit #1, pages 1-2).

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

The Medical Assistance Program (MA) is established pursuant to Title XIX of the Social Security Act and is implemented by Title 42 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR). It is administered in accordance with state statute, the Social Welfare Act, the Administrative Code, and the State Plan under Title XIX of the Social Security Act Medical Assistance Program.

PACE services are available as part of the Medicaid program, and with respect to the program and eligibility for it, the applicable version of the Medicaid Provider Manual (MPM) provides in part:

SECTION 1 - GENERAL INFORMATION

The Program of All-Inclusive Care for the Elderly (PACE) is an innovative model of community-based care that enables elderly individuals, who are certified by their state as needing nursing facility care, to live as independently as possible.

PACE provides an alternative to traditional nursing facility care by offering pre-paid, capitated, comprehensive health care services designed to meet the following objectives:

- Enhance the quality of life and autonomy for frail, older adults;

- Maximize the dignity of, and respect for, older adults;
- Enable frail, older adults to live in the community as long as medically and socially feasible; and
- Preserve and support the older adult's family unit.

The PACE capitated benefit was authorized by the federal Balanced Budget Act of 1997 and features a comprehensive service delivery system with integrated Medicare and Medicaid financing.

An interdisciplinary team, consisting of professional and paraprofessional staff, assesses beneficiary needs, develops a plan of care, and monitors delivery of all services (including acute care services as well as nursing facility services, when necessary) within an integrated system for a seamless provision of total care. Typically, PACE organizations provide social and medical services in an adult day health center supplemented by in-home and other services as needed.

The financing model combines payments from Medicare and Medicaid, allowing PACE organizations to provide all needed services rather than be limited to those reimbursable under the Medicare and Medicaid fee-for-service systems. PACE organizations assume full financial risk for beneficiary care without limits on amount, duration, or scope of services.

Physicians currently treating Medicaid patients who are in need of nursing facility care may consider PACE as an option. Hospital discharge planners may also identify suitable candidates for referral to PACE as an alternative to a nursing facility. (Refer to the Directory Appendix for PACE contact information.)

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SECTION 3 - ELIGIBILITY AND ENROLLMENT

3.1 ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS

To be eligible for PACE enrollment, applicants must meet the following requirements:

- Be age 55 years or older.

- Meet applicable Medicaid financial eligibility requirements. (Eligibility determinations will be made by the Michigan Department of Health and Human Services (MDHHS).)
- Reside in the PACE organization's service area.
- Be capable of safely residing in the community without jeopardizing health or safety while receiving services offered by the PACE organization.
- Receive a comprehensive assessment of participant needs by an interdisciplinary team.
- A determination of functional/medical eligibility based upon the online version of the Michigan Medicaid Nursing Facility Level of Care Determination (LOCD) that was conducted online within fourteen (14) calendar days from the date of enrollment into the PACE organization.
- Be provided timely and accurate information to support Informed Choice for all appropriate Medicaid options for Long Term Care.
- Not concurrently enrolled in the MI Choice program.
- Not concurrently enrolled in an HMO.

3.2 COMPLETION OF THE MEDICAID NURSING FACILITY LOC DETERMINATION

A PACE applicant's eligibility for coverage of nursing facility services and enrollment in the PACE organization is determined by the online application of the Michigan Medicaid Nursing Facility Level of Care Determination (LOCD). The PACE organization will not be reimbursed for nursing facility services rendered when the applicant is determined not to meet the LOCD criteria. Providers must submit the LOCD information into its online version no later than fourteen (14) calendar days following the start of services. Instructions and required forms related to the completion of the Medicaid Nursing Facility Level of Care Determination are available on the MDHHS website. (Refer to the Directory Appendix for website information.)

The LOCD must be completed by a health professional (physician, registered nurse, licensed practical nurse, clinical social worker (BSW or MSW), or physician assistant) representing the proposed provider. Nonclinical staff may perform the evaluation when clinical oversight by a professional is performed. The PACE organization will be held responsible for enrolling only those participants who meet the criteria outlined in this section.

The Michigan Medicaid Nursing Facility Level of Care Determination must be completed using the online version in the following situations:

- all new enrollments of Medicaid-eligible beneficiaries.
- re-enrollment of Medicaid-eligible beneficiaries.
- significant change in condition of a current PACE Medicaid-eligible beneficiary.

The online LOCD must be completed only once for each admission or readmission to the program.

*MPM, July 1, 2024 version
PACE Chapter, pages 1-4*

Moreover, regarding the required LOCD referenced in the above policy, the MPM also states in part:

SECTION 1 — GENERAL INFORMATION

The Michigan Department of Health and Human Services (MDHHS) is required to assess all individuals seeking Medicaid-funded long-term services and supports (LTSS) that require level of care eligibility to determine their functional need for those services. The determination is an essential component of eligibility for services provided in nursing facilities, the MI Choice Waiver Program, the Program of All-Inclusive Care for the Elderly (PACE), and the MI Health Link Home and Community Based Services (HCBS) Waiver Program. Policies contained herein apply equally and consistently to each of these programs except as noted.

MDHHS uses a standard assessment and process for all programs and services that require an individual meet the nursing facility level of care. Programs may not use any other assessment in place of the Level of Care Determination (LOCD) tool for this determination. The LOCD assures a consistent and reliable process for determining that individuals meet the functional eligibility requirements.

Providers may access the LOCD online in the Community Health Automated Medicaid Processing System (CHAMPS) through the MILogin application. (Refer to the Directory Appendix for website information.) LOCD assessment data is entered and processed in CHAMPS.

The LOCD is a "point in time" assessment; that is, it determines the individual's functional eligibility at the time of the assessment. MDHHS assumes that beneficiaries will maintain functional eligibility until they are determined otherwise through a reassessment or the LOCD's End Date. An LOCD is an in-person meeting between the qualified and licensed health professional and the individual seeking functional eligibility.

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SECTION 3 - NURSING FACILITY LEVEL OF CARE DETERMINATION PROCESS

3.1 LOCD ASSESSMENT REQUIREMENT FOR REIMBURSEMENT

The LOCD must be conducted prior to or on the day of an individual's admission to a nursing facility or enrollment in MI Choice Waiver Program, PACE, or MI Health Link HCBS Waiver Program to ensure reimbursement for a Medicaid eligible beneficiary. The LOCD must be conducted in person by a qualified and licensed health professional. The qualified and licensed health professional conducting the LOCD or a designated employee of the organization must enter the assessment findings online in the CHAMPS system. Except where otherwise noted, only LOCDs entered in CHAMPS are considered valid for establishing functional eligibility.

The LOCD is considered payable when all the following conditions are met:

- the beneficiary meets LOCD criteria;
- the LOCD is entered online in CHAMPS;
- the LOCD is active on the date of service (meaning the date of service is on or after the LOCD Start Date and before the LOCD End Date); and
- the beneficiary is receiving LTSS and meets all program-specific eligibility criteria.

3.2 PERSONS AUTHORIZED TO CONDUCT THE LOCD

A qualified and licensed health professional must be a physician, registered nurse, licensed practical nurse, licensed social worker (Limited License Bachelor of Social Work, Limited License Master Social Worker, Licensed Bachelor Social Worker, or Licensed Master Social Worker), physician's assistant, nurse practitioner, licensed psychologist, physical therapist, respiratory therapist, occupational therapist or speech therapist. Once the LOCD is completed by a qualified and licensed health professional, a clinical or non-clinical staff person may enter the LOCD information in CHAMPS. When the LOCD data are entered, CHAMPS applies the MDHHS algorithm to determine eligibility.

3.3 INITIAL LOCD ASSESSMENT

The LOCD must be conducted in person by a qualified and licensed health professional (as defined in the Persons Authorized to Conduct the LOCD subsection) before the provider is eligible for Medicaid reimbursement for services rendered to the beneficiary. The LOCD must be conducted prior to or on the day of admission or enrollment. The LOCD assessment findings for all LOCDs conducted, including Door 0 (zero), which indicate the individual does not meet LOCD criteria must be entered online in CHAMPS. (LOCD Doors are described in the Nursing Facility Level of Care Determination Criteria section.)

3.7 ONGOING FUNCTIONAL ELIGIBILITY

Medicaid LTSS providers are required to ensure the individual continues to meet eligibility requirements on an ongoing basis. The functional eligibility that is assessed by the LOCD is one of the eligibility requirements. Therefore, Medicaid LTSS providers must ensure that individuals meet LOCD criteria on an ongoing basis. The LTSS provider is responsible for conducting a new LOCD if there is a significant change in the beneficiary's condition. When a provider possesses information that a beneficiary may no longer meet eligibility, the provider must conduct an in person reassessment. Such information may come in the form of progress notes, routine assessments, staff observations, or any other documentation that might call into question the continued functional eligibility of the beneficiary.

* * *

3.8.D. NEED TO CONDUCT A NEW LOCD

For the Doors that the passive determination is unable to assess, the provider must conduct an in-person LOCD prior to the current LOCD End Date. The provider must conduct a new LOCD prior to the End Date and enter it in CHAMPS within 14 days of the conducted date.

When the passive redetermination applies but the process cannot confirm eligibility based upon MDS or iHC assessment data, CHAMPS will create a LOCD Door 87 with an End Date 45 days from the date that record is loaded in CHAMPS, or until the current End Date, whichever is earlier. When the passive redetermination process continuously confirms that the beneficiary meets LOCD criteria, it is possible that the beneficiary will not require another in-person LOCD because the passive redetermination process confirms LOCD eligibility and creates a new LOCD with a new 365-day End Date. In addition, providers must conduct an in-person LOCD when there is a significant change in the beneficiary's condition, as defined by the program.

SECTION 4 - NURSING FACILITY LEVEL OF CARE DETERMINATION CRITERIA

The Michigan Nursing Facility Level of Care Determination criteria includes seven domains of need, called Doors. The Doors include: (1) Activities of Daily Living; (2) Cognitive Performance; (3) Physician Involvement; (4) Treatments and Conditions; (5) Skilled Rehabilitation Therapies; (6) Behaviors; and (7) Service Dependency. The Doors and the assessment items are listed below. Guidance on administering the LOCD, including definitions and methods, is provided in the Michigan Medicaid Nursing Facility Level of Care Determination Field Definition Guidelines.

The LOCD should be an accurate reflection of an individual's current functional status. This information is gathered in an in-person meeting by speaking to the individual and those who know the individual well, observing the individual's activities, and reviewing an individual's medical documentation. Refer to the Michigan Medicaid Nursing Facility Level of Care Determination Field Definition Guidelines on the MDHHS website for more information. (Refer to the Directory Appendix for website information.)

4.1 DOOR 1: ACTIVITIES OF DAILY LIVING

Door 1 assesses four ADLs: (1) Bed Mobility; (2) Transfers; (3) Toilet Use; and (4) Eating.

4.2 DOOR 2: COGNITIVE PERFORMANCE

Door 2 assesses short-term memory, cognitive skills for daily decision-making and making self-understood.

4.3 DOOR 3: PHYSICIAN INVOLVEMENT

Door 3 assesses the frequency of physician visits and physician order changes.

4.4 DOOR 4: TREATMENTS AND CONDITIONS

Door 4 assesses a set of nine treatments and conditions that may be a predictor of potential frailty or increased health risk. The treatments and conditions include: Stage 3-4 Pressure Sores; Intravenous or Parenteral Feeding; Intravenous Medications; End-stage Care; Daily

Tracheostomy Care, Daily Respiratory Care, Daily Suctioning; Pneumonia within the Last 14 Days; Daily Oxygen Therapy; Daily Insulin with Two Order Changes in the Last 14 Days; and Peritoneal or Hemodialysis.

4.5 DOOR 5: SKILLED REHABILITATION THERAPIES

Door 5 assesses the presence of rehabilitation interventions, including physical therapy, occupational therapy, and speech therapy.

4.6 DOOR 6: BEHAVIOR

Door 6 assesses behavioral challenges. It includes five behavioral symptoms: wandering, verbal abuse, physical abuse, socially inappropriate or disruptive behavior, and resistance to care. Door 6 also assesses for the presence of delusions and hallucinations.

4.7 DOOR 7: SERVICE DEPENDENCY

Door 7 applies to beneficiaries currently receiving other services and supports in nursing facilities, MI Choice, PACE, or the MI Health Link HCBS Waiver program. It assesses the beneficiary's dependence on services to maintain the current level of functioning and whether there are options for maintaining the level of functioning with services and supports available in the community.

4.8 DOOR 8: FRAILITY

MDHHS or its designee determined that the beneficiary is eligible for Medicaid LTSS services based upon the Frailty Criteria. Individuals who exhibit certain behaviors and treatment characteristics that indicate frailty may be admitted or enrolled to LTSS programs requiring an LOCD. The individual needs to trigger one element of this criteria to be considered for Frailty. Refer to the Michigan Medicaid Nursing Facility Level of Care Determination Exception Process on the MDHHS website for more information. (Refer to the Directory Appendix for website information.) For the MI Health Link program, the Frailty Criteria are applied by the Integrated Care Organization.

4.9 DOOR 0: INELIGIBLE

The LOCD was conducted and the beneficiary did not meet the criteria for any of the doors. The beneficiary is not eligible for Medicaid LTSS services at this time. (Refer to the Individual Does Not Meet LOCD Criteria, Action Notices, and Appeal Rights section for additional information.)

*MPM, July 1, 2024 version
Nursing Facility LOCD Chapter
Pages 1, 3-10*

A LOCD is therefore mandated for all Medicaid-reimbursed admissions to PACE.

The August 15, 2024, LOCD was the basis for the action at issue in this case. To be found eligible for PACE coverage the Petitioner must have met the requirements of at least one door:

Scoring Door 1: The applicant must score at least six points to qualify under Door 1.

(A) Bed Mobility, (B) Transfers, and (C) Toilet Use:

- Independent or Supervision = 1
- Limited Assistance = 3
- Extensive Assistance or Total Dependence = 4
- Activity Did Not Occur = 8

(D) Eating:

- Independent or Supervision = 1
- Limited Assistance = 2
- Extensive Assistance or Total Dependence = 3
- Activity Did Not Occur = 8

* * *

Scoring Door 2: The applicant must score under one of the following three options to qualify under Door 2.

1. "Severely Impaired" in Decision Making.
2. "Yes" for Memory Problem, and Decision Making is "Moderately Impaired" or "Severely Impaired."
3. "Yes" for Memory Problem, and Making Self Understood is "Sometimes Understood" or "Rarely/Never Understood."

* * *

Scoring Door 3: The applicant must meet either of the following to qualify under Door 3

1. At least one Physician Visit exam AND at least four Physician Order changes in the last 14 days, OR
2. At least two Physician Visit exams AND at least two Physician Order changes in the last 14 days.

* * *

Scoring Door 4: The applicant must score "yes" in at least one of the nine categories and have a continuing need to qualify under Door 4.

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Scoring Door 5: The applicant must have required at least 45 minutes of active ST, OT or PT (scheduled or delivered) in the last 7 days and continues to require skilled rehabilitation therapies to qualify under Door 5.

* * *

Scoring Door 6: The applicant must score under one of the following 2 options to qualify under Door 6.

1. A "Yes" for either delusions or hallucinations within the last 7 days.
2. The applicant must have exhibited any one of the following behaviors for at least 4 of the last 7 days (including daily): Wandering, Verbally Abusive, Physically Abusive, Socially Inappropriate/Disruptive, or Resisted Care.

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Scoring Door 7: The applicant must be a current participant, demonstrate service dependency, and meet all three criteria [participant for at least one consecutive year (no break in coverage); requires ongoing services to maintain current functional status; no other community,

residential, or informal services are available to meet the applicant's needs] to qualify under Door 7.

*Michigan Medicaid Nursing Facility
Level of Care Determination Field Definition Guidelines
Pages 6-16*

Here, Respondent determined that Petitioner did not pass through any of the above doors in the August 15, 2024 LOCD, and that she was therefore ineligible for PACE.

In appealing that decision, Petitioner bears the burden of proving by a preponderance of evidence that Respondent erred. Moreover, the undersigned Administrative Law Judge is limited to reviewing the decision in light of the information that was available at the time the decision was made.

Given the available information and applicable policies in this case, Petitioner has failed to meet her burden of proof, and Respondent's decision must therefore be affirmed, as the facts in this case reflect that Petitioner did not pass through any of the doors of the LOCD.

For example, there is no evidence that, at the time of the LOCD in this case, Petitioner needed sufficient assistance with the specific tasks identified in Door 1. Petitioner herself also did not identify any such need during her testimony,

With respect to Door 2, Petitioner did testify that she has a short-term memory problem and needs to write things down in order to remember and coordinate her schedule, with Petitioner getting anxious in new situations, but that still insufficient to pass through Door 2. It is undisputed that Petitioner passed a Mini-Mental State Examination and, even if she has a memory problem, she was clearly able to make herself understood during the hearing and her cognitive skills for daily decision-making appear to only be modified-independent, given how she organizes her daily routines and makes safe decisions by herself.

Moreover, nothing suggests that, during the relevant look-back periods, that Petitioner's medical conditions, or the effects of those conditions, met the criteria for passing through Doors 4, or 6.

Similarly, there is also no evidence that any treatment Petitioner received met the criteria required by Doors 3, 4, 5 or 6.

Additionally, Petitioner has not been receiving other services and supports in nursing facilities, MI Choice, PACE, or the MI Health Link HCBS Waiver program for over a year, and she does not pass through Door 7.

Moreover, Petitioner's identified needs, most of which related to issues with her housing situation or need for transportation, do not trigger any of the frailty exception criteria in

Door 8.

To the extent that Petitioner's circumstances have changed, or she has additional information to provide, she can always reapply for PACE services in the future along with that new or updated information. With respect to the decision at issue in this case, however, Respondent's must be affirmed given the available information and applicable policies.

DECISION AND ORDER

The Administrative Law Judge, based on the above Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, decides that Respondent properly denied Petitioner's request for enrollment in PACE.

IT IS, THEREFORE, ORDERED that:

Respondent's decision is **AFFIRMED**.