STATE OF MICHIGAN MICHIGAN ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING SYSTEM FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

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IN THE MATTER OF:

	,	Docket No. Case No.	15-002299 PA
Appel	llant/		
DECISION AND ORDER			
This matter is before the undersigned Administrative Law Judge (ALJ) pursuant to MCL 400.9 and 42 CFR 431.200 <i>et seq.</i> , upon the Appellant's request for a hearing.			
After due notice, a telephone conference hearing was held on appeared and testified.			
, Appeals Review Officer, represented the Department of Community Health (Department). , Medicaid Utilization Analyst, appeared as a witness on behalf of the Department.			
<u>ISSUE</u>			
Did the Department properly deny Appellant's request for prior authorization (PA) for complete upper and lower dentures?			
FINDINGS OF FACT			
The Administrative Law Judge, based upon the competent, material and substantial evidence on the whole record, finds as material fact:			
1.	Appellant is a year-old female Medio beneficiary of the SSI program.	caid beneficiar	y. Appellant is also a
2.	On Appellant's dentist complete and lower dentures. (Exhibit A.8).	d a PA reques	st for complete upper
3.	On Appellant had upper an A.9).	d lower dentu	ures placed. (Exhibit
4.	On the Department issued a dentures on the grounds that Appellant be denied as they were received within	received both	in and must
5.	On , the Michigan Adminis	trative Hearir	ng System (MAHS)

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received Appellant's Request for Hearing.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

The Medical Assistance Program is established pursuant to Title XIX of the Social Security Act and is implemented by Title 42 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR). It is administered in accordance with state statute, the Social Welfare Act, the Administrative Code, and the State Plan under Title XIX of the Social Security Act Medical Assistance Program.

1.10 PRIOR AUTHORIZATION

Medicaid requires prior authorization (PA) to cover certain services before those services are rendered to the beneficiary. The purpose of PA is to review the medical need for certain services. . . .

Medicaid Provider Manual, (MPM) Practitioner, January 1, 2013, page 4.

Under the general policy instructions for Medicaid related dental services the MPM sets replacement schedules for denture repair and replacement:

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

Complete and partial dentures are benefits for all beneficiaries. All dentures require PA. Providers must assess the beneficiary's general oral health and provide a five-year prognosis for the prosthesis requested. An upper partial denture PA request must also include the prognosis of six sound teeth.

Complete or partial dentures are authorized:

- If there is one or more anterior teeth missing;
- If there are less than eight posterior teeth in occlusion (fixed bridges and dentures are to be considered occluding teeth); or
- Where an existing complete or partial denture cannot be made serviceable through repair, relining, adjustment, or duplicating (rebasing) procedures. If a partial denture can be made serviceable, the dentist should provide the needed restorations to maintain

¹ This edition of the MPM is identical to the version in place at the time of negative action.

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use of the existing partial, extract teeth, add teeth to an existing partial, and remove hyperplastic tissue....

Reimbursement for a complete or partial denture includes all necessary adjustments, relines, repairs, and duplications within six months of insertion. This includes such services for an immediate upper denture when authorized.

If a complete or partial denture requires an adjustment, reline, repair, or duplication within six months of insertion, but the services were not provided until after six months of insertion, no additional reimbursement is allowed for these services.

Complete or partial dentures are not authorized when:

- A previous prosthesis has been provided within five years, whether or not the existing denture was obtained through Medicaid.
- An adjustment, reline, repair, or duplication will make them serviceable.
- Replacement of a complete or partial denture that has been lost or broken beyond repair is not a benefit within five years, whether or not the existing denture was obtained through Medicaid.

MPM, Dental, §6.6A, January 1, 2013, pp. 17, 18

At the hearing the Department witness testified that Appellant's request was denied for failure to meet policy requirements for prosthesis replacement on a 5-year rotation as cited above. Unrefuted evidence is that Appellant had complete upper and lower dentures placed on Exhibit A.9). The Department testified that Appellant should be eligible for a new set in

Appellant argues for an exception on the grounds that her dentures fell into the garbage disposal and could not be repaired. Policy does not allow for exceptions to the 5 year rule. However, the Department indicated to Appellant that if she can get the dentures repaired, the Department would pay for the repair. The Department also indicated that if Appellant is having some other medical or oral cavity issues, Appellant may be eligible for medical services to address such medical needs.

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Unfortunately for Appellant, as noted above, policy regarding replacement dentures does not allow Medicaid payments under the 5 year rule cited above.

Here, the Department's decision to deny the request for a complete set of upper and lower dentures was reached within policy as the evidence in this case presents itself and thus, the denial must be upheld.

DECISION AND ORDER

The Administrative Law Judge, based on the above findings of fact and conclusions of law, decides that the Department properly denied the Appellant's request for complete upper and lower dentures.

IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED that:

The Department's decision is AFFIRMED.

Janice Spodarek
Administrative Law Judge
for Nick Lyon, Director

Michigan Department of Health and Human Services



*** NOTICE ***

The Michigan Administrative Hearing System may order a rehearing on either its own motion or at the request of a party within 30 days of the mailing date of this Decision and Order. The Michigan Administrative Hearing System will not order a rehearing on the Department's motion where the final decision or rehearing cannot be implemented within 90 days of the filing of the original request. The Appellant may appeal the Decision and Order to Circuit Court within 30 days of the receipt of the Decision and Order or, if a timely request for rehearing was made, within 30 days of the receipt of the rehearing decision.