STATE OF MICHIGAN MICHIGAN ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING SYSTEM FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

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IN THE MAT	TTER OF: Docket No. 15-015430 PA
Appe	llant.
	DECISION AND ORDER
	s before the undersigned Administrative Law Judge pursuant to MCL 400.9 431.200 et seq., and upon Appellant's request for a hearing.
appeared a represented	otice, a telephone hearing was held on Appellant Appellant Appeals Review Officer, the Department of Health and Human Services (DHHS or Department). Departmental Analyst, testified as a witness for the Department.
ISSUE	
	he Department properly deny Appellant's prior authorization request for lete upper and lower dentures?
FINDINGS (OF FACT
	strative Law Judge, based upon the competent, material and substantial the whole record, finds as material fact:
1.	On or about, the Department received a prior authorization request filed by Appellant's dentist on her behalf and requesting complete upper and lower dentures for Appellant. (Exhibit A, page 7).
2.	In that request, the dentist indicated that this request would be for an initial placement of dentures. (Exhibit A, page 7).
3.	However, the Department previously approved and paid for the placement of complete upper and lower dentures for Appellant on (Exhibit A, page 8).

- 4. On equation of the Department sent Appellant written notice that the request for complete upper and lower dentures had been denied. (Exhibit A, page 5).
- 5. Specifically, that notice of denial stated:

The policy this denial is based on is Section 6.6.A of the Dental chapter of the Medicaid Provider Manual, which indicates:

 Per paid history upper and lower dentures were placed in ______ Complete or partial dentures are not authorized when a previous prosthesis has been provided within _____ years, whether or not the existing denture was obtained through Medicaid. Patient does not qualify until

Exhibit A, page 5

6. On _____, the Michigan Administrative Hearing System (MAHS) received the request for hearing filed in this matter. (Exhibit A, page 4).

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

The Medical Assistance Program is established pursuant to Title XIX of the Social Security Act and is implemented by Title 42 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR). It is administered in accordance with state statutes, the Social Welfare Act, the Administrative Code, and the State Plan under Title XIX of the Social Security Act Medical Assistance Program.

Medicaid covered benefits are addressed for the practitioners and beneficiaries in the Medicaid Provider Manual (MPM).

Regarding the specific request in this case, the applicable version of the MPM states:

6.6 PROSTHODONTICS (REMOVABLE)

6.6.A. GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

Complete and partial dentures are benefits for all beneficiaries. All dentures require PA. Providers must assess the beneficiary's general oral health and

provide a five-year prognosis for the prosthesis requested. An upper partial denture PA request must also include the prognosis of six sound teeth.

Complete or partial dentures are authorized when one or more of the following conditions exist:

- One or more anterior teeth are missing.
- There are less than eight posterior teeth in occlusion (fixed bridges and dentures are to be considered occluding teeth).
- An existing complete or partial denture cannot be made serviceable through repair, relining, adjustment, or duplicating (rebasing) procedures.

If an existing complete or partial denture can be made serviceable, the dentist should provide the needed restorations to maintain use of the existing removable prosthesis. This includes extracting teeth, adding teeth to the existing prosthesis, and removing hyperplastic tissue as necessary to restore the functionality of the complete or partial denture.

Before the final impressions are taken for the fabrication of a complete or partial denture, adequate healing necessary to support the prosthesis must take place following the completion of extractions and/or surgical procedures. This includes the posterior ridges of any immediate denture. When an immediate denture is authorized involving the six anterior teeth (cuspid to cuspid), this requirement is waived.

Reimbursement for a complete or partial denture includes all necessary adjustments, relines, repairs, and duplications within six months of insertion. This also includes such services necessary for an immediate upper denture when authorized. If any necessary adjustments or repairs are identified within the six month time period but are not provided until after the six month time period, no additional reimbursement is allowed for these services.

Complete or partial dentures are not authorized when:

- A previous prosthesis has been provided within five years, whether or not the existing denture was obtained through Medicaid.
- An adjustment, reline, repair, or duplication will make them serviceable.
- Replacement of a complete or partial denture that has been lost or broken beyond repair is not a benefit within five years, whether or not the existing denture was obtained through Medicaid.

When denture services have commenced but irreversible circumstances have prevented delivery, the dentist should bill using the Not Otherwise Classified (NOC) procedure code. A copy of the lab bill and an explanation in the Remarks section of the claim must be included. Providers are paid a reduced rate to offset a portion of the costs incurred. It is the expectation that the probability of removable appliances being delivered and follow-up treatment completed is assessed prior to the initiation of treatment to evaluate whether the treatment is appropriate for the specific patient. Contact the Program Review Division (PRD) regarding the requirements for incomplete dentures. (Refer to the Directory Appendix for contact information.)

MPM, July 1, 2015 version Dental Chapter, pages 19-20 (Emphasis added)

Here, the Department's witness testified that Appellant's prior authorization request was denied pursuant to the above policies. Specifically, she noted that the request for complete upper and lower dentures was denied because complete upper and lower dentures had already been provided within the past five years.

In response, Appellant testified that, while it is true that complete upper and lower dentures had been provided previously, she recently lost her lower dentures while in the emergency room. She also testified that it would be unfair to make her pay for a new one or to wait until to get new dentures through the Department.

Appellant bears the burden of proving by a preponderance of the evidence that the Department erred in denying her prior authorization request.

Based on the evidence in this case, Appellant has failed to meet that burden of proof and the Department's decision must be affirmed. The above policy clearly provides that complete or partial dentures are not authorized when a previous prosthesis has been provided within five years and it is undisputed in this case that Appellant previously had complete upper and lower dentures provided in Moreover, while Appellant testified that she lost the complete lower dentures, she failed to identify any exception to the applicable five-year rule. Accordingly, given the undisputed evidence and clear policy, the Department's decision must be affirmed.

DECISION AND ORDER

The Administrative Law Judge, based on the above findings of fact and conclusions of law, finds that the Department properly denied Appellant's prior authorization request for complete upper and lower dentures.

IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED THAT:

The Department's decision is AFFIRMED.

Steven Kibit
Administrative Law Judge
for Nick Lyon, Director
Michigan Department of Health and Human Services

Date Signed:

Date Mailed:

SK/db

cc:

*** NOTICE ***

The Michigan Administrative Hearing System may order a rehearing on either its own motion or at the request of a party within 30 days of the mailing date of this Decision and Order. The Michigan Administrative Hearing System will not order a rehearing on the Department's motion where the final decision or rehearing cannot be implemented within 90 days of the filing of the original request. The Appellant may appeal the Decision and Order to Circuit Court within 30 days of the receipt of the Decision and Order or, if a timely request for rehearing was made, within 30 days of the receipt of the rehearing decision.