



RICK SNYDER
GOVERNOR

STATE OF MICHIGAN
DEPARTMENT OF LICENSING AND REGULATORY AFFAIRS
LANSING

SHELLY EDGERTON
DIRECTOR

Date Mailed: December 4, 2017
MAHS Docket No.: 17-014006
Agency No.: [REDACTED]
Petitioner: [REDACTED]

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: Aaron McClintic

HEARING DECISION

Following Petitioner's request for a hearing, this matter is before the undersigned Administrative Law Judge pursuant to MCL 400.9 and 400.37; 7 CFR 273.15 to 273.18; 42 CFR 431.200 to 431.250; 42 CFR 438.400 to 438.424; 45 CFR 99.1 to 99.33; and 45 CFR 205.10; and Mich Admin Code, R 792.11002. After due notice, a telephone hearing was held on November 29, 2017, from Lansing, Michigan. Petitioner was represented by herself. The Department of Health and Human Services (Department) was represented by [REDACTED], ES. [REDACTED], AP Supervisor, also appeared and testified. Department Exhibit 1, pp. 1-12 was received and admitted.

ISSUE

Did the Department properly reduce Petitioner's Food Assistance Program (FAP) benefits?

FINDINGS OF FACT

The Administrative Law Judge, based on the competent, material, and substantial evidence on the whole record, finds as material fact:

1. Petitioner was a recipient of FAP benefits receiving \$ [REDACTED] per month.
2. On September 22, 2017, Notice of Case Action was sent to Petitioner informing her that her FAP benefits would be reduced to \$ [REDACTED] per month effective October 1, 2017.
3. On [REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED] Petitioner requested hearing contesting the reduction of her FAP benefits.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

Department policies are contained in the Department of Health and Human Services Bridges Administrative Manual (BAM), Department of Health and Human Services Bridges Eligibility Manual (BEM), Department of Health and Human Services Reference Tables Manual (RFT), and Department of Health and Human Services Emergency Relief Manual (ERM).

The Food Assistance Program (FAP) [formerly known as the Food Stamp program] is established by the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008, as amended, 7 USC 2011 to 2036a and is implemented by the federal regulations contained in 7 CFR 273. The Department (formerly known as the Department of Human Services) administers FAP pursuant to MCL 400.10, the Social Welfare Act, MCL 400.1-.119b, and Mich Admin Code, R 400.3001-.3011.

MEDICAL EXPENSES

Application and Redetermina tion

Consider **only** the medical expenses of SDV persons in the eligible group or SDV persons disqualified for certain reasons; see Expenses for Disqualified or Ineligible Persons in this item. Estimate an SDV person's medical expenses for the benefit period. Base the estimate on all of the following:

- Verified allowable medical expenses.
- Available information about the SDV member's medical condition and health insurance.
- Changes that can reasonably be anticipated to occur during the benefit period.

During the Benefit Period

A FAP group is not required to, but may voluntarily report changes during the benefit period. Process changes during the benefit period **only** if they are one of the following:

- Voluntarily reported and verified during the benefit period such as expenses reported and verified for MA deductible.

- Reported by another source and there is sufficient information and verification to determine the allowable amount without contacting the FAP group.

One-Time-Only Expenses

Groups that do not have a 24-month benefit period may choose to budget a one-time-only medical expense for one month or average it over the balance of the benefit period. Bridges will allow the expense in the first benefit month the change can affect.

Exception: Groups that have 24-month benefit periods must be given the following options for one-time-only medical expenses billed or due within the first 12 months of the benefit period:

1. Budget it for one month.
2. Average it over the remainder of the first 12 months of the benefit period.
3. Average it over the remainder of the 24-month benefit period.

Example: Sally has a \$1,200 emergency room bill in 11/08. It is not covered by Medicaid or any medical insurance and she received the first bill for this service in 1/09. Her FAP benefit period is 10/1/08 through 9/30/10. She can elect to use:

- The entire \$1,200 deduction to affect 2/09 benefits. This would probably increase her FAP to the maximum amount for that one month.
- \$150 per month (\$1,200 bill divided by 8 months remaining in the first 12 months of her benefit period) to affect 2/09 through 9/09. This would probably increase her FAP benefits by \$50 per month for eight months.
- \$60 per month (\$1,200 bill divided by 20 months remaining in the benefit period) to affect 2/09 through 9/10. This would probably increase her FAP benefits by \$20 for 20 months. (If she were within \$20 of the maximum, this option would benefit her the most.)

Allowable Medical Expenses

Allowable medical expenses are limited to the following:

- Medical and dental care including psychotherapy and rehabilitation services provided by a licensed practitioner authorized by State law or other qualified health professional.
- Hospitalization or nursing care. Include these expenses for a person who was a group member immediately prior to entering a hospital or nursing home.
- Prescription drugs and the postage for mail-ordered prescriptions.
- Costs of medical supplies, sickroom equipment (including rental) or other prescribed medical equipment (excluding the cost for special diets).
- Over-the-counter medication (including insulin) and other health-related supplies (bandages, sterile gauze, incontinence pads, etc.) when recommended by a licensed health professional.
- Premiums for health and hospitalization policies (excluding the cost of income maintenance type health policies and accident policies, also known as assurances). If the policy covers more than one person, allow a prorated amount for the SDV person(s).
- Medicare premiums.
- Dentures, hearing aids and prosthetics including the cost of securing and maintaining a seeing eye or hearing dog or other assistance animal. (Animal food and veterinary expenses are included.)
- Eyeglasses when prescribed by an ophthalmologist (physician-eye specialist) or optometrist.
- Actual costs of transportation and lodging necessary to secure medical treatment or services. If actual costs cannot be determined for transportation, allow the cents-per-mile amount at the standard mileage rate for a privately owned vehicle in lieu of an available state vehicle. To find the cents-per-mile amount go to the Michigan Department of Management and Budget at www.michigan.gov/dtmb, select Services & Facilities from the left navigation menu, then select Travel. On the travel page, choose Travel Rates and High Cost Cities using the rate for the current year.

- The cost of employing an attendant, homemaker, home health aide, housekeeper, home help provider, or child care provider due to age, infirmity or illness. This cost must include an amount equal to the maximum FAP benefits for one person if the FAP group provides the majority of the attendant's meals. If this attendant care cost could qualify as both a medical expense and a dependent care expense, it must be treated as a medical expense.
- A Medicaid deductible is allowed if the following are true.
 - The medical expenses used to meet the Medicaid deductible are allowable FAP expenses.
 - The medical expenses are not overdue. See below.

Medical marijuana is **not** an allowable medical expense BEM 554 (August 2017)

In this case, Petitioner has been receiving Medical Expense deduction of \$[REDACTED] per month pursuant to a hospital bill she incurred in September 2015. (Ex. 1, p.2) This was budgeted as a recurring expense when it should have been budgeted as a one-time expense. BEM 554 After the medical expense was removed Petitioner was only entitled to \$[REDACTED] per month. Petitioner confirmed that the income and expense information used to budget her current FAP benefits were accurate. Petitioner receives unearned income of \$[REDACTED] after subtracting \$[REDACTED] for the standard deduction and \$[REDACTED] for the excess shelter deduction Petitioner has \$[REDACTED] net income. A recipient who has \$[REDACTED] in net income is entitled to \$[REDACTED] in FAP. RFT 260 Therefore the Department's determination of Petitioner's FAP benefits was proper and correct.

Petitioner was advised to submit documentation of out of pocket medical expenses if she wished for those expenses to be budgeted in determining her FAP allotment.

The Administrative Law Judge, based on the above Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, and for the reasons stated on the record, if any, finds that the Department acted in accordance with Department policy when it reduced Petitioner's FAP benefits.

DECISION AND ORDER

Accordingly, the Department's decision is **AFFIRMED**.

AM/md



Aaron McClintic

Administrative Law Judge

for Nick Lyon, Director

Department of Health and Human Services

NOTICE OF APPEAL: A party may appeal this Order in circuit court within 30 days of the receipt date. A copy of the circuit court appeal must be filed with the Michigan Administrative Hearing System (MAHS).

A party may request a rehearing or reconsideration of this Order if the request is received by MAHS within 30 days of the date the Order was issued. The party requesting a rehearing or reconsideration must provide the specific reasons for the request. MAHS will not review any response to a request for rehearing/reconsideration.

A written request may be mailed or faxed to MAHS. If submitted by fax, the written request must be faxed to (517) 335-6088; Attention: MAHS Rehearing/Reconsideration Request.

If submitted by mail, the written request must be addressed as follows:

Michigan Administrative Hearings
Reconsideration/Rehearing Request
P.O. Box 30639
Lansing, Michigan 48909-8139

DHHS

[REDACTED]

Petitioner

[REDACTED]