



RICK SNYDER  
GOVERNOR

STATE OF MICHIGAN  
DEPARTMENT OF LICENSING AND REGULATORY AFFAIRS  
MICHIGAN ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING SYSTEM  
Christopher Seppanen  
Executive Director

SHELLY EDGERTON  
DIRECTOR

[REDACTED]  
[REDACTED]  
[REDACTED]

Date Mailed: June 6, 2017  
MAHS Docket No.: 17-004030  
Agency No.: [REDACTED]  
Petitioner: OIG  
Respondent: [REDACTED]

**ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: Michael J. Bennane**

**HEARING DECISION FOR INTENTIONAL PROGRAM VIOLATION**

Upon the request for a hearing by the Department of Health and Human Services (Department), this matter is before the undersigned Administrative Law Judge pursuant to MCL 400.9, and in accordance with Titles 7, 42 and 45 of the Code of Federal Regulation (CFR), particularly 7 CFR 273.16 and 45 CFR 235.110; and with Mich Admin Code, R 400.3130 and 400.3178. After due notice, a telephone hearing was held on [REDACTED], from Detroit, Michigan. The Department was represented by [REDACTED] [REDACTED], Regulation Agent of the Office of Inspector General (OIG). Respondent did not appear at the hearing; and it was held in Respondent's absence pursuant to 7 CFR 273.16(e), Mich Admin Code R 400.3130(5), or Mich Admin Code R 400.3178(5).

**ISSUES**

1. Did the Department establish, by clear and convincing evidence, that Respondent committed an Intentional Program Violation (IPV) of the Food Assistance Program (FAP)?
2. Should Respondent be disqualified from receiving FAP benefits?
3. Did Respondent receive an overissuance (OI) of FAP benefits that the Department is entitled to recoup?

**FINDINGS OF FACT**

The Administrative Law Judge, based on the competent, material, and substantial evidence on the whole record, finds as material fact:

1. The Department's OIG filed a hearing request on [REDACTED], to establish an OI of benefits received by Respondent as a result of Respondent having allegedly committed an IPV.
2. The OIG has requested that Respondent be disqualified from receiving program benefits.
3. Respondent was a recipient of FAP benefits issued by the Department.
4. Respondent was aware of the responsibility to report his employment income.
5. Respondent did not have an apparent physical or mental impairment that would limit the understanding or ability to fulfill this requirement.
6. The Department's OIG indicates that the time period it is considering the fraud period is [REDACTED], (fraud period).
7. During the fraud period, Respondent was issued \$ [REDACTED] in FAP benefits by the State of Michigan; and the Department alleges that Respondent was entitled to \$ [REDACTED] in such benefits during this time period.
8. The Department alleges that Respondent received an OI in FAP benefits in the amount of \$ [REDACTED]
9. This was Respondent's first alleged IPV.
10. A Notice of Hearing was mailed to Respondent at the last known address and was not returned by the U.S. Post Office as undeliverable.

### **CONCLUSIONS OF LAW**

Department policies are contained in the Department of Health and Human Services Bridges Administrative Manual (BAM), Bridges Eligibility Manual (BEM), Adult Services Manual (ASM), and Reference Tables Manual (RFT).

The Food Assistance Program (FAP) [formerly known as the Food Stamp program] is established by the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008, as amended, 7 USC 2011 to 2036a and is implemented by the federal regulations contained in 7 CFR 273. The Department (formerly known as the Department of Human Services) administers FAP pursuant to MCL 400.10; the Social Welfare Act, MCL 400.1-.119b; and Mich Admin Code, R 400.3001 to .3015.

Effective January 1, 2016, the Department's OIG requests IPV hearings for the following cases:

- Willful overpayments of \$500 or more under the AHH program.
- FAP trafficking overissuances that are not forwarded to the prosecutor.
- Prosecution of welfare fraud or FAP trafficking is declined by the prosecutor for a reason other than lack of evidence, and
  - The total amount for the FIP, SDA, CDC, MA and FAP programs combined is \$500 or more, or
  - the total amount is less than \$500, and
    - the group has a previous IPV, or
    - the alleged IPV involves FAP trafficking, or
    - the alleged fraud involves concurrent receipt of assistance (see BEM 222), or
    - the alleged fraud is committed by a state/government employee.

BAM 720 (1/1/16), pp. 12-13.

### **Intentional Program Violation**

Suspected IPV means an OI exists for which all three of the following conditions exist:

- The client intentionally failed to report information **or** intentionally gave incomplete or inaccurate information needed to make a correct benefit determination, and
- The client was clearly and correctly instructed regarding his or her reporting responsibilities, and
- The client has no apparent physical or mental impairment that limits his or her understanding or ability to fulfill reporting responsibilities.

BAM 700 (October 2016), p. 7; BAM 720, p. 1.

An IPV is also suspected for a client who is alleged to have trafficked FAP benefits. BAM 720, p. 1.

An IPV requires that the Department establish by clear and convincing evidence that the client has intentionally withheld or misrepresented information for the **purpose** of establishing, maintaining, increasing or preventing reduction of program benefits or

eligibility. BAM 720, p. 1 (emphasis in original); see also 7 CFR 273(e)(6). Clear and convincing evidence is evidence sufficient to result in a clear and firm belief that the proposition is true. See M Civ JI 8.01.

In this case, the Department alleges that Respondent committed an IPV concerning his FAP benefits because he intentionally withheld information concerning his earned income and unemployment compensation income in order to receive or maintain FAP benefits from the State of Michigan. Earned income and unemployment compensation income received by the client are considered in the calculation of a client's FAP eligibility and amount. BEM 556 (July 2013), pp. 2-6; BAM 503 (July 2016), p. 36. FAP recipients who are not simplified reporters are required to report starting employment and all income. BAM 105 (July 2015), pp. 10-11.

In support of its IPV case against Respondent, the Department presented (i) applications Respondent submitted to the Department on [REDACTED], and [REDACTED] (ii) a Wage Match Client Notice completed by Respondent's employer, [REDACTED] (Employer), identifying Respondent's start date and his gross income by paydate; (iii) a Notice of Case Action sent to Respondent on [REDACTED], showing that he was approved for FAP benefits based on income of \$ [REDACTED] (iv) a Benefit Summary Inquiry showing that Respondent received FAP benefits during the fraud period in question; and (v) FAP OI budgets for each month of the fraud period showing the calculation of FAP benefits Respondent would have been eligible to receive if the alleged unreported income had been included in the determining his FAP eligibility and allotment at the time of issuance.

Respondent began receiving employment income from Employer on [REDACTED], showing ongoing, consistent biweekly pay. [Exhibit A, pp. 63-65.] Respondent began receiving unemployment compensation benefits on [REDACTED]. On [REDACTED] Respondent submitted an application to the Department stating that he had no income [Exhibit A, p. 12.] Respondent submitted a second application for benefits on [REDACTED], stating he had no income. However, the wage match client notice completed by Employer shows that Respondent was receiving employment income at the time the [REDACTED] application was submitted. The Department presented evidence showing that Respondent was notified via the [REDACTED], Notice of Case Action that his FAP benefits were based on \$ [REDACTED] of income and he was advised of his responsibility to timely report changes. [Exhibit A, pp. 29 and 31.] The Department testified that Respondent never reported his employment with Employer or his unemployment compensation benefits, and it was discovered by the Department through a wage match. A wage match is a computerized cross match of employment information clients provide to the Department with that in the database maintained by the Michigan Unemployment Insurance Agency containing information provided by employers. BAM 802 (January 2016), p. 1. Respondent did not have an apparent physical or mental impairment that would limit the understanding or ability to fulfill this requirement. [Exhibit A, p. 23.]

Because Respondent did not report his employment, the Department presented clear and convincing evidence that Respondent withheld information for the purpose of maintaining or

preventing reduction of his FAP benefits. Under these circumstances, the Department has established that Respondent committed an IPV concerning his FAP case.

### **Disqualification**

A client who is found to have committed an IPV by a court or hearing decision is disqualified from receiving program benefits. BAM 720, p. 15. Clients are disqualified for ten years for an FAP IPV involving concurrent receipt of benefits, and, for all other IPV cases involving FAP, for standard disqualification periods of one year for the first IPV, two years for the second IPV, and lifetime for the third IPV. BAM 720, p. 16. A disqualified recipient remains a member of an active group as long as he/she lives with them, and other eligible group members may continue to receive benefits. BAM 720, p. 16.

As discussed above, the Department has established by clear and convincing evidence that Respondent committed an IPV. Because this was Respondent's first IPV, she is subject to a one-year disqualification from receipt of FAP benefits.

### **Overissuance**

When a client group receives more benefits than entitled to receive, the Department must attempt to recoup the OI. BAM 700, p. 1. The amount of an FAP OI is the benefit amount the client actually received minus the amount the client was eligible to receive. BAM 720, p. 8; BAM 715 (January 2016), p. 6; BAM 705 (January 2016), p. 6.

In this case, the Department alleges that Respondent received FAP benefits totaling \$ [REDACTED] during the fraud period but was eligible for only \$ [REDACTED] in FAP benefits during this period once his earned income and unemployment compensation income were budgeted. [Exhibit A, pp. 68-81.] The Benefit Summary Inquiry establishes that Respondent was issued \$ [REDACTED] in FAP benefits during the fraud period. [Exhibit A, p. 67.]

Based on Respondent's receipt of unemployment compensation income beginning [REDACTED], and in consideration of the 10-day reporting period from the 10-day processing period and the 12-day negative action period, Respondent's unemployment compensation income would have to be budgeted for FAP purposes beginning with the [REDACTED] FAP budget. BAM 105, p. 10; BAM 720, p. 7. Therefore, the Department properly began budgeting the unemployment compensation income with the [REDACTED] budget.

Based on Respondent's receipt of earned income through employment with Employer from [REDACTED], and the unemployment compensation income which began [REDACTED], the Department properly considered his income in the monthly budgets for the fraud period involved.

To establish the FAP OI amount, the Department presented FAP OI budgets for each of the remaining months of the fraud period, [REDACTED], to show the FAP benefits Respondent was eligible to receive if his unreported income had been included in the calculation of his FAP eligibility for each month. A review of the FAP OI budgets for the fraud period show that the Department properly considered Respondent's actual income from employment and his unemployment compensation income. BAM 720,

p. 10. Based on his one-person FAP group, Respondent was not eligible for FAP benefits if his gross income exceeded the \$ [REDACTED] gross income limit for FAP eligibility for a one-person group. RFT 250 (October 2015), p. 1. Respondent's actual monthly income exceeded the gross income limit beginning [REDACTED]. Therefore, Respondent was eligible for some of the FAP benefits he received from [REDACTED]. Respondent correctly received \$ [REDACTED] in FAP benefits.

Thus, the Department is entitled to recoup and/or collect from Respondent \$ [REDACTED] in FAP benefits issued to Respondent from [REDACTED].

### **DECISION AND ORDER**

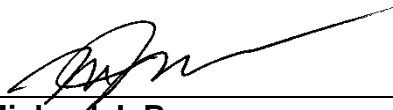
The Administrative Law Judge, based upon the above Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, and for the reasons stated on the record, if any, concludes that:

1. The Department **has** established by clear and convincing evidence that Respondent committed an IPV.
2. Respondent **did** receive an OI of program benefits in the amount of \$ [REDACTED] from the FAP program for [REDACTED].

The Department is ORDERED to initiate recoupment and/or collection procedures in accordance with Department policy for a FAP OI in the amount of \$ [REDACTED] less any amounts already recouped and/or collected.

It is FURTHER ORDERED that Respondent be disqualified from FAP for a period of **12 months**.

DM for MJB/jaf

  
\_\_\_\_\_  
**Michael J. Bennane**  
Administrative Law Judge  
for Nick Lyon, Director  
Department of Health and Human Services

**NOTICE OF APPEAL:** A party may appeal this Order in circuit court within 30 days of the receipt date. A copy of the circuit court appeal must be filed with the Michigan Administrative Hearing System (MAHS).

A party may request a rehearing or reconsideration of this Order if the request is received by MAHS within 30 days of the date the Order was issued. The party requesting a rehearing or reconsideration must provide the specific reasons for the request. MAHS will not review any response to a request for rehearing/reconsideration.

A written request may be mailed or faxed to MAHS. If submitted by fax, the written request must be faxed to (517) 335-6088; Attention: MAHS Rehearing/Reconsideration Request.

If submitted by mail, the written request must be addressed as follows:

Michigan Administrative Hearings  
Reconsideration/Rehearing Request  
P.O. Box 30639  
Lansing, Michigan 48909-8139

**Petitioner**

[REDACTED]  
[REDACTED]  
[REDACTED]

**Respondent**

[REDACTED]  
[REDACTED]  
[REDACTED]

**DHHS**

[REDACTED]  
  
[REDACTED]  
[REDACTED]  
[REDACTED]  
[REDACTED]  
[REDACTED]