

GRETCHEN WHITMER GOVERNOR

STATE OF MICHIGAN DEPARTMENT OF LICENSING AND REGULATORY AFFAIRS MICHIGAN OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS AND RULES SUZANNE SONNEBORN EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

MARLON I. BROWN, DPA DIRECTOR



Date Mailed: July 30, 2024 MOAHR Docket No.: 24-006359

Agency No.: Petitioner:

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: Christian Gardocki

HEARING DECISION

Following Petitioner's request for a hearing, this matter is before the undersigned administrative law judge pursuant to MCL 400.9 and 400.37; 7 CFR 273.15 to 273.18; 42 CFR 431.200 to 431.250; 42 CFR 438.400 to 438.424; 45 CFR 99.1 to 99.33; and 45 CFR 205.10; and Mich Admin Code, R 792.11002. After due notice, a hearing was held via telephone conference on July 24, 2024. Petitioner participated and was unrepresented. The Michigan Department of Health and Human Services (MDHHS) was represented by Rodney Turner, supervisor.

ISSUE

The issue is whether MDHHS properly determined Petitioner's Medical Assistance (MA) eligibility.

FINDINGS OF FACT

The administrative law judge, based on the competent, material, and substantial evidence on the whole record, finds as material fact:

- 1. As of March 2024, Petitioner was disabled, at least 19 years of age, a Medicare recipient, not a caretaker to minor children, unmarried, and not pregnant.
- 2. As of March 2024, Petitioner was an ongoing recipient of MA benefits.
- 3. As of March 2024, Petitioner received gross monthly Retirement, Survivors and Disability Insurance (RSDI) of \$1,545.
- On April 22, 2024, MDHHS determined Petitioner was eligible for MA benefits subject to a \$1,102 monthly deductible beginning March 2024 and a \$1,150 beginning April 2024.

5. On May 28, 2024, Petitioner requested a hearing to dispute the determination of MA benefits.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

The MA program is established by Title XIX of the Social Security Act, 42 USC 1396-1396w-5; 42 USC 1315; the Affordable Care Act of 2010, the collective term for the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act, Pub. L. No. 111-148, as amended by the Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010, Pub. L. No. 111-152; and 42 CFR 430.10-.25. MDHHS administers the MA program pursuant to 42 CFR 435, MCL 400.10, and MCL 400.105-.112k. MA policies are contained in the Bridges Administrative Manual (BAM), Bridges Eligibility Manual (BEM), and Reference Tables Manual (RFT).

Petitioner requested a hearing to dispute a determination of MA eligibility. Exhibit A, p. 12. A Health Care Coverage Determination Notice dated April 22, 2024, stated that Petitioner was eligible for Medicaid subject to a monthly deductible of \$1,102 beginning March 2024. Exhibit A, pp. 7-9.

Medicaid is also known as MA. BEM 105 (October 2023) p. 1. The MA program includes several sub-programs or categories. *Id.* To receive MA under a Supplemental Security Income (SSI)-related category, the person must be aged (65 or older), blind, disabled, entitled to Medicare or formerly blind or disabled. *Id.* Medicaid eligibility for children under 19, parents or caretakers of children, pregnant or recently pregnant women, former foster children, MOMS, MIChild and Healthy Michigan Plan is based on Modified Adjusted Gross Income (MAGI) methodology.² *Id.*

Persons may qualify under more than one MA category. *Id.*, p. 2. Federal law gives them the right to the most beneficial category. *Id.* The most beneficial category is the one that results in eligibility, the least amount of excess income or the lowest cost share. *Id.*

MA categories are also split into categories of Group 1 and Group 2. *Id.*, p. 1. For Group 1, a group's net income must be at or below a certain income level for eligibility. *Id.* AD-Care is a Group 1 category.

As of the disputed benefit month, Petitioner was disabled, at least 19 years of age, not pregnant, a Medicare recipient, and not a caretaker to minor children. Given the circumstances, Petitioner is ineligible for all MAGI-related categories. As a disabled and/or aged individual, Petitioner is only potentially eligible to receive Group 1 MA under the SSI-related category of Aged/Disability-Care (AD-Care). BEM 163 outlines the procedures for determining income eligibility under AD-Care.

¹ MDHHS also determined that Petitioner's deductible increased to \$1,150 beginning April 2024.

² Eligibility factors for all MA categories are found in the Bridges Eligibility Manual from BEM 105 through BEM 174.

At all relevant times, Petitioner was without minor children and did not reside with a spouse. For purposes of AD-Care, Petitioner's group size is one. BEM 211 (July 2019) p. 8.

As of the disputed benefit month, Petitioner received gross monthly RSDI of \$1,545. Generally, MDHHS counts the gross amount of RSDI in determining Medicaid eligibility.³ BEM 503 (January 2023) p. 29. Petitioner's countable income for AD-Care is \$1,545.

For SSI-Related MA categories, MDHHS is to apply the deductions allowed in BEM 541 for adults. BEM 163 (July 2017) p. 2. A \$20 disregard is given for unearned income. BEM 541 (July 2019) p. 3. Subtracting the \$20 disregard results in countable income of \$1,525.

MDHHS gives AD-Care budget credits for employment income, guardianship expenses, and/or conservator expenses. Cost of living adjustments (COLA) are applicable for the benefit months of January through March only. BEM 503 (January 2019) p. 29. A COLA of \$48 is applicable to the deductible calculation for March 2024 resulting in the difference in the deductible between March and April. No other expenses were relevant.

Net income for AD-Care cannot exceed 100% of the federal poverty level. BEM 163 (July 2017) p. 2. In 2024, the annual federal poverty level for a 1-person group residing in Michigan is \$15,060.⁴ Dividing the annual amount by 12 results in a monthly income limit of \$1,255. The same income limit is found in policy.⁵ RFT 242 (April 2024) p. 1. Petitioner's countable income of \$1,525 exceeds the AD-Care income limit. Thus, MDHHS properly determined Petitioner to be ineligible for MA under AD-Care or any other unlimited-coverage Group 1 categories.⁶

Though Petitioner is ineligible for MA benefits under AD-Care or any other Group 1 category, Petitioner may still receive MA under a Group 2 category. For Group 2 categories, eligibility is possible even when net income exceeds the income limit for a Group 1 category; this is possible because incurred medical expenses are used when determining eligibility. BEM 105 (January 2023) p. 1. Group 2 categories are considered a limited MA benefit because a deductible is possible. *Id.* For aged/disabled persons, G2S is the applicable Group 2 MA category (see BEM 166).

³ Exceptions to counting gross RSDI include the following: certain former SSI recipients (e.g., disabled-adult children, 503 individuals, and early widowers), retroactive RSDI benefits, Medicare premium refunds, fee deductions made by qualified organizations acting as payee, and "returned benefits" (see BAM 500). No exceptions were applicable to the present case.

⁴ https://aspe.hhs.gov/topics/poverty-economic-mobility/poverty-guidelines

⁵ MDHHS policy lists an income limit of \$1,275 while noting that the \$20 disregard is already factored.

⁶ Petitioner appears potentially eligible for Plan First which is a limited coverage that covers only family planning services. Because Petitioner did not express interest in family planning services, Plan First eligibility was not considered.

Clients with a deductible may receive MA if sufficient allowable medical expenses are incurred.⁷ BEM 545 (April 2018), p. 11. Each calendar month is a separate deductible period. *Id.* The fiscal group's monthly excess income is called the deductible amount. *Id.* Meeting a deductible means reporting and verifying allowable medical expenses that equal or exceed the deductible amount for the calendar month. *Id.*

Petitioner's gross countable income of \$1,545 is unchanged for G2S. The G2S budget allows a \$20 disregard for unearned income and various employment income disregards. The G2S budget also factors ongoing medical expenses (which are applied toward a deductible), insurance premiums, and remedial services. No disregards or credits were applicable.

A client's deductible is calculated by subtracting the protected income level (PIL) from the client's net income. A PIL is a standard allowance for non-medical need items such as shelter, food, and incidental expenses. The PIL for Petitioner's shelter area and group size is \$375. RFT 240 (December 2013) p. 1.

Subtracting the PIL (\$375) and \$20 disregard from Petitioner's countable income results in a monthly deductible of \$1,150 beginning April 2024; MDHHS calculated the same deductible. Exhibit A, p. 12.

Petitioner testified she worked in the health field for most of her life. Petitioner also testified she spends \$900 monthly on food, meds, supplements, transportation without factoring in other expenses such as housing and utilities. Petitioner additionally testified that she has rare diseases which need regular medical attention and will cause significant bills without Medicaid eligibility. Petitioner's testimony was wholly sincere but has no bearing on income eligibility. Given the evidence, MDHHS properly determined Petitioner's MA eligibility beginning September 2023.

DECISION AND ORDER

The administrative law judge, based upon the above findings of fact and conclusions of law, finds that MDHHS properly determined Petitioner to be eligible for Medicaid subject to a \$1,150 monthly deductible beginning April 2024. The actions of MDHHS are **AFFIRMED**.

CG/nr

Christian Gardocki
Administrative Law Judge

⁷ Clients should be aware that medical expenses need only be incurred, and not necessarily paid, to meet a deductible/spenddown.

NOTICE OF APPEAL: A party may appeal this Order in circuit court within 30 days of the receipt date. A copy of the circuit court appeal must be filed with the Michigan Office of Administrative Hearings and Rules (MOAHR).

A party may request a rehearing or reconsideration of this Order if the request is received by MOAHR within 30 days of the date the Order was issued. The party requesting a rehearing or reconsideration must provide the specific reasons for the request. MOAHR will not review any response to a request for rehearing/reconsideration.

A written request may be mailed or faxed to MOAHR. If submitted by fax, the written request must be faxed to (517) 763-0155; Attention: MOAHR Rehearing/Reconsideration Request.

If submitted by mail, the written request must be addressed as follows:

Michigan Office of Administrative Hearings and Rules Reconsideration/Rehearing Request P.O. Box 30639 Lansing, Michigan 48909-8139

Via-Electronic Mail: DHHS

Jeanenne Broadnax Wayne-Taylor-DHHS 25637 Ecorse Rd. Taylor, MI 48180

MDHHS-Wayne-18-Hearings@michigan.gov

Interested Parties

BSC4

M. Schaefer

EQAD MOAHR

Via-First Class Mail : Petitioner

