STATE OF MICHIGAN MICHIGAN ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING SYSTEM FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY HEALTH

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IN THE M	IATTER OF:		
		Docket No. Case No.	15-002053 HHS
Ap	pellant /		
	DECISION AND	ORDER	
	er is before the undersigned Administr FR 431.200 <i>et seq.</i> , upon Appellant's r		
appeared ,	notice, a hearing was held on and testified on Appellant's behalf. , Appeals Review Officer, representation (ASM) and opeared as witnesses for the Department	sented the Depart , A	, Caregiver, peared and testified. ment. dult Services Worker
<u>ISSUE</u>			
Dio	d the Department properly terminate A	opellant's Home He	elp Services (HHS)?
FINDING	S OF FACT		
	inistrative Law Judge, based upon the whole record, finds as material	•	terial and substantial
1.	Appellant is a year old Medicaid been diagnosed with disc herniation fracture. (Exhibit A, pp 8-9; Testimo	n, low back and le <mark>g</mark>	
2.	from Appe <u>llant's phy</u> sician,	, dated ify that Appellan y Living (ADL's) or	Medical Needs form . t needed hands on Incidental Activities of
3.	Based on the that Appellant did not have a medical ADL. (Exhibit A, p 12; Testimony)		n, the ASW concluded n assistance with any
4.	On, the Department Action Notice informing him that his		an Advance Negative rere being terminated



based on the policy requiring a need for hands on assistance with at least one ADL, and that need being documented on a Medical Needs form by a physician. (Exhibit A, p 5; Testimony)

5.	On	,	Appellant	's hearing	request	was	receive	d by	the
	Michigan	Administrative	Hearing	System.	Attached	to	the re-	quest	fo
	hearing, A	Appellant includ	ed a lette	r dated			from		
	, MD, which indicated that Appellant needed help with "bathing, mea								
	prep, sho	pping, laundry, I	ight house	ework." (Ex	hibit 1)	-		_	

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

The Medical Assistance Program is established pursuant to Title XIX of the Social Security Act and is implemented by Title 42 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR). It is administered in accordance with state statute, the Social Welfare Act, the Administrative Code, and the State Plan under Title XIX of the Social Security Act Medical Assistance Program.

Home Help Services (HHS) are provided to enable functionally limited individuals to live independently and receive care in the least restrictive, preferred settings. These activities must be certified by a physician and may be provided by individuals or by private or public agencies.

Adult Services Manual (ASM) 110, 5-1-13, addresses the HHS referral process:

REFERRAL INTAKE

A referral may be received by phone, mail or in person and must be entered on ASCAP upon receipt. The referral source does not have to be the individual in need of the services.

Registration and Case Disposition

Action

Complete a thorough clearance of the individual in the ASCAP client search and Bridges search.

Complete the **Basic Client** and **Referral Details** tabs of the **Client** module in **ASCAP**.

Supervisor or designee assigns case to the adult services specialist in the **Disposition** module of **ASCAP**.

Documentation

Print introduction letter, the DHS-390, Adult Services Application and the DHS-54A, Medical Needs form and mail to the client. The introduction letter allows the client 21 calendars days to return the documentation to the local office.

Note: The introduction letter does **not** serve as adequate notification if home help services are denied. The specialist must send the client a DHS-1212A, Adequate Negative Action Notice; see ASM 150, Notification of Eligibility Determination. (Emphasis added)

Adult Services Manual (ASM) 110, 5-1-13, Page 1of 2.

Adult Services Manual (ASM) 101, 12-1-13, addresses HHS payments:

Payment Services Home Help

Home help services are non-specialized personal care service activities provided under the independent living services program to persons who meet eligibility requirements.

Home help services are provided to enable individuals with functional limitation(s), resulting from a medical or physical disability or cognitive impairment to live independently and receive care in the least restrictive, preferred settings.

Adult Services Manual (ASM) 101, 12-1-2013, Page 1of 5

Adult Services Manual (ASM) 105, 12-1-13, addresses HHS eligibility requirements:

Requirements

Home help eligibility requirements include all of the following:

- Medicaid eligibility.
- Certification of medical need.
- Need for service, based on a complete comprehensive assessment indicating a functional limitation of level 3 or greater for activities of daily living (ADL).
- Appropriate Level of Care (LOC) status.

Necessity For Service

The adult services specialist is responsible for determining the necessity and level of need for home help services based on all of the following:

- Client choice.
- A completed DHS-324, Adult Services Comprehensive Assessment. An individual must be assessed with at least one activity of daily living (ADL) in order to be eligible to receive home help services.

Note: If the assessment determines a need for an ADL at a level 3 or greater but these services are not paid for by the department, the individual would be eligible to receive IADL services if assessed at a level 3 or greater.

Example: Ms. Smith is assessed at a level 4 for bathing. However, she refuses to receive assistance or her daughter agrees to assist her at no charge. Ms. Smith would be eligible to receive assistance with IADL's if the assessment determines a need at a level 3 or greater

Note: If an individual uses adaptive equipment to assist with an ADL, and without the use of this equipment the person would require hands-on care, the individual must be ranked a level 3 or greater on the functional assessment. This individual would be eligible to receive home help services.

Example: Mr. Jones utilizes a transfer bench to get in and out of the bathtub, which allows him to bathe himself without the hands-on assistance of another. The adult services specialist must rank Mr. Jones a 3 or greater under the functional assessment. Mr. Jones would be eligible to receive home help services.

Assistive technology includes such items as walkers, wheelchairs, canes, reachers, lift chairs, bath benches, grab bars and hand held showers.

 Verification of the client's medical need by a Medicaid enrolled medical professional via the DHS-54A. The Docket No. 15-002053 HHS
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client is responsible for obtaining the medical certification of need; see ASM 115, Adult Services Requirements.

Adult Services Manual (ASM) 105, 12-1-2013, Pages 1-4 of 4

Adult Services Manual (ASM 120, 12-1-13), pages 1-4 of 5 addresses the adult services comprehensive assessment:

INTRODUCTION

The DHS-324, Adult Services Comprehensive Assessment is the primary tool for determining need for services. The comprehensive assessment must be completed on **all open independent living services cases**. ASCAP, the automated workload management system, provides the format for the comprehensive assessment and all information will be entered on the computer program.

Requirements

Requirements for the comprehensive assessment include, but are not limited to:

- A comprehensive assessment will be completed on all new cases.
- A face-to-face contact is required with the client in his/her place of residence.
- The assessment may also include an interview with the individual who will be providing home help services.
- A new face-to-face assessment is required if there is a request for an increase in services before payment is authorized.
- A face-to-face assessment is required on all transfer-in cases before a payment is authorized.
- The assessment must be updated as often as necessary, but minimally at the six month review and annual redetermination.
- A release of information must be obtained when requesting documentation from confidential sources and/or sharing information from the department record.
 - Use the DHS-27, Authorization to Release Information, when requesting client information from another agency.
 - Use the DHS-1555, Authorization to Release Protected Health Information, if requesting

additional medical documentation; see RFF 1555. The form is primarily used for APS cases.

 Follow rules of confidentiality when home help cases have companion APS cases, see SRM 131 Confidentiality.

Functional Assessment

The **Functional Assessment** module of the **ASCAP** comprehensive assessment is the basis for service planning and for the home help services payment.

Conduct a functional assessment to determine the client's ability to perform the following activities:

Activities of Daily Living (ADL)

- Eating.
- Toileting.
- Bathing.
- Grooming.
- Dressing.
- Transferring.
- Mobility.

Instrumental Activities of Daily Living (IADL)

- Taking Medication.
- Meal Preparation and cleanup.
- Shopping.
- Laundry.
- Light Housework.

Functional Scale

ADLs and IADLs are assessed according to the following five-point scale:

1. Independent.

Performs the activity safely with no human assistance.

2. Verbal Assistance.

Performs the activity with verbal assistance such as reminding, guiding or encouraging.

3. Some Human Assistance.

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Performs the activity with some direct physical assistance and/or assistive technology.

4. Much Human Assistance.

Performs the activity with a great deal of human assistance and/or assistive technology.

5. Dependent.

Does not perform the activity even with human assistance and/or assistive technology.

Home help payments may only be authorized for needs assessed at the 3 level ranking or greater.

An individual must be assessed with at least one activity of daily living in order to be eligible to receive home help services.

Note: If the assessment determines a need for an ADL at a level 3 or greater but these services are not paid for by the department, the individual would be eligible to receive IADL services.

Example: Ms. Smith is assessed at a level 4 for bathing however she refuses to receive assistance. Ms. Smith would be eligible to receive assistance with IADLs if the assessment determined a need at a level 3 or greater.

See ASM 121, Functional Assessment Definitions and Ranks for a description of the rankings for activities of daily living and instrumental activities of daily living.

Time and Task

The specialist will allocate time for each task assessed a rank of 3 or higher, based on interviews with the client and provider, observation of the client's abilities and use of the reasonable time schedule (RTS) as a **guide**. The RTS can be found in ASCAP under the Payment module, Time and Task screen. When hours exceed the RTS rationale **must** be provided.

An assessment of need, at a ranking of 3 or higher, does not automatically guarantee the maximum allotted time allowed by the reasonable time schedule (RTS). The specialist must assess each task according to the actual time required for its completion.

Example: A client needs assistance with cutting up food. The specialist would only pay for the time required to cut the food and not the full amount of time allotted under the RTS for eating.

IADL Maximum Allowable Hours

There are monthly maximum hour limits on all instrumental activities of daily living except medication. The limits are as follows:

- Five hours/month for shopping
- Six hours/month for light housework
- Seven hours/month for laundry
- 25 hours/month for meal preparation

Proration of IADLs

If the client does not require the maximum allowable hours for IADLs, authorize only the amount of time needed for each task. Assessed hours for IADLs (except medications) must be prorated by **one half** in shared living arrangements where other adults reside in the home, as home help services are **only** for the benefit of the client.

Note: This does not include situations where others live in adjoined apartments/flats or in a separate home on shared property and there is no shared, common living area.

In shared living arrangements, where it can be **clearly** documented that IADLs for the eligible client are completed separately from others in the home, hours for IADLs do not need to be prorated.

Example: Client has special dietary needs and meals are prepared separately; client is incontinent of bowel and/or bladder and laundry is completed separately; client's shopping is completed separately due to special dietary needs and food is purchased from specialty stores; etc.

Adult Services Manual (ASM) 120, 12-1-13, Pages 1-5 of 7

Certain services are not covered by HHS. ASM 101 provides a listing of the services not covered by HHS.

Home help services must **not** be approved for the following:

- Supervising, monitoring, reminding, guiding, teaching or encouraging (functional assessment rank 2).
- · Services provided for the benefit of others.
- Services for which a responsible relative is able and available to provide (such as house cleaning, laundry or shopping).
- Services provided by another resource at the same time (for example, hospitalization, MI-Choice Waiver).
- Transportation See Bridges Administrative Manual (BAM) 825 for medical transportation policy and procedures.
- Money management such as power of attorney or representative payee.
- Home delivered meals.
- Adult or child day care.
- Recreational activities. (For example, accompanying and/or transporting to the movies, sporting events etc.)

Note: The above list is not all inclusive.

Adult Services Manual (ASM) 101, 12-1-13, Pages 3-4 of 5.

The ASW testified that on completed by Appellant's doctor on that Appellant needed any assistance with at least one Activity of Daily Living (ADL's), as required by policy. The ASW indicated that she asked Appellant for an updated Medical Needs Form because Appellant had been unavailable for two scheduled home visits back in that Appellant needed hands on assistance with at least one ADL, the ASW indicated that on the lack of a Medical Needs form certifying that Appellant needed hands on assistance with at least one ADL, the ASW indicated that on the lack of a Medical Needs form certifying that Appellant needed hands on assistance with at least one ADL, the ASW indicated that on the lack of a Medical Needs form certifying that Appellant needed hands on assistance with at least one ADL, the ASW indicated that on the lack of a Medical Needs form certifying that Appellant needed hands on assistance with at least one ADL, the ASW indicated that on the lack of a Medical Needs form certifying that Appellant needed hands on assistance with at least one ADL, the ASW indicated that on the lack of a Medical Needs form certifying that Appellant needed hands on assistance with at least one ADL, the ASW indicated that on the lack of a Medical Needs form certifying that Appellant needed hands on assistance with at least one ADL, the ASW indicated that on the lack of a Medical Needs form certifying that Appellant needed hands on assistance with at least one ADL, the ASW indicated that on the lack of a Medical Needs form certifying that Appellant needed hands on assistance with at least one ADL, the ASW indicated that on the lack of a Medical Needs form certifying that Appellant needed hands on assistance with at least one ADL, the ASW indicated that the lack of a Medical Needs form certifying that Appellant needed hands on assistance with at least one ADL, the ASW indicated that the lack of a Medical Needs form certification in the lack of a Medical Needs form certifying that Appellant needed hands on assistance with a least

Appellant's caregiver testified that he comes to Appellant's home around 10:00 a.m. each day and assists Appellant's for at least 3-4 hours. Appellant's caregiver indicated that he helps Appellant with his meals, getting up, getting into and out of the tub, and with transportation. Appellant's caregiver testified that Appellant did see because it was more convenient as her office was in the same building where Appellant lived. Appellant's caregiver admitted that did not certify that Appellant needed any hands on assistance with his ADL's or IADL's, but indicated that did not have a history with Appellant or all of his medical records. Appellant's caregiver testified

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that he took Appellant back to _____, and ____ gave him a letter dated indicating the help that Appellant needs.

Before anyone can receive HHS, the Department must receive a Medical Needs form, signed by a physician, certifying that the person has a hands on need for assistance with at least one ADL. Here, Appellant's doctor (Dr. May) did not certify a need for assistance with ADL's, as required, on the Medical Needs form. While Appellant's doctor has since provided a letter certifying that Appellant has such a need, that letter is not on the proper 54A Medical Needs form and it was received after the negative action that is the subject of this appeal was received. As such, that letter cannot be used to hold that the decision the Department made earlier was incorrect. Accordingly, the termination of Appellant's HHS is upheld.

If Appellant wishes to resume HHS, he will need to reapply for services and provide an updated 54A Medical Needs form.

DECISION AND ORDER

The Administrative Law Judge, based on the above findings of fact and conclusions of law, finds that the Department properly terminated Appellant's HHS based on the available information.

IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED THAT:

The Department's decision is AFFIRMED.

Robert J. Meade
Administrative Law Judge
for Nick Lyon, Acting Director
Michigan Department of Community Health

RJM/Date Signed:

*** NOTICE ***

The Michigan Administrative Hearing System may order a rehearing on either its own motion or at the request of a party within 30 days of the mailing date of this Decision and Order. The Michigan Administrative Hearing System will not order a rehearing on the Department's motion where the final decision or rehearing cannot be implemented within 90 days of the filing of the original request. The Appellant may appeal the Decision and Order to Circuit Court within 30 days of the receipt of the Decision and Order or, if a timely request for rehearing was made, within 30 days of the receipt of the rehearing decision.