GRETCHEN WHITMER GOVERNOR STATE OF MICHIGAN DEPARTMENT OF LICENSING AND REGULATORY AFFAIRS MICHIGAN OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS AND RULES

ORLENE HAWKS DIRECTOR



Date Mailed: January 29, 2020 MOAHR Docket No.: 19-009997 Agency No.: Petitioner: OIG Respondent:

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: John Markey

HEARING DECISION FOR INTENTIONAL PROGRAM VIOLATION

Upon the request for a hearing by the Department of Health and Human Services (Department), this matter is before the undersigned Administrative Law Judge pursuant to MCL 400.9, and in accordance with Titles 7, 42 and 45 of the Code of Federal Regulation (CFR), particularly 7 CFR 273.16, 42 CFR 431.230(b), and 45 CFR 235.110, and with Mich Admin Code, R 400.3130 and 400.3178. After due notice, a telephone hearing was held on January 23, 2020 from Detroit, Michigan. The Department was represented by Ryan Sevenski, Regulation Agent of the Office of Inspector General (OIG). Respondent did not appear at the hearing. The hearing was held in Respondent's absence pursuant to 7 CFR 273.16(e), Mich Admin Code R 400.3130(5), or Mich Admin Code R 400.3178(5). During the hearing, a 52-page packet of documents was offered and admitted into evidence as Exhibit A, pp. 1-52.

ISSUES

- 1. Did the Department establish by clear and convincing evidence that Respondent committed an Intentional Program Violation (IPV) with respect to the Food Assistance Program (FAP)?
- 2. Should Respondent be disqualified from receiving FAP benefits?

FINDINGS OF FACT

The Administrative Law Judge, based on the competent, material, and substantial evidence on the whole record, finds as material fact:

1. On 2017, Respondent submitted to the Department an application for FAP benefits. Exhibit A, pp. 11-29.

- 2. Respondent signed the application, certifying the truth of the information in the application and that he received, read, and understood his rights and responsibilities under the programs. Included in the information Respondent acknowledged receiving was a publication titled Things You Must Do. The Things You Must Do publication informed Respondent that he must be truthful in all his statements to the Department and must report changes to the Department, including change in income and employment, within ten days of the change. Exhibit A, pp. 28-29.
- 3. Respondent's FAP application was approved, and he began receiving monthly FAP benefits, which were calculated on the basis of Respondent having earned income. Exhibit A, pp. 30-33.
- 4. On July 11, 2017, the Department issued to Respondent a Notice of Case Action informing Respondent that his application for FAP benefits was approved. Once again, Respondent was reminded of the responsibility to report changes to the Department within ten days of the change. Exhibit A, pp. 30-33.
- 5. During the week ending August 20, 2017, Respondent began working for **Mathematical** He received his first paycheck on August 24, 2017. Respondent maintained regular employment and earnings from that job through at least sometime in January 2018. Exhibit A, pp. 40-42.
- 6. Respondent never reported his earnings to the Department and continued to receive and utilize the public benefits that were issued to him on the premise of him having no income.
- 7. From October 1, 2017 through January 31, 2018, the Department issued to Respondent in FAP benefits because of Respondent's fraudulent concealment of his household income. Respondent was entitled to receive only \$ of FAP benefits during that period once his fraudulently concealed income is factored into the equation. The Department has already established that Respondent received an overissuance of FAP benefits totaling \$. Exhibit A, pp. 1-9; 43-50.
- 8. On September 20, 2019, the Department's OIG filed a hearing request to establish an IPV with respect to FAP. The Department's OIG requested that Respondent be disqualified from receiving FAP benefits for one year for a first alleged IPV. The Department considers the alleged fraud period to be October 1, 2017 through January 31, 2018. Exhibit A, pp. 1-9.
- 9. A notice of hearing was mailed to Respondent at the last known address and was not returned by the United States Postal Services as undeliverable.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

Department policies are contained in the Department of Health and Human Services Bridges Administrative Manual (BAM), Bridges Eligibility Manual (BEM), Adult Services Manual (ASM), and Reference Tables Manual (RFT).

The Food Assistance Program (FAP) [formerly known as the Food Stamp program] is established by the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008, as amended, 7 USC 2011 to 2036a and is implemented by the federal regulations contained in 7 CFR 273. The Department (formerly known as the Department of Human Services) administers FAP pursuant to MCL 400.10; the Social Welfare Act, MCL 400.1-.119b; and Mich Admin Code, R 400.3001 to .3015.

<u>Overissuance</u>

An overissuance is the amount of benefits issued to the client group in excess of what it was eligible to receive. BAM 700 (October 2016), p. 1; 7 CFR 273.18. When a client group receives more benefits than it is entitled to receive, the Department must attempt to recoup the overissuance. BAM 700, p. 1; 7 CFR 273.18.

In this case, Respondent received more benefits than he was entitled to receive. The Department determined Respondent's eligibility without budgeting Respondent's hidden income, which caused Respondent's income to be understated. When factored into the calculation, the unreported income reduced the amount of FAP benefits that Respondent was eligible to receive. Prior to the hearing in this matter, the Department had already established that Respondent was overissued **_____** of FAP benefits during the fraud period from October 1, 2017 through January 31, 2018.

Intentional Program Violation

The Department's policy in effect at the time of Respondent's alleged IPV defined an IPV as an overissuance in which the following three conditions exist: (1) the client intentionally failed to report information or intentionally gave incomplete or inaccurate information needed to make a correct benefit determination; (2) the client was clearly and correctly instructed regarding his or her reporting responsibilities; and (3) the client has no apparent physical or mental impairment that limits his or her understanding or ability to fulfill his or her reporting responsibilities. BAM 720 (January 2016), p. 1; 7 CFR 273.16(c).

An IPV requires that the Department establish by clear and convincing evidence that the client has intentionally withheld or misrepresented information for the purpose of establishing, maintaining, increasing or preventing reduction of program benefits or eligibility. BAM 720, p. 1; see also 7 CFR 273.16(e)(6). Clear and convincing evidence

is evidence which is so clear, direct, weighty, and convincing that it enables a firm belief as to the truth of the allegations sought to be established. *In re Martin*, 450 Mich 204, 227; 538 NW2d 399 (1995) (citing *In re Jobes*, 108 NJ 394 (1987)).

In this case, the Department has met its burden. Respondent was required to report changes in his circumstances to the Department within 10 days of the date of the change. BAM 105 (April 2016), pp. 11-12. The Department clearly and correctly instructed Respondent to report changes to the Department within 10 days. Respondent failed to report that he obtained new employment with Workbox Staffing at any time during the time he was working there and receiving FAP benefits from the Department. Respondent's failure to report this change to the Department must be considered an intentional misrepresentation to maintain his FAP benefits since Respondent knew or should have known that he was required to report the change to the Department would have caused the Department to reduce or terminate his benefits. Respondent did not have any apparent physical or mental impairment that would limit his understanding or ability to fulfill his reporting requirement.

Disqualification

A client who is found to have committed an IPV by a court or hearing decision is disqualified from receiving program benefits. BAM 720, pp. 15-16; 7 CFR 273.16(b). In general, clients are disqualified for standard disqualification periods of one year for the first IPV, two years for the second IPV, and lifetime for the third IPV. BAM 720, p. 16.

In this case, there is no indication in the record that Respondent was previously found to have committed an IPV related to FAP benefits. Thus, this is Respondent's first IPV related to FAP benefits. Therefore, Respondent is subject to a one-year disqualification from receiving FAP benefits.

DECISION AND ORDER

The Administrative Law Judge, based upon the above Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, and for the reasons stated on the record, if any, concludes that:

- 1. The Department has established by clear and convincing evidence that Respondent committed an IPV with respect to his FAP benefits.
- 2. Respondent is subject to a one-year disqualification from receiving FAP benefits.

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IT IS ORDERED that Respondent shall be disqualified from receiving FAP benefits for a period of one year.

JM/tm

John Markey

Administrative Law Judge for Robert Gordon, Director Department of Health and Human Services

NOTICE OF APPEAL: A party may appeal this Order in circuit court within 30 days of the receipt date. A copy of the circuit court appeal must be filed with the Michigan Office of Administrative Hearings and Rules (MOAHR).

A party may request a rehearing or reconsideration of this Order if the request is received by MOAHR within 30 days of the date the Order was issued. The party requesting a rehearing or reconsideration must provide the specific reasons for the request. MOAHR will not review any response to a request for rehearing/reconsideration.

A written request may be mailed or faxed to MOAHR. If submitted by fax, the written request must be faxed to (517) 763-0155; Attention: MOAHR Rehearing/Reconsideration Request.

If submitted by mail, the written request must be addressed as follows:

Michigan Office of Administrative Hearings and Rules Reconsideration/Rehearing Request P.O. Box 30639 Lansing, Michigan 48909-8139 DHHS Melissa Brandt 920 East Lincoln St Ionia, MI 48846 Petitioner OIG

Respondent

PO Box 30062 Lansing, MI

48909-7562



IPV-Recoupment Mailbox CC: L. Bengel