RICK SNYDER GOVERNOR State of Michigan DEPARTMENT OF LICENSING AND REGULATORY AFFAIRS MICHIGAN ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING SYSTEM

SHELLY EDGERTON DIRECTOR

Date Mailed: January 11, 2018 MAHS Docket No.: 17-015484 Agency No.: Petitioner:

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: Ellen McLemore

HEARING DECISION

Following Petitioner's request for a hearing, this matter is before the undersigned Administrative Law Judge pursuant to MCL 400.9 and 400.37; 7 CFR 273.15 to 273.18; 42 CFR 431.200 to 431.250; 42 CFR 438.400 to 438.424; 45 CFR 99.1 to 99.33; and 45 CFR 205.10; and Mich Admin Code, R 792.11002. After due notice, a telephone hearing was held on January 4, 2018, from Detroit, Michigan. Petitioner was present and represented herself. The Department of Health and Human Services (Department) was represented by **Exercise**, Hearing Facilitator.

ISSUE

Did the Department properly deny Petitioner's application for Food Assistance Program (FAP) benefits?

FINDINGS OF FACT

The Administrative Law Judge, based on the competent, material, and substantial evidence on the whole record, finds as material fact:

- 1. On November 17, 2017, Petitioner submitted an application for FAP benefits (Exhibit B).
- 2. Petitioner was a member of a group that included herself and her two minor children.
- 3. Petitioner had income from employment (Exhibit C).
- 4. Petitioner's children received monthly Retirement, Survivors, and Disability Insurance (RSDI) benefits in the amount of **Sector** each (Exhibit D).

- 5. On November 20, 2017, the Department sent Petitioner a Benefit Notice informing Petitioner her application for FAP benefits was denied (Exhibit A).
- 6. On November 27, 2017, Petitioner submitted a request for hearing disputing the Department's actions.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

Department policies are contained in the Department of Health and Human Services Bridges Administrative Manual (BAM), Department of Health and Human Services Bridges Eligibility Manual (BEM), Department of Health and Human Services Reference Tables Manual (RFT), and Department of Health and Human Services Emergency Relief Manual (ERM).

The Food Assistance Program (FAP) [formerly known as the Food Stamp program] is established by the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008, as amended, 7 USC 2011 to 2036a and is implemented by the federal regulations contained in 7 CFR 273. The Department (formerly known as the Department of Human Services) administers FAP pursuant to MCL 400.10, the Social Welfare Act, MCL 400.1-.119b, and Mich Admin Code, R 400.3001-.3011.

In this case, Petitioner submitted an application for FAP benefits on November 17, 2017. On November 20, 2017, the Department sent Petitioner a Benefit Notice informing her that her application for FAP benefits had been denied. Petitioner's application was denied as a result of the group exceeding the net income limit. Net income limitations are based on group size and are set forth in RFT 250. The Department presented a net income budget to establish Petitioner's group exceeded the net income limit (Exhibit E).

All countable earned and unearned income available to the client must be considered in determining a client's eligibility for program benefits and group composition policies specify whose income is countable. BEM 500 (July 2017), pp. 1-5. The Department determines a client's eligibility for program benefits based on the client's actual income and/or prospective income. Prospective income is income not yet received but expected. BEM 505 (October 2017), p. 1. In prospecting income, the Department is required to use income from the past 30 days if it appears to accurately reflect what is expected to be received in the benefit month, discarding any pay if it is unusual and does not reflect the normal, expected pay amounts. BEM 505, pp. 5-7. A standard monthly amount must be determined for each income source used in the budget. BEM 505, pp. 8-9. Income received twice per month is added together. BEM 505, p. 8. Income received by the 2.15 multiplier. Income received weekly is converted to a standard amount by multiplying the average of the biweekly pay amounts by the 2.15 multiplier. Income received weekly is converted to a standard amount by multiplying the average of the weekly pay amounts by multiplying the average of the weekly pay amounts by multiplying the average of the weekly pay amounts by multiplying the average of the weekly pay amounts by multiplying the average of the weekly pay amounts by multiplying the average of the weekly pay amounts by multiplying the average of the weekly pay amounts by multiplying the average of the weekly pay amounts by multiplying the average of the weekly pay amounts by multiplying the average of the weekly pay amounts by multiplying the average of the weekly pay amounts by multiplying the average of the weekly pay amounts by multiplying the average of the weekly pay amounts by multiplying the average of the weekly pay amounts by multiplying the average of the weekly pay amounts by multiplying the average of the weekly pay amounts by multiplying the average of the weekly pay a

The Department testified Petitioner's earned income from employment was calculated to be **\$** per month. The Department presented a Work Number report that it retrieved to calculate Petitioner's income from employment. The Department used the payments that were issued on November 3, 2017, in the gross amount of **\$** and November 17, 2017, in the amount of **\$** According to the Work Number, Petitioner was paid biweekly. When Petitioner's payment amounts are averaged and multiplied by the 2.15 multiplier, it results in a total monthly standard amount of **\$** Therefore, the Department correctly calculated Petitioner's monthly income from employment.

The Department retrieved the State Online Query (SOLQ) for Petitioner's two children's RSDI payments. Petitioner's children received **Sector** per month in RSDI benefits each. Therefore, the Department correctly determined Petitioner's unearned income was **Sector**

The deductions to income on the net income budget were also reviewed. There was no evidence presented that Petitioner's group includes a senior/disabled/veteran (SDV) household member. BEM 550 (October 2015), pp. 1-2. Thus, the group is eligible for the following deductions to income:

- Dependent care expense.
- Excess shelter.
- Court ordered child support and arrearages paid to non-household members.
- Standard deduction based on group size.
- An earned income deduction equal to 20% of any earned income.

BEM 554 (August 2017), p. 1; BEM 556 (July 2013), p. 3.

The Department will reduce the gross countable earned income by 20 percent and is known as the earned income deduction. BEM 550 (January 2017), p. 1. The Department correctly determined Petitioner is entitled to an earned income deduction of Petitioner's FAP benefit group size of three, which is comprised of herself and her two children, justifies a standard deduction of **RFT** 255 (October 2017), p. 1. There was no evidence presented that Petitioner had any out-of-pocket dependent care or child support expenses. Therefore, the budget properly excluded any deduction for dependent care or child support expenses.

In calculating the excess shelter deduction of **Sec** the Department stated that it considered Petitioner's verified housing expense of **Sec** and that she was entitled to the heat/utility standard of \$537. BEM 554, pp. 14-15. The Department testified when calculating Petitioner's excess shelter amount they added the total shelter amount and subtracted 50% of the adjusted gross income, which resulted in a **Sec** deduction. The Department correctly determined Petitioner was entitled to a **Sec** excess shelter

Page 4 of 5 17-015484 <u>EM</u>

The FAP benefit group's net income is determined by taking the group's adjusted gross income and subtracting the allowable excess shelter expense. After subtracting the allowable deductions, the Department properly determined Petitioner's adjusted gross income to be **Second** After subtracting the excess shelter deduction, Petitioner's net income was **Second** The net income limit for a group of three is **Second** RFT (October 2017), p. 1. Therefore, the Department acted in accordance with policy when it denied Petitioner's application for FAP benefits for exceeding the net income limit.

DECISION AND ORDER

The Administrative Law Judge, based on the above Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, and for the reasons stated on the record, if any, finds that the Department acted in accordance with Department policy when it denied Petitioner's application for FAP benefits. Accordingly, the Department's decision is **AFFIRMED**.

EM/

UM nogr

Ellen McLemore Administrative Law Judge for Nick Lyon, Director Department of Health and Human Services

NOTICE OF APPEAL: A party may appeal this Order in circuit court within 30 days of the receipt date. A copy of the circuit court appeal must be filed with the Michigan Administrative Hearing System (MAHS).

A party may request a rehearing or reconsideration of this Order if the request is received by MAHS within 30 days of the date the Order was issued. The party requesting a rehearing or reconsideration must provide the specific reasons for the request. MAHS will not review any response to a request for rehearing/reconsideration.

A written request may be mailed or faxed to MAHS. If submitted by fax, the written request must be faxed to (517) 335-6088; Attention: MAHS Rehearing/Reconsideration Request.

If submitted by mail, the written request must be addressed as follows:

Michigan Administrative Hearings Reconsideration/Rehearing Request P.O. Box 30639 Lansing, Michigan 48909-8139

Page 5 of 5 17-015484 <u>EM</u>

DHHS

Petitioner

