RICK SNYDER GOVERNOR

# STATE OF MICHIGAN DEPARTMENT OF LICENSING AND REGULATORY AFFAIRS MICHIGAN ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING SYSTEM Christopher Seppanen Executive Director

SHELLY EDGERTON
DIRECTOR



Date Mailed:
MAHS Docket No.: 16-002883
Agency No.:
Petitioner:

# ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: Janice Spodarek

## **DECISION AND ORDER**

This matter is before the undersigned Administrative Law Judge pursuant to MCL 400.9 and 42 CFR 431.200 *et seq.*, upon the Petitioner's request for a hearing.

After due notice, a hearing was held on	Petitioner appeared and testified.
Petitioner is deaf and was assisted by trans	lator . Appeals Review
Officer, represented the Department of Health	
, Medicaid Utilization Analyst with	the Department of Community Health
appeared as a witness.	

### **ISSUE**

Did the Respondent properly deny Petitioner's request for prior authorization (PA) for lower partial dentures?

## FINDINGS OF FACT

The Administrative Law Judge, based upon the competent, material and substantial evidence on the whole record, finds as material fact:

- 1. Appellant is a year-old female beneficiary of the Medicaid program.
- 2. On Appellant's dentist for lower partial dentures (Testimony; Exhibit A.8).
- 3. On the Respondent issued a notice of determination denying the partial lower dentures on the grounds that Petitioner had less than 8 posterior teeth in occlusion. (Exhibit A.6-7).

4. On \_\_\_\_\_, the Michigan Administrative Hearing System (MAHS) received Petitioner's Request for Hearing. (Exhibit A.5).

#### **CONCLUSIONS OF LAW**

The Medical Assistance Program (MA) is established pursuant to Title XIX of the Social Security Act and is implemented by Title 42 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR). It is administered in accordance with state statute, the Social Welfare Act, the Administrative Code, and the State Plan under Title XIX of the Social Security Act Medical Assistance Program.

#### 1.10 PRIOR AUTHORIZATION

Medicaid requires prior authorization (PA) to cover certain services before those services are rendered to the beneficiary. The purpose of PA is to review the medical need for certain services. . . .

Medicaid Provider Manual, (MPM) Practitioner, April 1, 2013, page 4.

Under the general policy instructions for Medicaid related dental services the MPM sets replacement schedules for denture repair and replacement:

## **GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS**

Complete and partial dentures are benefits for all beneficiaries. All dentures require PA. Providers must assess the beneficiary's general oral health and provide a five-year prognosis for the prosthesis requested. An upper partial denture PA request must also include the prognosis of six sound teeth.

Complete or partial dentures are authorized:

- If there is one or more anterior teeth missing;
- If there are less than eight posterior teeth in occlusion (fixed bridges and dentures are to be considered occluding teeth); or
- Where an existing complete or partial denture cannot be made serviceable through repair, relining,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This edition of the MPM is identical to the version in place at the time of negative action.

adjustment, or duplicating (rebasing) procedures. If a partial denture can be made serviceable, the dentist should provide the needed restorations to maintain use of the existing partial, extract teeth, add teeth to an existing partial, and remove hyperplastic tissue....

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Reimbursement for a complete or partial denture includes all necessary adjustments, relines, repairs, and duplications within six months of insertion. This includes such services for an immediate upper denture when authorized.

If a complete or partial denture requires an adjustment, reline, repair, or duplication within six months of insertion, but the services were not provided until after six months of insertion, no additional reimbursement is allowed for these services.

Complete or partial dentures are not authorized when:

- A previous prosthesis has been provided within five years, whether or not the existing denture was obtained through Medicaid.
- An adjustment, reline, repair, or duplication will make them serviceable.
- Replacement of a complete or partial denture that has been lost or broken beyond repair is not a benefit within five years, whether or not the existing denture was obtained through Medicaid.

MPM, Dental, §6.6A, April 1, 2013, pp. 17, 18

Policy cited above indicates that the Department cannot approve a partial denture when there are more than 8 posterior teeth in occlusion. MPM 6.6A. In this case, indicates that with the approval of an upper denture, Petitioner will then have eight teeth in occlusion (see Exhibit A.10).

The purview of an administrative law judge (ALJ) is to review the Department's actions, and to make a determination if those actions are correct under policy and procedure. Under Section 6.6A of the Medicaid Provider Manual, complete or partial dentures can only be authorized if there are less than eight teeth in occlusion. Evidence in this case indicates that that Appellant will have eight teeth in occlusion. Under the above cited

authority, there is no eligibility. This ALJ finds that the denial is consistent with Department's policy and thus, must be upheld.

At the administrative hearing, Petitioner noted that subsequent to the denial herein, there has been a change in her status. The Respondent indicated that based on this representation, Petitioner may have eligibility. However, any such eligibility is dependent on Petitioner's dentist submitting required prior authorization paperwork, and, the Respondent making a determination regarding the same. Such is not reviewable at the present hearing.

# **DECISION AND ORDER**

The Administrative Law Judge, based on the above Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, decides that the Respondent properly denied the lower partial dentures, and,

# IT IS, THEREFORE, ORDERED that:

The Department's decision is AFFIRMED.

JS/cg

lánice Spodárek

Administrative Law Judge for Nick Lyon, Director

Department of Health and Human Services

**NOTICE OF APPEAL**: A party may appeal this Order in circuit court within 30 days of the receipt date. A copy of the circuit court appeal must be filed with the Michigan Administrative Hearing System (MAHS).

A party may request a rehearing or reconsideration of this Order if the request is received by MAHS within 30 days of the date the Order was issued. The party requesting a rehearing or reconsideration must provide the specific reasons for the request. MAHS will not review any response to a request for rehearing/reconsideration.

A written request may be mailed or faxed to MAHS. If submitted by fax, the written request must be faxed to (517) 335-6088; Attention: MAHS Rehearing/Reconsideration Request.

If submitted by mail, the written request must be addressed as follows:

Michigan Administrative Hearings Reconsideration/Rehearing Request P.O. Box 30763 Lansing, Michigan 48909-8139

# **Agency Representative**

Petitioner

DHHS Department Rep.

**DHHS -Dept Contact** 

