



STATE OF MICHIGAN

GRETCHEN WHITMER
GOVERNOR

DEPARTMENT OF LICENSING AND REGULATORY AFFAIRS
MICHIGAN OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS AND RULES

MARLON I. BROWN, DPA
ACTING DIRECTOR

[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]

Date Mailed: October 25, 2023
MOAHR Docket No.: 23-003163
Agency No.: [REDACTED]
Petitioner: OIG
Respondent: [REDACTED] [REDACTED]

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: Kevin Scully

HEARING DECISION FOR INTENTIONAL PROGRAM VIOLATION

Upon the request for a hearing by the Department of Health and Human Services (Department), this matter is before the undersigned Administrative Law Judge pursuant to MCL 400.9, and in accordance with Titles 7, 42 and 45 of the Code of Federal Regulation (CFR), particularly 7 CFR 273.16, and with Mich Admin Code, R 400.3130, and R 400.3178. After due notice, a telephone hearing was held on October 10, 2023, from Lansing, Michigan. The Department was represented by Stephanie Picca, Regulation Agent of the Office of Inspector General (OIG). Respondent did not appear at the hearing, and it was held in Respondent's absence pursuant to 7 CFR 273.16(e), Mich Admin Code R 400.3130(5), or Mich Admin Code R 400.3178(5).

ISSUES

1. Did Respondent receive an overissuance (OI) of Food Assistance Program (FAP) benefits that the Department is entitled to recoup?
2. Did the Department establish by clear and convincing evidence that Respondent committed an Intentional Program Violation (IPV)?
3. Should Respondent be disqualified from the Food Assistance Program (FAP)?

FINDINGS OF FACT

The Administrative Law Judge, based on the competent, material, and substantial evidence on the whole record, finds as material fact:

1. On an application for assistance dated June [REDACTED] 2021, Respondent acknowledged her duties and responsibilities including the duty to report changes of employment status and increases of all household income. Respondent did not have an apparent physical or mental impairment that would limit the understanding or ability to fulfill this requirement. Exhibit A, pp 9-15.

2. Respondent reported on her June █ 2021, application for assistance that she was employed. Exhibit A, p 13.
3. Department records indicate that on July █ 2021, during an eligibility interview, Respondent reported that an adult member of her household had recently lost his employment. Exhibit A, pp 16-19.
4. On July █ 2021, the Department notified Respondent that she was eligible for Food Assistance Program (FAP) benefits as a household of three receiving earned income in the gross monthly amount of \$█ and that she was required to report if household income exceeded \$2,353 per month. Exhibit A, pp 20-27.
5. On a Semi-Annual Contact Report received by the Department on December █ 2021, Respondent acknowledged her duties and responsibilities including the duty to report changes of household income. Respondent did not have an apparent physical or mental impairment that would limit the understanding or ability to fulfill this requirement. Exhibit A, pp 28-30.
6. Respondent certified that the statements on her December █ 2021, Semi-Annual Contact Report form here true and correct to the best of her knowledge. Exhibit A, p 30.
7. Respondent reported on her December █ 2021, Semi-Annual Contact Report that her household income had not changed by more than \$100 from the \$█ that was being applied towards her eligibility for ongoing Food Assistance Program (FAP) benefits. Exhibit A, pp 28-30.
8. Respondent was employed and received earned income from June 3, 2021, through June 30, 2022. Exhibit A, pp 31-32.
9. Respondent failed to report that an adult member of her household was employed and received earned income from October 7, 2021, through June 30, 2022. Exhibit A, pp 33-34
10. Respondent received Food Assistance Program (FAP) benefits totaling \$█ from December 1, 2021, through June 30, 2022. Exhibit A, pp 50-51.
11. The Department's OIG filed a hearing request on June 7, 2023, to establish that Respondent committed an Intentional Program Violation (IPV). Exhibit A, p 3.
12. On June █ 2023, the Department sent Respondent an Intentional Program Violation Repayment Agreement (DHS-4350) with notice of a \$█ overpayment. Exhibit A, pp 50-51.
13. On June █ 2023, the Department sent Respondent a Request for Waiver of Disqualification Hearing (DHS-826). Exhibit A, pp 55-56.
14. This was Respondent's first established IPV.

15. A notice of hearing was mailed to Respondent at the last known address and was not returned by the United States Postal Service as undeliverable.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

Department policies are contained in the Department of Health and Human Services Bridges Administrative Manual (BAM), Department of Health and Human Services Bridges Eligibility Manual (BEM), Department of Health and Human Services Reference Tables Manual (RFT), and Department of Health and Human Services Emergency Relief Manual (ERM).

The Food Assistance Program (FAP) is funded under the federal Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) established by the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008, as amended, 7 USC 2011 through 7 USC 2036a. It is implemented by the federal regulations contained in 7 CFR 273. The Department administers FAP pursuant to MCL 400.10 of the Social Welfare Act, MCL 400.1 *et seq*, and Mich Admin Code, R 400.3001 through 400.3011.

The Department's OIG requests IPV hearings for the following cases:

- FAP trafficking OIs that are not forwarded to the prosecutor.
- Prosecution of welfare fraud or FAP trafficking is declined by the prosecutor for a reason other than lack of evidence, and
 - the total OI amount for the FIP, SDA, CDC, MA and FAP programs is \$500 or more, or
 - the total OI amount is less than \$500, and
 - the group has a previous IPV, or
 - the alleged IPV involves FAP trafficking, or
 - the alleged fraud involves concurrent receipt of assistance (see BEM 222), or
 - the alleged fraud is committed by a state/government employee.

Department of Health and Human Services Bridges Administrative Manual BAM 720 (October 1, 2017), pp 12-13.

Overissuance

An “overissuance” is an amount owed because of benefits that are overpaid, which the Department must establish and collect. 7 CFR 273.18(a). When a client group receives more benefits than it is entitled to receive, the Department must attempt to recoup the overissuance. Department of Human Services Bridges Administrative Manual (BAM) 700 (October 1, 2018), p 1.

Clients must report changes in circumstance that potentially affect eligibility or benefit amount within 10 days of receiving the first payment reflecting the change. Changes that must be reported include changes of employment status and all household income. Department of Health and Human Services Bridges Administrative Manual (BAM) 105 (October 1, 2023), p 12. The Department will act on a change reported by means other than a tape match within 15 workdays after becoming aware of the change, except that the Department will act on a change other than a tape match within 10 days of becoming aware of the change. Department of Health and Human Services Bridges Administrative Manual (BAM) 220 (October 1, 2023), p 7. A pended negative action occurs when a negative action requires timely notice based on the eligibility rules in this item. Timely notice means that the action taken by the department is effective at least 12 calendar days following the date of the department’s action. BAM 220, p 12.

On an application for assistance dated June ■■■ 2021, Respondent acknowledged the duty to report changes of employment status and increases of household income. Respondent did not have an apparent physical or mental impairment that would limit the understanding or ability to fulfill this requirement. On July ■■■ 2021, the Department notified Respondent that she was eligible for FAP benefits as a household of three receiving earned income totaling \$■■■■ and that she should report if her household income exceeded \$2,353.

Respondent failed to report that an adult member of her household started employment and received earned income from October 7, 2021, through June 30, 2022. If Respondent had reported this additional income coming into the household starting on October 7, 2021, the Department would have redetermined her eligibility for ongoing FAP benefits by the first benefits period after November 8, 2021.

Respondent received FAP benefits totaling \$■■■■ from December 1, 2021, through June 30, 2022. If Respondent had reported all household income in a timely manner, she would not have been eligible for any FAP benefits during that time based on the household’s income. Therefore, Respondent received a \$■■■■ overissuance of FAP benefits.

Intentional Program Violation

An IPV requires that the Department establish by clear and convincing evidence that the client has intentionally withheld or misrepresented information for the purpose of establishing, maintaining, increasing, or preventing reduction of program benefits or eligibility. BAM 720, p. 1; see also 7 CFR 273.16(e)(6).

The Department has the burden of establishing by clear and convincing evidence that Respondent committed an Intentional Program Violation (IPV). The clear and convincing evidence standard, which is the most demanding standard applied in civil cases, is established where there is evidence so clear, direct, and weighty and convincing that a conclusion can be drawn without hesitancy of the truth of the precise facts in issue. *Smith v Anonymous Joint Enterprise*, 487 Mich 102; 793 NW2d 533 (2010), reh den 488 Mich 860; 793 NW2d 559 (2010).

Clear and convincing proof is that which produces in the mind of the trier of fact a firm belief or conviction as to the truth of the precise facts in issue. Evidence may be uncontroverted and yet not be clear and convincing. Conversely, evidence may be clear and convincing even if contradicted. *Id.*

Respondent acknowledged the duties and responsibilities of receiving FAP benefits on an application for assistance dated June [REDACTED] 2021. Respondent did not have an apparent physical or mental impairment that would limit the understanding or ability to fulfill this requirement. It is the Department's practice to provide pamphlet material to eligible FAP recipients advising them of their duty to report changes of employment status and increases of earned income. The hearing record supports a finding that Respondent was provided with notice that she was required to report increases of household income.

On July [REDACTED] 2021, the Department notified Respondent that she was eligible based on her earned income in the gross monthly amount of \$[REDACTED] and that she should report if household income exceeded \$2,353.

Respondent failed to report when an adult member of her household started employment and received earned income from October 7, 2021, through June 30, 2022. If Respondent had reported this increase of household income in a timely manner, the Department would have redetermined her eligibility for ongoing FAP benefits by the first benefit period after November 8, 2021. Instead of truthfully reporting her household income, Respondent reported on December [REDACTED] 2021, that her household income had not changed by more than \$100 from the \$[REDACTED] being used to determine the household's eligibility for ongoing FAP benefits. Respondent actual household income exceeded the limit to remain eligible for any FAP benefits.

This Administrative Law Judge finds that the Department has presented clear and convincing evidence that Respondent intentionally withheld reported her household income in a timely manner for the purposes of maintaining her eligibility for FAP benefits that she would not have been eligible for otherwise.

Disqualification

A court or hearing decision that finds a client committed IPV disqualifies that client from receiving program benefits. BAM 720, p. 15-16. A disqualified recipient remains a member of an active group if the disqualified person lives with them, and other eligible group members may continue to receive benefits. BAM 720, p. 16.

Clients who commit an IPV are disqualified for a standard disqualification period except when a court orders a different period, or except when the OI relates to MA. BAM 720, p. 13. Department of Health and Human Services Bridges Administrative Manual (BAM) BAM 710 (January 1, 2018), p. 2. Clients are disqualified for periods of one year for the first IPV, two years for the second IPV, lifetime disqualification for the third IPV, and ten years for a FAP concurrent receipt of benefits. BAM 720, p. 16.

The record evidence indicates that this is Respondent's first established IPV violation.

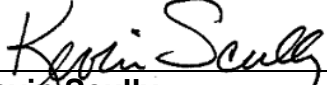
The Department has established an Intentional Program Violation (IPV).

DECISION AND ORDER

The Administrative Law Judge, based upon the above Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, and for the reasons stated on the record, if any, concludes that:

1. The Department has established by clear and convincing evidence that Respondent committed an Intentional Program Violation (IPV).
2. Respondent did receive an overissuance of Food Assistance Program (FAP) benefits in the amount of \$[REDACTED]
3. The Department is ORDERED to initiate recoupment procedures for the amount of \$[REDACTED] in accordance with Department policy.
4. It is FURTHER ORDERED that Respondent be disqualified from the Food Assistance Program (FAP) for a period of 12 months.

KS/dm



Kevin Scully
Administrative Law Judge
Michigan Office of Administrative Hearings
and Rules (MOAHR)

NOTICE OF APPEAL: A party may appeal this Order in circuit court within 30 days of the receipt date. A copy of the circuit court appeal must be filed with the Michigan Office of Administrative Hearings and Rules (MOAHR).

A party may request a rehearing or reconsideration of this Order if the request is received by MOAHR within 30 days of the date the Order was issued. The party requesting a rehearing or reconsideration must provide the specific reasons for the request. MOAHR will not review any response to a request for rehearing/reconsideration.

A written request may be mailed or faxed to MOAHR. If submitted by fax, the written request must be faxed to (517) 763-0155; Attention: MOAHR Rehearing/Reconsideration Request.

If submitted by mail, the written request must be addressed as follows:

Michigan Office of Administrative Hearings and Rules
Reconsideration/Rehearing Request
P.O. Box 30639
Lansing, Michigan 48909-8139

Via-Electronic Mail :

Petitioner
OIG
**MDHHS-OIG-
HEARINGS@michigan.gov**

DHHS
Heather Williams
Branch County DHHS
**MDHHS-Branch-
Hearings@michigan.gov**

Policy-Recoupment

StebbinsN

MOAHR

Via-First Class Mail :

Respondent

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