

**STATE OF MICHIGAN
MICHIGAN ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING SYSTEM
ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS FOR THE
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES**

IN THE MATTER OF:

[REDACTED]

MAHS Reg. No.: 15-022162
Issue No.: ESO
Agency Case No.: [REDACTED]
Hearing Date: January 21, 2016
County: DHHS SPECIAL
PROCESSING OFFICE

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: Eric Feldman

HEARING DECISION

Pursuant to a September 8, 2014 federal lawsuit, the Department of Health and Human Services (Department) issued notices to Medicaid applicants who were potentially denied full Medicaid coverage based on immigration status between January 2014 and May 2015. The notice included information about how to request a hearing. Petitioner filed a request for a hearing and accordingly this matter is before the undersigned Administrative Law Judge pursuant to Michigan Administrative Hearing Rules (R 792.10101 – R 792.11903) and the Administrative Procedures Act, 1969 PA 306, as amended, MCL 24.201 *et seq.*

After due notice, a telephone hearing was held on January 21, 2016, from Detroit, Michigan. The Petitioner was represented by [REDACTED] (Petitioner). The Department was represented by [REDACTED], Assistant Payment Worker. [REDACTED] served as translator during the hearing.

ISSUE

Did the Department properly determine Petitioner's immigration status or citizenship when determining Medicaid (MA) eligibility?

FINDINGS OF FACT

The Administrative Law Judge, based on the competent, material, and substantial evidence on the whole record, finds as material fact:

1. On [REDACTED] Petitioner applied for MA benefits. See Exhibit A, pp. 4-12.
2. On the date of MA application, Petitioner was a United States citizen. See Exhibit A, p. 6.

3. Beginning [REDACTED], Petitioner's Emergency Services Only (ESO) MA coverage was converted to full-coverage MA. See Exhibit A, p. 1 (Hearing Summary) and pp. 13-14 (Medicaid Eligibility).
4. On [REDACTED], the Department sent Petitioner a Health Care Coverage Determination Notice notifying him that he is eligible for full-coverage MA from [REDACTED], ongoing. See Exhibit A, pp. 15-17.
5. On [REDACTED], Petitioner requested a hearing. See Exhibit A, p. 2.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

Department policies are contained in the Department of Health and Human Services Bridges Administrative Manual (BAM), Department of Health and Human Services Bridges Eligibility Manual (BEM), Department of Health and Human Services Reference Tables Manual (RFT), Department of Health and Human Services Modified Adjusted Gross Income (MAGI) Related Eligibility Manual (MREM), and Department of Health and Human Services Emergency Relief Manual (ERM).

The Medical Assistance (MA) program is established by Title XIX of the Social Security Act, 42 USC 1396-1396w-5; 42 USC 1315; the Affordable Care Act of 2010, the collective term for the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act, Pub. L. No. 111-148, as amended by the Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010, Pub. L. No. 111-152; and 42 CFR 430.10-.25. The Department administers the MA program pursuant to 42 CFR 435, MCL 400.10, and MCL 400.105-.112k.

As a preliminary matter, Petitioner indicated that he never received the hearing packet. However, the Petitioner acknowledged that the hearing could still proceed even though he did not receive the hearing packet. See BAM 600 (April 2015 and October 2015), pp. 22-23.

In this case, Petitioner requested a hearing disputing the MA benefits. See Exhibit A, p. 2. It should also be noted that the undersigned's jurisdiction is only to review whether the Department denied Petitioner's full MA coverage between January 2014 to May 2015, in accordance with federal and state laws and policies.

To be eligible for full coverage MA, a person must be a U.S. citizen or an alien admitted to the U.S. under a specific immigration status. BEM 225 (January 2014; July 2014; October 2014; and October 2015), p. 2. An individual who is a permanent resident alien with a class code on the permanent residency card other than RE, AM or AS is eligible only for ESO MA coverage for the first five years in the U.S. unless the alien is a qualified military alien or the spouse or dependent child of a qualified military alien. BEM 225, pp. 7-8, 30; MREM, § 3.6. A qualified military alien is a qualified alien on active duty in, or veteran honorably discharged from, the U.S. Armed Forces. BEM 225, p. 5; MREM, § 3.6. A person who does not meet an acceptable alien status, including undocumented aliens and non-immigrants who have stayed beyond the period

authorized by the U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services, are eligible only for ESO MA coverage. BEM 225, p. 9. The alien status of each non-citizen must be verified to be eligible for full MA coverage. BEM 225, p. 2.

In this case, on [REDACTED], Petitioner applied for MA benefits. See Exhibit A, pp. 4-12. On the date of MA application, Petitioner was a United States citizen. See Exhibit A, p. 6. The Department indicated that the issue prompting the hearing has been resolved as the Department had updated all benefit periods that had ESO coverage to full MA coverage. See Exhibit A, p. 1. It appears that at one point Petitioner might have had ESO coverage, but the Department updated his coverage to reflect full-coverage MA benefits. As part of the evidence record, the Department presented Petitioner's Medicaid Eligibility document, which showed that he received full-coverage MA from [REDACTED] ongoing. See Exhibit A, pp. 13-14. There was no dispute by either party that Petitioner was a U.S. citizen.

Based on the foregoing information and evidence, along with both parties' testimony, the Department properly determined Petitioner's immigration status when determining MA eligibility. Even though Petitioner might have received ESO coverage at one point, the Department had updated all benefit periods to show that Petitioner received full MA coverage. As stated above, there was no dispute that Petitioner is a U.S. citizen and that he receives full-coverage MA from [REDACTED], ongoing. See Exhibit A, pp. 13-14. As such, the Department properly determined Petitioner's immigration status or citizenship when determining MA eligibility.

The Administrative Law Judge, based on the above Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, and for the reasons stated on the record, if any, finds that the Department did properly determine Petitioner's immigration status or citizenship when determining MA eligibility.

DECISION AND ORDER

Accordingly, the Department's determination about MA eligibility based on immigration status is **AFFIRMED**.



Eric Feldman
Administrative Law Judge
for Nick Lyon, Director
Department of Health and Human Services

Date Signed: **1/26/2016**
Date Mailed: **1/26/2016**

EF / hw

NOTICE OF APPEAL: A party may appeal this Hearing Decision in the circuit court in the county in which he/she resides, or the circuit court in Ingham County, within 30 days of the receipt date.

cc:

