GRETCHEN WHITMER GOVERNOR STATE OF MICHIGAN DEPARTMENT OF LICENSING AND REGULATORY AFFAIRS MICHIGAN OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS AND RULES

ORLENE HAWKS DIRECTOR



Date Mailed: December 19, 2019 MOAHR Docket No.: 19-007170 Agency No.: Petitioner: OIG Respondent:

## ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: Kevin Scully

# **HEARING DECISION FOR INTENTIONAL PROGRAM VIOLATION**

Upon the request for a hearing by the Department of Health and Human Services (Department), this matter is before the undersigned Administrative Law Judge pursuant to MCL 400.9, and in accordance with Titles 7, 42 and 45 of the Code of Federal Regulation (CFR), particularly 7 CFR 273.16, and with Mich Admin Code, R 400.3130 and R 400.3178. The hearing was adjourned on October 11, 2019. After due notice, a telephone hearing was held on November 19, 2019, from Lansing, Michigan. The Department was represented by Joseph Gregurek, Regulation Agent of the Office of Inspector General (OIG). Respondent did not appear at the hearing and it was held in Respondent's absence pursuant to 7 CFR 273.16(e), Mich Admin Code R 400.3130(5), or Mich Admin Code R 400.3178(5).

## <u>ISSUES</u>

- 1. Did Respondent receive an overissuance (OI) of Food Assistance Program (FAP) benefits that the Department is entitled to recoup?
- 2. Did the Department establish by clear and convincing evidence that Respondent committed an Intentional Program Violation (IPV)?
- 3. Should Respondent be disqualified from the Food Assistance Program (FAP)?

## FINDINGS OF FACT

The Administrative Law Judge, based on the competent, material, and substantial evidence on the whole record, finds as material fact:

1. On an application for assistance dated **example**, Respondent acknowledged her duties and responsibilities including the duty to report changes of residency and the receipt of benefits from another state. Respondent did not have an apparent physical or mental impairment that would limit the understanding or ability to fulfill this requirement. Exhibit A, pp 12-31.

- 2. Respondent acknowledged under penalties of perjury that her application form was examined by or read to her, and, to the best of her knowledge, contained facts that were true and complete. Exhibit A, p 30-31.
- 3. Respondent reported on her **exercise**, application for assistance that she was living in Michigan and was not receiving other food assistance benefits. Exhibit A, pp 14-17.
- 4. Respondent used her Michigan Food Assistance Program (FAP) benefits exclusively in Michigan from May 19, 2017 through July 24, 2017. Exhibit A, p 51.
- 5. On **Contact Notice** (DHS-2240-A) where she certified that the statements on that form were true and correct to the best of her knowledge. Exhibit A, pp 32-34.
- 6. Respondent reported on her **Annual**, Mid-Certification Contact Notice that her daughter had moved out of the household, but that her circumstances had not otherwise changed. Exhibit A, pp 32-34.
- Respondent used her Michigan Food Assistance Program (FAP) benefits exclusively in Florida from August 19, 2017, through October 28, 2017. Exhibit A, pp 51-52.
- 8. Respondent used her Michigan Food Assistance Program (FAP) benefits exclusively in Michigan from November 22, 2017, through June 11, 2018. Exhibit A, pp 42-43.
- 9. Respondent received Michigan Food Assistance Program (FAP) benefits totaling \$1,152 from December 1, 2017, through May 31, 2018. Exhibit A, pp 47-49.
- 10. On November 9, 2017, Respondent filed an application for food assistance with the state of Florida. Exhibit A, pp 37-40.
- 11. Respondent received food assistance benefits from the state of Florida from November 15, 2017, through May 20, 2018. Exhibit A, pp 41-43.
- 12. The Department's OIG filed a hearing request on June 17, 2019, to establish an OI of benefits received by Respondent as a result of Respondent having allegedly committed an IPV. Exhibit A, p 3.
- 13.On June 17, 2019, the Department sent Respondent an Intentional Program Violation Repayment Agreement (DHS-4350) with notice of a \$1,152 overpayment, and a Request for Waiver of Disqualification Hearing (DHS-826). Exhibit A, pp 6-9.
- 14. This was Respondent's first established IPV.

15. A notice of hearing was mailed to Respondent at the last known address on October 15, 2019, and was not returned by the United States Postal Service as undeliverable.

# CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

Department policies are contained in the Department of Health and Human Services Bridges Administrative Manual (BAM), Department of Health and Human Services Bridges Eligibility Manual (BEM), Department of Health and Human Services Reference Tables Manual (RFT), and Department of Health and Human Services Emergency Relief Manual (ERM).

The Food Assistance Program (FAP) [formerly known as the Food Stamp program] is established by the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008, as amended, 7 USC 2011 to 2036a and is implemented by the federal regulations contained in 7 CFR 273. The Department (formerly known as the Department of Human Services) administers FAP pursuant to MCL 400.10, the Social Welfare Act, MCL 400.1-.119b, and Mich Admin Code, R 400.3001-.3011.

The Department's OIG requests IPV hearings for the following cases:

- FAP trafficking OIs that are not forwarded to the prosecutor.
- Prosecution of welfare fraud or FAP trafficking is declined by the prosecutor for a reason other than lack of evidence, and
  - the total OI amount for the FIP, SDA, CDC, MA and FAP programs is \$500 or more, or
  - the total OI amount is less than \$500, and
    - ➢ the group has a previous IPV, or
    - > the alleged IPV involves FAP trafficking, or
    - the alleged fraud involves concurrent receipt of assistance (see BEM 222), or
    - the alleged fraud is committed by a state/government employee.

Department of Health and Human Services Bridges Administrative Manual (BAM) 720 (October 1, 2017), pp 12-13.

### **Overissuance**

When a client group receives more benefits than it is entitled to receive, the Department must attempt to recoup the overissuance. Department of Human Services Bridges Administrative Manual (BAM) 700 (October 1, 2018), p 1.

Concurrent receipt of benefits means assistance received from multiple programs to cover a person's needs for the same time period. Benefit duplication means assistance received from the same (or same type of) program to cover a person's needs for the same month. Benefit duplication is prohibited except for MA and FAP in limited circumstances. Department of Health and Human Services Bridges Eligibility Manual (BEM) 222 (October 1, 2018), p 3.

An individual found to have made a fraudulent statement or representation with respect to the identity or place of residence of the individual in order to received multiple SNAP benefits simultaneously shall be ineligible to participate in the Program for a period of 10 years. 7 CFR 273(b)(5).

On an application for assistance dated **Exercise**, Respondent acknowledged the duties and responsibilities of receiving FAP benefits, including the duty to report a change of residency and the receipt of other food assistance benefits. Respondent did not have an apparent physical or mental impairment that would limit the understanding or ability to fulfill this requirement.

On or around August 19, 2017, Respondent went to Florida, which was established by her use of Michigan FAP benefits in Florida from August 19, 2017, through October 28, 2017. While in Florida, Respondent applied for Florida food assistance benefits on November 9, 2017. Respondent started receiving Florida food assistance benefits concurrently with her Michigan FAP benefits on November 15, 2017. On or around November 22, 2017, Respondent returned to Michigan, which was established by her use of Michigan FAP benefits in Michigan from November 22, 2017, through June 11, 2018. Respondent received Florida food assistance benefits concurrently with her Michigan food assistance benefits concurrently with her Michigan FAP benefits in Michigan from November 22, 2017, through June 11, 2018. Respondent received Florida food assistance benefits concurrently with her Michigan FAP benefits from November of 2017, through May of 2018.

Respondent received Michigan FAP benefits totaling \$1,152 from December 1, 2017, through May 31, 2018. Respondent was not eligible for any Michigan FAP benefits while concurrently receiving Florida food assistance benefits. Therefore, Respondent received a \$1,152 overissuance of Michigan FAP benefits.

#### Intentional Program Violation

Suspected IPV means an OI exists for which all three of the following conditions exist:

• The client intentionally failed to report information **or** intentionally gave incomplete or inaccurate information needed to make a correct benefit determination, and

- The client was clearly and correctly instructed regarding the reporting responsibilities, and
- The client has no apparent physical or mental impairment that limits the understanding or ability to fulfill reporting responsibilities.

BAM 700, p 7, BAM 720, p. 1.

An IPV requires that the Department establish by clear and convincing evidence that the client has intentionally withheld or misrepresented information for the purpose of establishing, maintaining, increasing or preventing reduction of program benefits or eligibility. BAM 720, p. 1 (emphasis in original); see also 7 CFR 273.16(e)(6).

The Department has the burden of establishing by clear and convincing evidence that the Respondent committed an Intentional Program Violation (IPV). The clear and convincing evidence standard, which is the most demanding standard applied in civil cases, is established where there is evidence so clear, direct and weighty and convincing that a conclusion can be drawn without hesitancy of the truth of the precise facts in issue. Smith v Anonymous Joint Enterprise, 487 Mich 102; 793 NW2d 533 (2010), reh den 488 Mich 860; 793 NW2d 559 (2010).

Clear and convincing proof is that which produces in the mind of the trier of fact a firm belief or conviction as to the truth of the precise facts in issue. Evidence may be uncontroverted and yet not be clear and convincing. Conversely, evidence may be clear and convincing even if contradicted. Id.

Respondent acknowledged the duties and responsibilities of receiving FAP benefits on an application for assistance dated **Exercise**, including the duty to report changes of residency and the receipt of other food assistance benefits. Respondent did not have an apparent physical or mental impairment that would limit the understanding or ability to fulfill this requirement. Respondent applied for food assistance from the state of Florida while receiving Michigan FAP benefits. Respondent received Michigan FAP benefits she was not eligible for while receiving Florida food assistance benefits.

This Administrative Law Judge finds that the Department has presented clear and convincing evidence that the Respondent intentionally failed to report that she had applied for Florida food assistance benefits for the purposes of maintaining her eligibility for Michigan FAP benefits that she would not have been eligible for otherwise.

## **Disqualification**

A court or hearing decision that finds a client committed IPV disqualifies that client from receiving program benefits. BAM 720, p. 15-16. A disqualified recipient remains a member of an active group as long as the disqualified person lives with them, and other eligible group members may continue to receive benefits. BAM 720, p. 16.

Clients who commit an IPV are disqualified for a standard disqualification period except when a court orders a different period, or except when the OI relates to MA. BAM 720, p. 13. Refusal to repay will not cause denial of current or future MA if the client is otherwise eligible. BAM 710 (January 1, 2018), p. 2. Clients are disqualified for periods of one year for the first IPV, two years for the second IPV, lifetime disqualification for the third IPV, and ten years for a FAP concurrent receipt of benefits. BAM 720, p. 16.

The Department has established an Intentional Program Violation (IPV).

A twelve-month disqualification from the Food Assistance Program (FAP) is appropriate in this case because although Respondent did receive concurrent food assistance, the evidence does not support a finding that she made a fraudulent statement or representation with respect to identity or place of residence. 7 CFR 273(b)(5). The evidence supports a finding that Respondent truthfully reported living in Michigan on August 22, 2016, and truthfully reported to the state of Florida that she was living in Florida on November 9, 2017. Respondent received Michigan FAP benefits that she was not eligible for due to her failure to report that she was concurrently receiving Florida benefits, but she did not make a fraudulent statement with respect to identity or place of residence on any forms identified in the hearing record.

# **DECISION AND ORDER**

The Administrative Law Judge, based upon the above Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, and for the reasons stated on the record, concludes that:

- 1. The Department has established by clear and convincing evidence that Respondent committed an IPV.
- 2. Respondent did receive an OI of Food Assistance Program (FAP) benefits in the amount of \$1,152.
- 3. The Department is ORDERED to initiate recoupment procedures for the amount of \$1,152 in accordance with Department policy.
- 4. It is FURTHER ORDERED that Respondent be disqualified from the Food Assistance Program (FAP) for a period of 12 months.

h Scullv

Administrative Law Judge for Robert Gordon, Director Department of Health and Human Services

KS/hb

**NOTICE OF APPEAL**: A party may appeal this Order in circuit court within 30 days of the receipt date. A copy of the circuit court appeal must be filed with the Michigan Office of Administrative Hearings and Rules (MOAHR).

A party may request a rehearing or reconsideration of this Order if the request is received by MOAHR within 30 days of the date the Order was issued. The party requesting a rehearing or reconsideration must provide the specific reasons for the request. MOAHR will not review any response to a request for rehearing/reconsideration.

A written request may be mailed or faxed to MOAHR. If submitted by fax, the written request must be faxed to (517) 763-0155; Attention: MOAHR Rehearing/Reconsideration Request.

If submitted by mail, the written request must be addressed as follows:

Michigan Office of Administrative Hearings and Rules Reconsideration/Rehearing Request P.O. Box 30639 Lansing, Michigan 48909-8139

| Petitioner | OIG<br>PO Box 30062<br>Lansing, MI 48909-7562         |
|------------|---|
| DHHS       | Susan Noel<br>26355 Michigan Ave<br>Inkster, MI 48141 |
|            | Wayne County (District 19), DHHS                      |
|            | Policy-Recoupment via electronic mail                 |
|            | L. Bengel via electronic mail                         |
|            |   |



