RICK SNYDER GOVERNOR

# STATE OF MICHIGAN DEPARTMENT OF LICENSING AND REGULATORY AFFAIRS MICHIGAN ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING SYSTEM Christopher Seppanen Executive Director

SHELLY EDGERTON DIRECTOR



Date Mailed: July 11, 2016 MAHS Docket No.: 16-007503

Agency No.:
Petitioner:

# ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: Kevin Scully

# **HEARING DECISION**

Following Petitioner's request for a hearing, this matter is before the undersigned Administrative Law Judge pursuant to MCL 400.9 and 400.37; 7 CFR 273.15 to 273.18; 42 CFR 431.200 to 431.250; 45 CFR 99.1 to 99.33; and 45 CFR 205.10. After due notice, telephone hearing was held on July 06, 2016, from Lansing, Michigan. The Petitioner represented herself. The Department was represented by (Family Independence Manager) and (Eligibility Specialist).

## ISSUE

Did the Department of Health and Human Services (Department) properly determine the Petitioner's eligibility for Food Assistance Program (FAP) benefits?

### FINDINGS OF FACT

The Administrative Law Judge, based on the competent, material, and substantial evidence on the whole record, finds as material fact:

- 1. The Petitioner is an ongoing Food Assistance Program (FAP) recipient as a group of four.
- 2. A member of the Petitioner's benefit group receives monthly earned income from employment in the gross monthly amount of \$\frac{1}{2}\$ Exhibit 2.
- 3. The Petitioner receives monthly Supplemental Security Income (SSI) in the gross monthly amount of \$ Exhibit 3.
- 4. On June 7, 2016, the Department notified the Petitioner it would reduce her monthly allotment of Food Assistance Program (FAP) benefits to \$\square\$ as of July 1, 2016. Exhibit 1.

- 5. On June 7, 2016, the Department applied earned income in the gross monthly amount of \$ and unearned income in the gross monthly amount of \$ towards the Petitioner's eligibility for Food Assistance Program (FAP) benefits.
- 6. On June 7, 2016, the Department received the Petitioner's request for a hearing protesting the amount of her monthly allotment of Food Assistance Program (FAP) benefits.

# **CONCLUSIONS OF LAW**

Department policies are contained in the Department of Health and Human Services Bridges Administrative Manual (BAM), Department of Health and Human Services Bridges Eligibility Manual (BEM), Department of Health and Human Services Reference Tables Manual (RFT), and Department of Health and Human Services Emergency Relief Manual (ERM).

The Food Assistance Program (FAP) [formerly known as the Food Stamp program] is established by the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008, as amended, 7 USC 2011 to 2036a and is implemented by the federal regulations contained in 7 CFR 273. The Department (formerly known as the Department of Human Services) administers FAP pursuant to MCL 400.10, the Social Welfare Act, MCL 400.1-.119b, and Mich Admin Code, R 400.3001-.3011.

All earned and unearned income available is countable unless excluded by policy. Earned income means income received from another person or organization or from self-employment for duties for duties that were performed for compensation or profit. Unearned income means all income that is not earned, including but not limited to funds received from the Family Independence Program (FIP), State Disability Assistance (SDA), Child Development and Care (CDC), Medicaid (MA), Social Security Benefits (RSDI/SSI), Veterans Administration (VA), Unemployment Compensation Benefits (UCB), Adult Medical Program (AMA), alimony, and child support payments. The amount counted may be more than the client actually receives because the gross amount is used prior to any deductions. Department of Human Services Bridges Eligibility Manual (BEM) 500 (January 1, 2016).

All income is converted to a standard monthly amount. If the client is paid weekly, the Department multiplies the average weekly amount by 4.3. If the client is paid every other week, the Department multiplies the average bi-weekly amount by 2.15. Department of Human Services Bridges Eligibility Manual (BEM) 505 (July 1, 2014), pp 7-8.

The production of evidence to support the department's position is clearly required under BAM 600 as well as general case law (see e.g., Kar v Hogan, 399 Mich 529; 251 NW2d 77 [1976]). In McKinstry v Valley Obstetrics-Gynecology Clinic, PC, 428 Mich167; 405 NW2d 88 (1987), the Michigan Supreme Court addressed the issue of burden of proof, stating in part:

The term "burden of proof" encompasses two separate meanings. [citation omitted.] One of these meanings is the burden of persuasion or the risk of nonpersuasion. The other is the risk of going forward or the risk of nonproduction. The burden of producing evidence on an issue means the liability to an adverse ruling (generally a finding or a directed verdict) if evidence on the issue has not been produced. It is usually on the party who has pleaded the existence of the fact, but..., the burden may shift to the adversary when the pleader has discharged [its] initial duty. The burden of producing evidence is a critical mechanism[.]

The burden of persuasion becomes a crucial factor only if the parties have sustained their burdens of producing evidence and only when all of the evidence has been introduced.

McKinstry, 428 Mich at 93-94, quoting McCormick, Evidence (3d ed), Sec. 336, p. 946.

The Petitioner was an ongoing FAP recipient as a group of four when the Department notified her that it would reduce her monthly allotment of FAP benefits to \$\sigma\$ as of July 1, 2016. The Department properly determined that the group receives earned income from employment in the monthly amount of \$\sigma\$ by multiplying the average of two paychecks received in the previous 30 days in the amounts of \$\sigma\$ and \$\sigma\$ by the 2.15 conversion factor as directed by BEM 505. The Department presented evidence that the Petitioner receives SSI benefits, which fit the definition of unearned income, in the gross monthly amount of \$\sigma\$ The Department failed to present evidence to establish that the Petitioner and her benefit group receive unearned income in the gross monthly amount of \$\sigma\$

The Administrative Law Judge, based on the above Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, and for the reasons stated on the record, if any, finds that the Department failed to satisfy its burden of showing that it acted in accordance with Department policy when it determined the countable income it applied towards the Petitioner's eligibility for Food Assistance Program (FAP) benefits as of July 1, 2016.

# **DECISION AND ORDER**

Accordingly, the Department's decision is **REVERSED**.

THE DEPARTMENT IS ORDERED TO BEGIN DOING THE FOLLOWING, IN ACCORDANCE WITH DEPARTMENT POLICY AND CONSISTENT WITH THIS HEARING DECISION, WITHIN 10 DAYS OF THE DATE OF MAILING OF THIS DECISION AND ORDER:

Initiate a determination of the Petitioner's eligibility for the Food Assistance Program (FAP) as of July 1, 2016, in accordance with policy with adequate notice to the Petitioner.

KS/las

Kevin Scully

Administrative Law dudge for Nick Lyon, Director

Department of Health and Human Services

**NOTICE OF APPEAL**: A party may appeal this Order in circuit court within 30 days of the receipt date. A copy of the circuit court appeal must be filed with the Michigan Administrative Hearing System (MAHS).

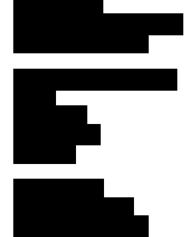
A party may request a rehearing or reconsideration of this Order if the request is received by MAHS within 30 days of the date the Order was issued. The party requesting a rehearing or reconsideration must provide the specific reasons for the request. MAHS will not review any response to a request for rehearing/reconsideration.

A written request may be mailed or faxed to MAHS. If submitted by fax, the written request must be faxed to (517) 335-6088; Attention: MAHS Rehearing/Reconsideration Request.

If submitted by mail, the written request must be addressed as follows:

Michigan Administrative Hearings Reconsideration/Rehearing Request P.O. Box 30639 Lansing, Michigan 48909-8139

DHHS



Petitioner