RICK SNYDER GOVERNOR

STATE OF MICHIGAN DEPARTMENT OF LICENSING AND REGULATORY AFFAIRS MICHIGAN ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING SYSTEM Christopher Seppanen Executive Director

SHELLY EDGERTON
DIRECTOR



ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: Steven Kibit

DECISION AND ORDER

This matter is before the undersigned Administrative Law Judge pursuant to MCL 400.9 and 42 CFR 431.200 *et seq.*, and upon Petitioner's request for a hearing.

After due notice, a telephone hearing was held on Petitioner appeared and testified on her own behalf. Petitioner's grandmother, also testified as a witness for Petitioner. Medical Exception and Special Disenrollment Program Specialist, appeared and testified on behalf of the Respondent Michigan Department of Health and Human Services ("DHHS" or "Department").

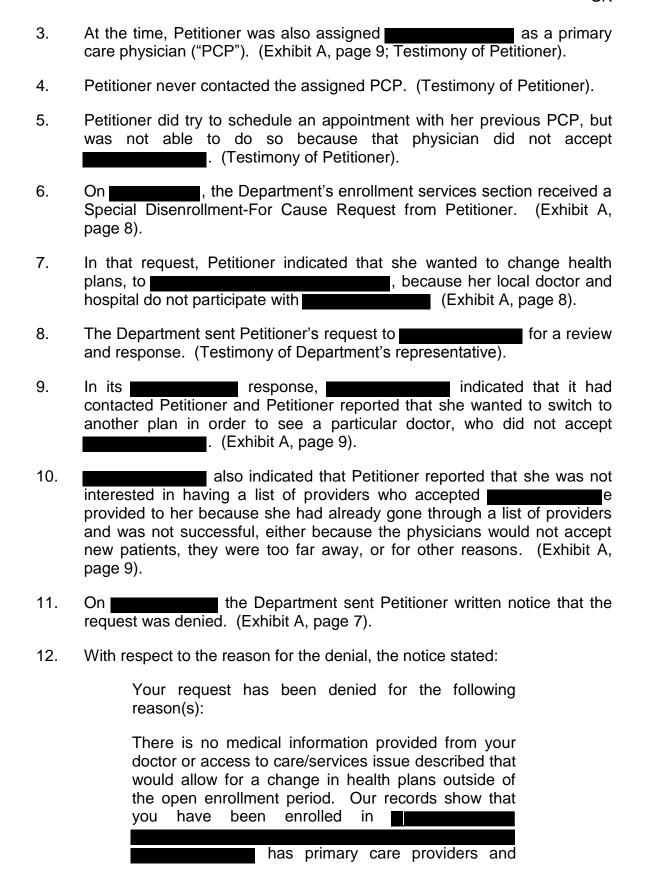
ISSUE

Did the Department properly deny Petitioner's request to receive a Special Disenrollment-For Cause?

FINDINGS OF FACT

The Administrative Law Judge, based upon the competent, material and substantial evidence on the whole record, finds as material fact:

- 1. Petitioner is a year-old Medicaid beneficiary who is a member of the mandatory population required to enroll in a Medicaid Health Plan ("MHP"). (Exhibit A, page 8; Testimony of Department's representative).



specialists available to treat you within their network of contracted doctors. They can also refer out of network for network for specialty care if medically appropriate to do so. You can call if you have any questions, need help finding a doctor or if you need help making arrangements for specialty care or services. Your dental care would be through Medicaid, regardless of the plan enrollment.

Exhibit A, page 7

- 13. On _____, the Michigan Administrative Hearing System (MAHS) received the request for hearing filed by Petitioner with respect to that denial. (Exhibit A, page 5).
- 14. On ______, Petitioner's request for hearing was reviewed by the control of th

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

The Medical Assistance Program is established pursuant to Title XIX of the Social Security Act and is implemented by Title 42 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR). It is administered in accordance with state statute, the Social Welfare Act, the Administrative Code, and the State Plan under Title XIX of the Social Security Act Medical Assistance Program.

On May 30, 1997, the Department was notified of the Health Care Financing Administration's approval of its request for a waiver of certain portions of the Social Security Act to restrict Medicaid beneficiaries' choice to obtain medical services only from specified Qualified Health Plans.

The Department of Health and Human Services, pursuant to the provisions of the Social Security Act Medical Assistance Program, contracts with the health plans to provide State Medicaid Plan services to enrolled beneficiaries. The Department's contract with the health plan specifies the conditions for enrollment termination as required under federal law:

N. Disenrollment Requests Initiated by the Enrollee

* * *

(2) The Enrollee may request a "disenrollment for cause" from current Contractor at any time during the enrollment period that

would allow the Enrollee to enroll with another Contractor. Reasons cited in a request for disenrollment for cause may include:

- a. Enrollee's current Contractor does not, because of moral or religious objections, cover the service the Enrollee seeks and the Enrollee needs related services (e.g. a cesarean section and a tubal ligation) to be performed at the same time; not all related services are available within the network; and the Enrollee's primary care provider or another provider determines that receiving the services separately would subject the Enrollee to unnecessary risk.
- b. Lack of access to providers or necessary specialty services covered under the Contract. An Enrollee must demonstrate that appropriate care is not available by providers within the Contractor's provider network or through non-network providers approved by the Contractor.
- c. Concerns with quality of care.

Exhibit A, page 13

Here, the Department received Petitioner's Special Disenrollment-For Cause Request indicating that the Petitioner wanted to change health plans because her local doctor and hospital did not participate with the MHP that she was assigned and the PCP she wishes to use is not part of its network of providers.

In reviewing Petitioner's Special Disenrollment-For Cause Request, the Department contacted Petitioner's MHP, for a review and the health plan submitted its response to the Department. In that response, wrote that it contacted Petitioner and, while she reported problems with locating a doctor, she also was not interested in any assistance from in locating primary care providers available to treat Petitioner within its network of contracted doctors and, instead, simply wanted to switch plans.

Subsequently, the Department determined that the Petitioner did not meet the for cause criteria necessary to be granted a special disenrollment, because there was no medical information provided from Petitioner indicating an active treatment for a serious medical condition, access to care/services issues, or concerns with quality of care, that would allow for a change in health plans outside of the open enrollment period.

In response, Petitioner testified that, after going in for her yearly physical and learning that her PCP did not accept Petitioner's MHP, Petitioner tried to locate a doctor from the pamphlet sent to her by but only three names were listed for her area and none were doctors accepting new patients. She also testified that she checked with the local hospital and learned that it does not accept either. Petitioner further testified that, when she spoke with

it only offered to send another pamphlet. However, Petitioner also acknowledged that she knew she had been assigned a PCP through but that she never contacted that PCP.

Petitioner bears the burden of proving by a preponderance of the evidence that Department erred in denying her disenrollment request.

Given the record in this case, Petitioner has failed to meet her burden of proof and the Department's decision must therefore be affirmed. As noted by the Department's representative, Petitioner can always request a change of health plans without cause and without providing documentation of reason or need during the next annual open enrollment period, which in this case is _______. Outside of open enrollment period, however, she must meet the criteria set forth in the contract. In short, she must establish she has been unable to access care she requires, demonstrate concerns with quality of care, or establish that she is undergoing active treatment for a serious medical condition with a doctor who does not participate in his health plan.

In this case, Petitioner asserts that she cannot access care because no local doctors or hospitals accept her MHP. However, she did not present sufficient evidence supporting her claim given that she never even contacted the PCP who was assigned to her and declined further assistance from in locating a PCP.

Petitioner's request appears to be primarily based on the fact that she wants to be treated by her former PCP, who does not accept her current MHP, but the mere preference for a particular doctor is insufficient to demonstrate cause for disenrollment and the Department's denial of her request for special disenrollment must therefore be upheld.

DECISION AND ORDER

The Administrative Law Judge, based on the above findings of fact and conclusions of law, decides that the Department properly denied Petitioner's request to receive a Special Disenrollment-For Cause.

IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED that:

The Department's decision is **AFFIRMED**.

Steven Kibit

Steven Kibit.

Administrative Law Judge for Nick Lyon, Director Department of Health and Human Services

NOTICE OF APPEAL: A party may appeal this Order in circuit court within 30 days of the receipt date. A copy of the circuit court appeal must be filed with the Michigan Administrative Hearing System (MAHS).

A party may request a rehearing or reconsideration of this Order if the request is received by MAHS within 30 days of the date the Order was issued. The party requesting a rehearing or reconsideration must provide the specific reasons for the request. MAHS will not review any response to a request for rehearing/reconsideration.

A written request may be mailed or faxed to MAHS. If submitted by fax, the written request must be faxed to (517) 335-6088; Attention: MAHS Rehearing/Reconsideration Request.

If submitted by mail, the written request must be addressed as follows:

Michigan Administrative Hearings Reconsideration/Rehearing Request P.O. Box 30763 Lansing, Michigan 48909-8139

