STATE OF MICHIGAN MICHIGAN ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING SYSTEM ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

IN THE MATTER OF:



MAHS Reg. No.: 15-015741-RECON

Issue No.: 4009

Agency Case No.:

Hearing Date: October 28, 2015

County: Gratiot

SUPERVISING ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: Lauren G. Van Steel

ORDER DENYING REQUEST FOR REHEARING/RECONSIDERATION

This matter is before the undersigned Administrative Law Manager pursuant to a timely request for rehearing or reconsideration submitted by the Claimant, (and also signed by The Claimant requests a rehearing or reconsideration of the Hearing Decision issued by the assigned Administrative Law Judge (ALJ) at the conclusion of the hearing conducted on October 28, 2015, and mailed on November 25, 2015, in the above-captioned matter.

The rehearing and reconsideration process is governed by the Michigan Administrative Code, Rules 792.10135, 792.10136 and 792.11015, and applicable policy provisions articulated in the Bridges Administrative Manual (BAM), specifically BAM 600, which provide that a rehearing or reconsideration must be filed in a timely manner consistent with the statutory requirements of the particular program that is the basis for the claimant's benefits application, and may be granted so long as the reasons for which the request is made comply with the policy and statutory requirements. MCL 24.287 also provides for rehearing if the hearing record is inadequate for judicial review.

A rehearing is a full hearing which may be granted if:

- The original hearing record is inadequate for purposes of judicial review; or
- There is newly discovered evidence that existed at the time of the original hearing that could affect the outcome of the original hearing decision.

A reconsideration is a paper review of the facts, law or legal arguments and any newly discovered evidence that existed at the time of the hearing. It may be granted when the original hearing record is adequate for purposes of judicial review and a rehearing is not necessary, but one of the parties is able to demonstrate that the assigned ALJ failed to accurately address all the relevant issues raised in the hearing request. Reconsiderations may be granted if requested for one of the following reasons:

Misapplication of manual policy or law in the hearing decision:

- Typographical errors, mathematical error, or other obvious errors in the hearing decision that affect the substantial rights of the claimant; or
- Failure of the Administrative Law Judge to address other relevant issues in the hearing decision.

Here, the Claimant requested a rehearing/reconsideration of the ALJ's Hearing Decision which affirmed the Department of Health and Human Services' denial of the Claimant/Appellant's application for State Disability Assistance (SDA) benefits. Essentially, the Claimant asserts that a rehearing or reconsideration is warranted based on medical documentation already in the record and the fact that Claimant's condition has not improved. More specifically, the Claimant indicates that he has not had any medical improvement in the last 12 months.

To the extent that the Claimant requests a rehearing, he does not assert that the original hearing record is inadequate for purposes of judicial review. Nor does the Claimant contend that there is newly discovered evidence that existed at the time of the original hearing that could affect the outcome of the original hearing decision. Claimant instead points to the possibility of new evidence from his psychologist who has offered to re-word his report dated September 26, 2015, which was prepared after the original hearing date. This does not meet the above-stated criteria for rehearing.

With regard to reconsideration, the Claimant's request also fails to meet the requisite criteria set forth above. The Claimant does not assert that the ALJ's decision was based on the misapplication of law or policy, but rather essentially contests the ALJ's findings of fact. The Claimant does not articulate that the request is based on the ALJ's failure to address other relevant issues presented in the hearing, or that the ALJ failed to consider relevant testimony or evidence. Disagreement with the hearing decision alone does not constitute a basis for rehearing or reconsideration.

For the reasons stated, the Claimant's request for rehearing or reconsideration is hereby DENIED.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Lauren G. Van Steel
Administrative Law Manager
for Nick Lyon, Director
Department of Health and Human Services

James of Van Atref

Date Mailed: 1/7/2016

LGV/nr

NOTICE OF APPEAL: A party may appeal this Hearing Decision in the circuit court in the county in which he/she resides, or the circuit court in Ingham County, within 30 days of the receipt date. A copy of the claim or application for appeal must be filed with the Michigan Administrative Hearing System (MAHS).

