

RICK SNYDER GOVERNOR STATE OF MICHIGAN DEPARTMENT OF LICENSING AND REGULATORY AFFAIRS LANSING

SHELLY EDGERTON DIRECTOR



Date Mailed: September 27, 2018 MAHS Docket No.: 18-003525 Agency No.: Petitioner: OIG Respondent:

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: Kevin Scully

HEARING DECISION FOR INTENTIONAL PROGRAM VIOLATION

Upon the request for a hearing by the Department of Health and Human Services (Department), this matter is before the undersigned Administrative Law Judge pursuant to MCL 400.9, and in accordance with Titles 7, 42 and 45 of the Code of Federal Regulation (CFR), particularly 7 CFR 273.16, and with Mich Admin Code, R 400.3130 and R 400.3178. After due notice, a telephone hearing was held on August 28, 2018, from Lansing, Michigan. The Department was represented by Thomas Lilienthal, Regulation Agent of the Office of Inspector General (OIG). Respondent did not appear at the hearing and it was held in Respondent's absence pursuant to 7 CFR 273.16(e), Mich Admin Code R 400.3130(5), or Mich Admin Code R 400.3178(5).

ISSUES

- 1. Did Respondent receive an overissuance (OI) of Medical Assistance (MA) benefits that the Department is entitled to recoup?
- 2. Did the Department establish by clear and convincing evidence that Respondent committed an Intentional Program Violation (IPV)?

FINDINGS OF FACT

The Administrative Law Judge, based on the competent, material, and substantial evidence on the whole record, finds as material fact:

1. On an application for assistance dated **acknowledged**, 2016, Respondent acknowledged her duties and responsibilities including the duty to report the receipt of Medicaid benefits from another state. Respondent did not have an apparent physical or mental impairment that would limit the understanding or ability to fulfill this requirement. Exhibit A, pp 9-24.

- 2. Respondent acknowledged under penalties of perjury that her **exercise**, 2016, application form contained true answers to all the questions on the form to the best of her knowledge. Exhibit A, p 17.
- 3. Respondent received Medical Assistance (MA) benefits with a value of \$1,924.18 from September 1, 2017, through February 28, 2018. Exhibit A, pp 36-38.
- 4. Respondent received food assistance benefits issued by the state of Florida from November 15, 2017, through March 31, 2018. Exhibit A, p 34.
- 5. Respondent received Medicaid benefits from the state of Florida from September 1, 2017, through August 31, 2018. Exhibit A, p 34.
- 6. On April 2, 2018, the Department sent Respondent an Intentional Program Violation Repayment Agreement (DHS-4350) with notice of a \$1,924.18 overpayment, and a Request for Waiver of Disqualification Hearing (DHS-826). Exhibit A, pp 6-7.
- 7. The Department's OIG filed a hearing request on April 2, 2018, to establish an OI of benefits received by Respondent as a result of Respondent having allegedly committed an IPV. Exhibit A, p 3.
- 8. A notice of hearing was mailed to Respondent at the last known address and was not returned by the United States Postal Service as undeliverable.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

Department policies are contained in the Department of Health and Human Services Bridges Administrative Manual (BAM), Department of Health and Human Services Bridges Eligibility Manual (BEM), Department of Health and Human Services Reference Tables Manual (RFT), and Department of Health and Human Services Emergency Relief Manual (ERM).

The Medical Assistance (MA) program is established by Title XIX of the Social Security Act, 42 USC 1396-1396w-5; 42 USC 1315; the Affordable Care Act of 2010, the collective term for the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act, Pub. L. No. 111-148, as amended by the Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010, Pub. L. No. 111-152; and 42 CFR 430.10-.25. The Department (formerly known as the Department of Human Services) administers the MA program pursuant to 42 CFR 435, MCL 400.10, and MCL 400.105-.112k.

The Department's OIG requests IPV hearings for the following cases:

• FAP trafficking OIs that are not forwarded to the prosecutor.

- Prosecution of welfare fraud or FAP trafficking is declined by the prosecutor for a reason other than lack of evidence, and
 - the total OI amount for the FIP, SDA, CDC, MA and FAP programs is \$500 or more, or
 - the total OI amount is less than \$500, and
 - ➢ the group has a previous IPV, or
 - > the alleged IPV involves FAP trafficking, or
 - the alleged fraud involves concurrent receipt of assistance (see BEM 222), or
 - the alleged fraud is committed by a state/government employee.

Department of Health and Human Services Bridges Administrative Manual (BAM) 720 (January 1, 2016), pp 12-13.

<u>Overissuance</u>

When a client group receives more benefits than it is entitled to receive, the Department must attempt to recoup the overissuance. Department of Human Services Bridges Administrative Manual (BAM) 700 (January 1, 2018), p 1.

Clients must report changes in circumstance that potentially affect eligibility or benefit amount within 10 days of receiving the first payment reflecting the change. Changes that must be reported include the receipt of concurrent benefits from another state. Department of Human Services Bridges Assistance Manual (BAM) 105 (January 1, 2018), pp 1-20.

On an application for assistance dated **control**, 2016, Respondent acknowledged the duty to report the receipt of Medicaid benefits from another state. Respondent did not have an apparent physical or mental impairment that would limit the understanding or ability to fulfill this requirement.

Respondent received MA benefits from the state of Michigan with a value of \$1,924.18 from September 1, 2017, through February 28, 2018. During that same period, Respondent had travelled to Florida where she received food assistance from November 15, 2017, through March 31, 2018, and Florida Medicaid from September 1, 2017, through August 31, 2018. Respondent was not eligible to receive Medicaid concurrently in Michigan and Florida, and was not eligible for MA while receiving food assistance as a resident of Florida. Therefore, Respondent was not

eligible for any of the MA benefits she received while concurrently receiving Medicaid in Florida, and she received a \$1,924.18 overissuance of MA benefits.

Intentional Program Violation

Suspected IPV means an OI exists for which all three of the following conditions exist:

- The client intentionally failed to report information **or** intentionally gave incomplete or inaccurate information needed to make a correct benefit determination, and
- The client was clearly and correctly instructed regarding the reporting responsibilities, and
- The client has no apparent physical or mental impairment that limits the understanding or ability to fulfill reporting responsibilities.

BAM 700, p 7, BAM 720, p. 1.

An IPV requires that the Department establish by clear and convincing evidence that the client has intentionally withheld or misrepresented information for the purpose of establishing, maintaining, increasing or preventing reduction of program benefits or eligibility. BAM 720, p. 1 (emphasis in original); see also 7 CFR 273.16(e)(6).

The Department has the burden of establishing by clear and convincing evidence that Respondent committed an Intentional Program Violation (IPV). The clear and convincing evidence standard, which is the most demanding standard applied in civil cases, is established where there is evidence so clear, direct and weighty and convincing that a conclusion can be drawn without hesitancy of the truth of the precise facts in issue. Smith v Anonymous Joint Enterprise, 487 Mich 102; 793 NW2d 533 (2010), reh den 488 Mich 860; 793 NW2d 559 (2010).

Clear and convincing proof is that which produces in the mind of the trier of fact a firm belief or conviction as to the truth of the precise facts in issue. Evidence may be uncontroverted and yet not be clear and convincing. Conversely, evidence may be clear and convincing even if contradicted. Id.

Respondent acknowledged the duties and responsibilities of receiving MA benefits on an application for assistance dated **active**, 2016. Respondent did not have an apparent physical or mental impairment that would limit the understanding or ability to fulfill this requirement. Respondent failed to report that she had applied for food assistance and Medicaid in Florida. Respondent was not eligible to receive Medicaid concurrently in Michigan and Florida. Respondent received an overissuance of Medicaid benefits due to her failure to report her circumstances to the Department in a timely manner. This Administrative Law Judge finds that the Department has presented clear and convincing evidence that Respondent intentionally report that she was receiving Medicaid concurrently in Michigan and Florida for the purposes of maintaining her eligibility for Michigan MA benefits that she would not have been eligible for otherwise.

Disqualification

Refusal to repay will not cause denial of current or future MA if the client is otherwise eligible. BAM 710 (July 1, 2013), p. 2.

The Department has established an Intentional Program Violation (IPV).

DECISION AND ORDER

The Administrative Law Judge, based upon the above Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, and for the reasons stated on the record, if any, concludes that:

- 1. The Department has established by clear and convincing evidence that Respondent committed an IPV.
- 2. Respondent did receive an OI of Medical Assistance (MA) benefits in the amount of \$1,924.18.
- 3. The Department is ORDERED to initiate recoupment procedures for the amount of \$1,924.18 in accordance with Department policy.

KS/hb

Administrative Law Judge for Nick Lyon, Director Department of Health and Human Services

NOTICE OF APPEAL: A party may appeal this Order in circuit court within 30 days of the receipt date. A copy of the circuit court appeal must be filed with the Michigan Administrative Hearing System (MAHS).

A party may request a rehearing or reconsideration of this Order if the request is received by MAHS within 30 days of the date the Order was issued. The party requesting a rehearing or reconsideration must provide the specific reasons for the request. MAHS will not review any response to а request for rehearing/reconsideration.

A written request may be mailed or faxed to MAHS. If submitted by fax, the written request must be faxed to (517) 763-0155; Attention: MAHS Rehearing/Reconsideration Request.

If submitted by mail, the written request must be addressed as follows:

Michigan Administrative Hearings **Reconsideration/Rehearing Request** P.O. Box 30639 Lansing, Michigan 48909-8139

DHHS	Dan Vendzuh 931 S. Otsego Suite 1 Gaylord, MI 49735
Petitioner	OIG PO Box 30062 Lansing, MI 48909-7562
	Otsego County, DHHS
	Policy-Recoupment via electronic mail

M. Shumaker via electronic mail

Respondent