RICK SNYDER GOVERNOR State of Michigan DEPARTMENT OF LICENSING AND REGULATORY AFFAIRS MICHIGAN ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING SYSTEM

SHELLY EDGERTON DIRECTOR



Date Mailed: April 30, 2018 MAHS Docket No.: 17-015254 Agency No.: Petitioner: OIG Respondent:

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: Amanda M. T. Marler

HEARING DECISION FOR INTENTIONAL PROGRAM VIOLATION

Upon the request for a hearing by the Department of Health and Human Services (Department), this matter is before the undersigned Administrative Law Judge pursuant to MCL 400.9, and in accordance with Titles 7, 42 and 45 of the Code of Federal Regulation (CFR), particularly 7 CFR 273.16, 42 CFR 431.230(b), and 45 CFR 235.110, and with Mich Admin Code, R 400.3130 and 400.3178. After due notice, a telephone hearing was held on April 26, 2018, from Detroit, Michigan. The Department was represented by ________, Regulation Agent of the Office of Inspector General (OIG). Respondent did not appear at the hearing; and it was held in Respondent's absence pursuant to 7 CFR 273.16(e), Mich Admin Code R 400.3130(5), or Mich Admin Code R 400.3178(5).

ISSUES

- 1. Did Respondent receive an overissuance (OI) of Food Assistance Program (FAP) benefits that the Department is entitled to recoup?
- 2. Did the Department establish, by clear and convincing evidence, that Respondent committed an Intentional Program Violation (IPV)?
- 3. Should Respondent be disqualified from receiving benefits for the FAP?

FINDINGS OF FACT

The Administrative Law Judge, based on the competent, material, and substantial evidence on the whole record, finds as material fact:

1. The Department's OIG filed a hearing request on October 19, 2017, to establish an OI of benefits received by Respondent as a result of Respondent having allegedly committed an IPV.

- 2. The OIG **has** requested that Respondent be disqualified from receiving program benefits.
- 3. Respondent was a recipient of FAP benefits issued by the Department.
- 4. Respondent **was** aware of the responsibility to report changes in household circumstances to the Department as well as answer all questions truthfully and accurately on forms submitted to the Department.
- 5. Respondent **did not have** an apparent physical or mental impairment that would limit the understanding or ability to fulfill this requirement.
- 6. The Department's OIG indicates that the time period it is considering the fraud period is January 2015 through June 2015 (fraud period).
- 7. During the fraud period, Respondent was issued **Sector** in FAP benefits by the State of Michigan, and the Department alleges that Respondent was entitled to **Sector** in such benefits during this time period.
- 8. The Department alleges that Respondent received an OI in FAP benefits in the amount of **\$10000000**
- 9. This was Respondent's **first** alleged IPV.
- 10. A notice of hearing was mailed to Respondent at the last known address and **was** returned by the United States Postal Service as undeliverable.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

Department policies are contained in the Department of Health and Human Services Bridges Administrative Manual (BAM), Bridges Eligibility Manual (BEM), Adult Services Manual (ASM), and Reference Tables Manual (RFT).

As a preliminary matter, after the current hearing was scheduled, the Michigan Administrative Hearing System (MAHS) mailed Respondent the Notice of Disqualification Hearing (Notice) via first class mail at the address identified by the Department as Respondent's address. Before the hearing, the Notice was returned to MAHS by the United States Postal Service as undeliverable. At the hearing, the Department testified that after conducting an address search, it concluded that the address provided to MAHS for Respondent was the most current address. When notice of a FAP IPV hearing is sent using first class mail and is returned as undeliverable, the hearing may still be held. 7 CFR 273.16(e)(3); BAM 720, p. 12. Under the circumstances presented, where there was no evidence presented that Respondent had a more recent mailing address and where the Department's investigation led it to conclude that the address provided to MAHS for MAHS for the Notice of Hearing was the best

available address for Respondent, the hearing proceeded with respect to the alleged FAP IPV.

The Food Assistance Program (FAP) [formerly known as the Food Stamp program] is established by the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008, as amended, 7 USC 2011 to 2036a and is implemented by the federal regulations contained in 7 CFR 273. The Department (formerly known as the Department of Human Services) administers FAP pursuant to MCL 400.10; the Social Welfare Act, MCL 400.1-.119b; and Mich Admin Code, R 400.3001 to .3015.

Effective October 1, 2014, the Department's OIG requests IPV hearings for the following cases:

- Willful overpayments of \$500.00 or more under the AHH program.
- FAP trafficking overissuances that are not forwarded to the prosecutor.
- Prosecution of welfare fraud or FAP trafficking is declined by the prosecutor for a reason other than lack of evidence, and
 - The total amount for the FIP, SDA, CDC, MA and FAP programs combined is \$500.00 or more, or
 - the total amount is less than \$500.00, and
 - ➢ the group has a previous IPV, or
 - > the alleged IPV involves FAP trafficking, or
 - the alleged fraud involves concurrent receipt of assistance (see BEM 222), or
 - the alleged fraud is committed by a state/government employee.

BAM 720 (October 2017), pp. 5, 12-13; ASM 165 (August 2016).

Intentional Program Violation

Suspected IPV means an OI exists for which all three of the following conditions exist:

• The client intentionally failed to report information **or** intentionally gave incomplete or inaccurate information needed to make a correct benefit determination, and

- The client was clearly and correctly instructed regarding his or her reporting responsibilities, and
- The client has no apparent physical or mental impairment that limits his or her understanding or ability to fulfill reporting responsibilities.

BAM 700 (October 2016), pp. 7-8; BAM 720, p.1.

An IPV requires that the Department establish by clear and convincing evidence that the client has intentionally withheld or misrepresented information for the **purpose** of establishing, maintaining, increasing or preventing reduction of program benefits or eligibility. BAM 720, p. 1 (emphasis in original); see also 7 CFR 273(e)(6). Clear and convincing evidence is evidence sufficient to result in a clear and firm belief that the proposition is true. See M Civ JI 8.01.

The Department alleges that Respondent committed an IPV concerning her FAP benefits because she intentionally withheld information concerning a household member's employment income in order to receive or maintain FAP benefits from the State of Michigan. Employment income received by the client's household is considered in the calculation of a client's FAP eligibility and amount of benefits. BEM 556 (July 2013), pp. 2-7. FAP recipients who are not simplified reporters are required to report starting or stopping employment and changes in circumstance that potentially affect eligibility or benefit amount within 10 days of receiving the first payment reflecting the change. BAM 105 (April 2014), p. 9.

In this case, the evidence demonstrated that household member began working for (Employer) and received wages for the period from December 21, 2014 through June 20, 2015. He earned **Sector** per hour. Household member's last pay stub for 2014 covering the period from December 21, 2014, through January 3, 2015, shows that his year-to-date wages were **Sector** These wages appear to be for the year beginning 2015. An IG-011 Employee Wage History report shows that Respondent had wages from Employer from the fourth quarter of 2014 through the fourth quarter of 2016. In the fourth quarter of 2014, his wages were **Sector**

Thereafter, the evidence showed that Respondent submitted a Semi-Annual Contact Report dated December 8, 2014, but indicated that her household had not changed, and there was no change in earnings. Respondent's previous application listed household member's employment at a rate of the duty to report changes in circumstances within 10 days of the change itself.

On June 29, 2015, more than six months after he began working with Employer, Respondent reported household member's employment with Employer.

The Department's evidence established that Respondent did not report household member's employment income on the Semi-Annual Contact Report as required nor did she report it on a timely basis. The evidence shows that Respondent misrepresented her household circumstances in order to continue receipt of her FAP benefits. Therefore, the Department established by clear and convincing evidence that Respondent committed an IPV.

Disqualification

A client who is found to have committed an IPV by a court or hearing decision is disqualified from receiving program benefits. BAM 720, p. 15. Clients are disqualified for 10 years for a FAP IPV involving concurrent receipt of benefits, and, for all other IPV cases involving FAP, for standard disqualification periods of one year for the first IPV, two years for the second IPV, and lifetime for the third IPV. BAM 720, p. 16. A disqualified recipient remains a member of an active group as long as he lives with them, and other eligible group members may continue to receive benefits. BAM 720, p. 16.

In this case, the Department has satisfied its burden of showing that Respondent committed an IPV. This was Respondent's first IPV. Therefore, she is subject to a one-year disqualification under the FAP.

<u>Overissuance</u>

When a client group receives more benefits than entitled to receive, the Department must attempt to recoup the OI. BAM 700, p. 1. The amount of a FAP OI is the benefit amount the client actually received minus the amount the client was eligible to receive. BAM 720, p. 8; BAM 715 (January 2016), p. 6; BAM 705 (January 2016), p. 6.

A review of the Respondent's Benefit Summary Inquiry presented by the Department supports benefits issued in the amount alleged. The Department provided OI budgets to show the value of the benefits received versus the value of benefits Respondent was eligible to receive after consideration of household member's income. In reviewing these budgets, the Department has properly calculated household member's wages, budgets, and value of the OI. Therefore, the Department is entitled to recoup **\$** from Respondent, which is the difference between the amount of FAP benefits actually issued to her and the amount she was eligible to receive during the fraud period.

DECISION AND ORDER

The Administrative Law Judge, based upon the above Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, and for the reasons stated on the record, if any, concludes that:

- 1. The Department **has** established by clear and convincing evidence that Respondent committed an IPV.
- 2. Respondent **received** an OI of program benefits in the amount of **\$ _____** from the FAP.

The Department is ORDERED to initiate recoupment/collection procedures for the amount of **\$2000** in accordance with Department policy.

It is FURTHER ORDERED that Respondent be disqualified from the FAP for a period of **12 months**.

le M Marler

AM/

Amanda M. T. Marler Administrative Law Judge for Nick Lyon, Director Department of Health and Human Services

NOTICE OF APPEAL: A party may appeal this Order in circuit court within 30 days of the receipt date. A copy of the circuit court appeal must be filed with the Michigan Administrative Hearing System (MAHS).

A party may request a rehearing or reconsideration of this Order if the request is received by MAHS within 30 days of the date the Order was issued. The party requesting a rehearing or reconsideration must provide the specific reasons for the request. MAHS will not review any response to a request for rehearing/reconsideration.

A written request may be mailed or faxed to MAHS. If submitted by fax, the written request must be faxed to (517) 335-6088; Attention: MAHS Rehearing/Reconsideration Request.

If submitted by mail, the written request must be addressed as follows:

Michigan Administrative Hearings Reconsideration/Rehearing Request P.O. Box 30639 Lansing, Michigan 48909-8139

Page 7 of 7 17-015254 <u>AM</u>

DHHS

Petitioner

Respondent

