

**STATE OF MICHIGAN
MICHIGAN ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING SYSTEM
FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES**
P.O. Box 30763, Lansing, MI 48909
(877) 833-0870; Fax: (517) 373-4147

IN THE MATTER OF:

██████████

Docket No. 15-023174 PA

Case No. ██████████

Appellant

_____ /

DECISION AND ORDER

This matter is before the undersigned Administrative Law Judge (ALJ) pursuant to MCL 400.9 and 42 CFR 431.200 *et seq.*, upon the Appellant's request for a hearing.

After due notice, a telephone conference hearing was held on ██████████ Appellant appeared and testified. ██████████ appeared as a witness on behalf of Appellant.

██████████ Appeals Review Officer, represented the Department of Health and Human Services (Department or Respondent). ██████████ Medicaid Utilization Analyst, appeared as a witness on behalf of the Department.

ISSUE

Did the Department properly deny Appellant's request for prior authorization (PA) for upper complete dentures?

FINDINGS OF FACT

The Administrative Law Judge, based upon the competent, material and substantial evidence on the whole record, finds as material fact:

1. Appellant is a ██████-year-old female Medicaid beneficiary.
2. On ██████████ Appellant's dentist completed a PA request for upper partial dentures and lower partial dentures. (Exhibit A.6).
3. On ██████████ the Department issued an approval for the lower complete dentures but denied the upper complete dentures on the grounds that Appellant had dentures placed on ██████████ (Exhibit A).
4. On ██████████ the Michigan Administrative Hearing System (MAHS) received Appellant's Request for Hearing on the grounds that she believes that the Department denied a request for "bottom dentures". (Exhibit A.4).

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

The Medical Assistance Program is established pursuant to Title XIX of the Social Security Act and is implemented by Title 42 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR). It is administered in accordance with state statute, the Social Welfare Act, the Administrative Code, and the State Plan under Title XIX of the Social Security Act Medical Assistance Program.

1.10 PRIOR AUTHORIZATION

Medicaid requires prior authorization (PA) to cover certain services before those services are rendered to the beneficiary. The purpose of PA is to review the medical need for certain services. . . .

Medicaid Provider Manual, (MPM)
Practitioner, January 1, 2013,¹ page 4.

Under the general policy instructions for Medicaid related dental services the MPM sets replacement schedules for denture repair and replacement:

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

Complete and partial dentures are benefits for all beneficiaries. All dentures require PA. Providers must assess the beneficiary's general oral health and provide a five-year prognosis for the prosthesis requested. An upper partial denture PA request must also include the prognosis of six sound teeth.

Complete or partial dentures are authorized:

- If there is one or more anterior teeth missing;
- If there are less than eight posterior teeth in occlusion (fixed bridges and dentures are to be considered occluding teeth); or
- Where an existing complete or partial denture cannot be made serviceable through repair, relining, adjustment, or duplicating (rebasing) procedures. If a partial denture can be made serviceable, the dentist should provide the needed restorations to maintain use of the existing partial, extract teeth, add teeth to an existing partial, and remove hyperplastic tissue....

¹ This edition of the MPM is identical to the version in place at the time of negative action.

Reimbursement for a complete or partial denture includes all necessary adjustments, relines, repairs, and duplications within six months of insertion. This includes such services for an immediate upper denture when authorized.

If a complete or partial denture requires an adjustment, reline, repair, or duplication within six months of insertion, but the services were not provided until after six months of insertion, no additional reimbursement is allowed for these services.

Complete or partial dentures are not authorized when:

- A previous prosthesis has been provided within five years, whether or not the existing denture was obtained through Medicaid.
- An adjustment, reline, repair, or duplication will make them serviceable.
- Replacement of a complete or partial denture that has been lost or broken beyond repair is not a benefit within five years, whether or not the existing denture was obtained through Medicaid.

MPM, Dental, §6.6A, January 1, 2013, pp. 17, 18

Here, Appellant seemed very confused as to what was denied, and, what was approved. Appellant requested a hearing on the grounds that “denied payment for bottom dentures.” (Exhibit A.4). However, the Department’s letter to Appellant of ██████████ Approved complete mandible dentures-which are the lower dentures. Appellant does not dispute that she does not need upper dentures.

A review of the evidence supports the Department’s denial of complete upper dentures, and thus, the Department’s denial must be affirmed. As the evidence supports the denial, this ALJ must uphold the decision as it is consistent with federal law, and, policy and procedure.

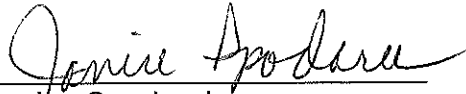
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Docket No. 15-023174 PA
Decision and Order

DECISION AND ORDER

The Administrative Law Judge, based on the above findings of fact and conclusions of law, decides that the Department properly denied the Appellant's request for complete upper dentures, based on the available evidence.

IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED that:

The Department's decision is **AFFIRMED**.



Janice Spodarek
Administrative Law Judge
for Nick Lyon, Director
Michigan Department of
Health and Human Services

Date Mailed: [REDACTED]

JS/cg

cc: [REDACTED]

***** NOTICE *****

The Michigan Administrative Hearing System may order a rehearing on either its own motion or at the request of a party within 30 days of the mailing date of this Decision and Order. The Michigan Administrative Hearing System will not order a rehearing on the Department's motion where the final decision or rehearing cannot be implemented within 90 days of the filing of the original request. The Appellant may appeal the Decision and Order to Circuit Court within 30 days of the receipt of the Decision and Order or, if a timely request for rehearing was made, within 30 days of the receipt of the rehearing decision.