RICK SNYDER GOVERNOR

# STATE OF MICHIGAN DEPARTMENT OF LICENSING AND REGULATORY AFFAIRS MICHIGAN ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING SYSTEM Christopher Seppanen Executive Director

SHELLY EDGERTON



**ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: Vicki Armstrong** 

# HEARING DECISION FOR INTENTIONAL PROGRAM VIOLATION

Upon the request for a hearing by the Department of Health and Human Services (Department), this matter is before the undersigned Administrative Law Judge pursuant to MCL 400.9, and in accordance with Titles 7, 42 and 45 of the Code of Federal Regulation (CFR), particularly 7 CFR 273.16 and 45 CFR 235.110; and with Mich Admin Code, R 400.3130 and 400.3178. After due notice, a telephone hearing was held on December 6, 2016, from Lansing, Michigan.

The Department was represented by Regulation Agent of the Office of Inspector General (OIG). It testified on behalf of the Department. The Department submitted exhibits which were admitted into evidence.

Respondent did not appear at the hearing and it was held in Respondent's absence pursuant to 7 CFR 273.16(e), Mich Admin Code R 400.3130(5), or Mich Admin Code R 400.3178(5). The record was closed at the conclusion of the hearing.

#### **ISSUES**

- 1. Did Respondent receive an overissuance (OI) of Family Independence Program (FIP) and Food Assistance Program (FIP) benefits that the Department is entitled to recoup?
- 2. Did the Department establish, by clear and convincing evidence, that Respondent committed Intentional Program Violations (IPV's)?
- 3. Should Respondent be disqualified from receiving benefits for FIP and FAP for one year?

# **FINDINGS OF FACT**

The Administrative Law Judge, based on the competent, material, and substantial evidence on the whole record, finds as material fact:

- The Department's OIG filed a hearing request on April 26, 2016, to establish an OI
  of benefits received by Respondent as a result of Respondent having allegedly
  committed an IPV.
- 2. The OIG has requested that Respondent be disqualified from receiving FIP and FAP program benefits.
- 3. Respondent was a recipient of FIP and FAP benefits issued by the Department.
- 4. On April 20, 2009, Respondent applied for FIP and Child Development and Care (CDC) benefits and acknowledged her rights and responsibilities to report all changes within 10 days. [Dept. Exh. 11-25].
- 5. Respondent did not have an apparent physical or mental impairment that would limit the understanding or ability to fulfill this requirement. [Dept. Exh. 17].
- 6. In February, 2010, Respondent began receiving child support and received a lump sum in back child support from a court order out of [Dept. Exh. 31-33].
- 7. In March, 2010, Respondent submitted a Change Report to the Department indicating a new address. No change in income was reported. [Dept. Exh. 27].
- 8. On July 26, 2012, the Respondent was receiving child support and reported it to the Department. [Dept. Exh. 34].
- 9. The Department's OIG indicated that the time period it is considering the fraud period for FIP is March 1, 2010 to April 30, 2010 (fraud period) and from April 1, 2010 to December 31, 2011 for the FAP (fraud period). [Dept. Exh. 4].
- 10. During the fraud period, Respondent was issued in FIP benefits and in FAP benefits by the State of Michigan. The Department alleges that Respondent was only entitled to in FIP benefits and in FAP benefits during this time period. [Dept. Exh. 4].

- 12. This was Respondent's first FIP and FAP IPV. [Dept. Exh. 4].
- 13. A notice of hearing was mailed to Respondent at the last known address and was not returned by the US Post Office as undeliverable.

# **CONCLUSIONS OF LAW**

Department policies are contained in the Department of Health and Human Services Bridges Administrative Manual (BAM), Bridges Eligibility Manual (BEM), Adult Services Manual (ASM), and Reference Tables Manual (RFT).

The Family Independence Program (FIP) was established pursuant to the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996, Pub. L. No. 104-193, and 42 USC 601 to 679c. The Department (formerly known as the Department of Human Services) administers FIP pursuant to 45 CFR 233-260; MCL 400.10; the Social Welfare Act, MCL 400.1-.119b; and Mich Admin Code, R 400.3101 to .3131.

The Food Assistance Program (FAP) [formerly known as the Food Stamp program] is established by the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008, as amended, 7 USC 2011 to 2036a and is implemented by the federal regulations contained in 7 CFR 273. The Department (formerly known as the Department of Human Services) administers FAP pursuant to MCL 400.10; the Social Welfare Act, MCL 400.1-.119b; and Mich Admin Code, R 400.3001 to .3015.

Effective January 1, 2016, the Department's OIG requests IPV hearings for the following cases:

- FAP trafficking Ols that are not forwarded to the prosecutor.
- Prosecution of welfare fraud or FAP trafficking is declined by the prosecutor for a reason other than lack of evidence, and
  - The total amount for the FIP, SDA, CDC, MA and FAP programs combined is \$500 or more, or
  - the total amount is less than \$500, and
    - > the group has a previous IPV, or
    - > the alleged IPV involves FAP trafficking, or
    - the alleged fraud involves concurrent receipt of assistance (see BEM 222), or

➤ the alleged fraud is committed by a state/government employee. BAM 720, pp 12-13 (1/1/2016).

## **Intentional Program Violation**

Suspected IPV means an OI exists for which all three of the following conditions exist:

- The client intentionally failed to report information or intentionally gave incomplete or inaccurate information needed to make a correct benefit determination, and
- The client was clearly and correctly instructed regarding his or her reporting responsibilities, and
- The client has no apparent physical or mental impairment that limits his or her understanding or ability to fulfill reporting responsibilities. BAM 720, p 1.

An IPV requires that the Department establish by clear and convincing evidence that the client has intentionally withheld or misrepresented information for the purpose of establishing, maintaining, increasing or preventing reduction of program benefits or eligibility. BAM 720, p 1 (emphasis in original); see also 7 CFR 273(e)(6). Clear and convincing evidence is evidence sufficient to result in a clear and firm belief that the proposition is true. See M Civ JI 8.01.

In this case, the record evidence clearly shows that Respondent began receiving child support in February, 2010. She also received a lump sum of child support in February, 2010. Although Respondent submitted a Change Report in March, 2010, informing the Department of her change in address, she did not list the receipt of child support or the lump sum of back child support received in February, 2010.

The Department established by clear and convincing evidence that Respondent intentionally withheld and misrepresented information that she had received a lump sum of child support and was continuing to receive monthly child support payments, for the purpose of maintaining FIP and FAP benefits. Therefore, the Department has established an Intentional Program Violation.

### Disqualification

A court or hearing decision that finds a client committed an IPV disqualifies that client from receiving program benefits. BAM 720, p 15. A disqualified recipient remains a member of an active group as long as he lives with them, and other eligible group members may continue to receive benefits. BAM 720, p 17.

Clients who commit an IPV are disqualified for a standard disqualification period except when a court orders a different period, or except when the OI relates to MA or FAP. BAM 720, p 13. Clients are disqualified for periods of one year for the first IPV, two

years for the second IPV, lifetime disqualification for the third IPV, and ten years for a FAP concurrent receipt of benefits. BAM 720, p 18.

Respondent's signature on the Assistance Application from April 20, 2009, certifies that she was aware that fraudulent participation in FAP could result in criminal or civil or administrative claims. This Administrative Law Judge therefore concludes that the Department has shown, by clear and convincing evidence, that Respondent committed a first intentional violation of the FIP and FAP programs, resulting in a one year disqualification.

# <u>Overissuance</u>

When a client group receives more benefits than entitled to receive, the Department must attempt to recoup the overissuance. BAM 700, p 1 (1/1/2016).

In the above captioned matter, the record evidence shows Respondent intentionally failed to report her child support to the Department. This resulted in a FIP overissuance of for the fraud period of March 1, 2010, through April 30, 2010, and a FAP overissuance of for the fraud period of April 1, 2010 through December 31, 2011, which the Department is entitled to recoup.

## **DECISION AND ORDER**

The Administrative Law Judge, based upon the above Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, and for the reasons stated on the record, concludes that:

- 1. The Department has established by clear and convincing evidence that Respondent committed a FIP and FAP IPV.
- 2. Respondent did receive an overissuance of FIP benefits in the amount of and an overissuance of FAP benefits in the amount of an area.

The Department is ORDERED to initiate recoupment/collection procedures for the total amount of accordance with Department policy.

It is FURTHER ORDERED that Respondent be personally disqualified from participation in FIP and FAP for one year.

Vicki Armstrong

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Administrative Law Judge for Nick Lyon, Director Department of Health and Human Services

**NOTICE OF APPEAL**: A party may appeal this Order in circuit court within 30 days of the receipt date. A copy of the circuit court appeal must be filed with the Michigan Administrative Hearing System (MAHS).

A party may request a rehearing or reconsideration of this Order if the request is received by MAHS within 30 days of the date the Order was issued. The party requesting a rehearing or reconsideration must provide the specific reasons for the request. MAHS will not review any response to a request for rehearing/reconsideration.

A written request may be mailed or faxed to MAHS. If submitted by fax, the written request must be faxed to (517) 335-6088; Attention: MAHS Rehearing/Reconsideration Request.

If submitted by mail, the written request must be addressed as follows:

Michigan Administrative Hearings Reconsideration/Rehearing Request P.O. Box 30639 Lansing, Michigan 48909-8139

