STATE OF MICHIGAN MICHIGAN ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING SYSTEM ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES

IN THE MATTER OF:



Reg. No.: 14-009739

Issue No.: 3005

Case No.:
Hearing Date: April 01, 2015
County: Muskegon

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: Vicki Armstrong

HEARING DECISION FOR INTENTIONAL PROGRAM VIOLATION

Upon the request for a hearing by the Department of Human Services (Department), this matter is before the undersigned Administrative Law Judge pursuant to MCL 400.9, and in accordance with Titles 7, 42 and 45 of the Code of Federal Regulation (CFR), particularly 7 CFR 273.16, and with Mich Admin Code, R 400.3130 and R 400.3178. After due notice, a telephone hearing was held on April 1, 2015, from Lansing, Michigan. The Department was represented by Regulation Agent of the Office of Inspector General (OIG).

Respondent did not appear at the hearing and it was held in Respondent's absence pursuant to 7 CFR 273.16(e), Mich Admin Code R 400.3130(5), or Mich Admin Code R 400.3178(5).

ISSUES

- 1. Did Respondent receive an overissuance (OI) of Food Assistance Program (FAP) benefits that the Department is entitled to recoup?
- 2. Did the Department establish, by clear and convincing evidence, that Respondent committed an Intentional Program Violation (IPV)?
- 3. Should Respondent be disqualified from receiving benefits for Food Assistance Program (FAP)?

FINDINGS OF FACT

The Administrative Law Judge, based on the competent, material, and substantial evidence on the whole record, finds as material fact:

- The Department's OIG filed a hearing request on August 27, 2014, to establish an OI of benefits received by Respondent as a result of Respondent having allegedly committed an IPV.
- The OIG has requested that Respondent be disqualified from receiving program benefits.

- 3. Respondent was a recipient of FAP benefits issued by the Department.
- 4. Respondent signed a Redetermination (DHS-1010) on September 3, 2009, acknowledging that she understood her failure to give timely, truthful, complete and accurate information could result in a civil or criminal action or an administrative claim against her. (Dept. Ex A, pp 11-14).
- 5. Respondent received \$ in FAP benefits from the State of Michigan during the alleged fraud period of October 1, 2009, through May 31, 2010. If Respondent had properly reported that she was employed, Respondent would have been entitled to receive \$0 in FAP benefits. (Dept. Ex A, p 3).
- 6. Respondent failed to report her employment on her Redetermination dated September 3, 2009, resulting in a FAP overissuance of \$ for the fraud period of October 1, 2009, through May 31, 2010. (Dept. Ex A, pp 3, 37-38).
- 7. The Department alleges that Respondent received an OI in FAP benefits in the amount of \$ 100.000 and \$ 100.000 are considered as \$ 100.0000 are considere
- 8. Respondent was clearly instructed and fully aware of the responsibility to report all changes to the Department within 10 days.
- 9. Respondent did not have an apparent physical or mental impairment that would limit the understanding or ability to fulfill this requirement.
- 10. This was Respondent's first alleged IPV.
- 11. A notice of hearing was mailed to Respondent at the last known address and was not returned by the US Post Office as undeliverable.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

Department policies are contained in the Department of Human Services Bridges Administrative Manual (BAM), Department of Human Services Bridges Eligibility Manual (BEM), and Department of Human Services Reference Tables Manual (RFT). Prior to August 1, 2008, Department policies were contained in the Department of Human Services Program Administrative Manuals (PAM), Department of Human Services Program Eligibility Manual (PEM), and Department of Human Services Reference Schedules Manual (RFS).

The Food Assistance Program (FAP) [formerly known as the Food Stamp program] is established by the Food Stamp Act of 1977, as amended, 7 USC 2011 to 2036a and is implemented by the federal regulations contained in 7 CFR 273. The Department (formerly known as the Family Independence Agency) administers FAP pursuant to MCL 400.10; the Social Welfare Act, MCL 400.1-.119b; and Mich Admin Code, R 400.3001 to .3015.

In this case, the Department has requested a disqualification hearing to establish an overissuance of benefits as a result of an IPV and the Department has asked that the Respondent be disqualified from receiving benefits.

Department policies are contained in the Department of Human Services Bridges Administrative Manual (BAM), Department of Human Services Bridges Eligibility Manual (BEM), and Department of Human Services Reference Tables Manual (RFT). Prior to August 1, 2008, Department policies were contained in the Department of Human Services Program Administrative Manuals (PAM), Department of Human Services Program Eligibility Manual (PEM), and Department of Human Services Reference Schedules Manual (RFS). The following are the relevant policy statements and instructions Department caseworkers follow.

The Department's OIG requests IPV hearings for the following cases:

- FAP trafficking OIs that are not forwarded to the prosecutor.
- Prosecution of welfare fraud or FAP trafficking is declined by the prosecutor for a reason other than lack of evidence, and
 - the total OI amount for the FIP, SDA, CDC, MA and FAP programs is \$500 or more, or
 - the total OI amount is less than \$500, and
 - the group has a previous IPV, or
 - > the alleged IPV involves FAP trafficking, or
 - ➤ the alleged fraud involves concurrent receipt of assistance (see BEM 222), or
 - ➤ the alleged fraud is committed by a state/government employee. BAM 720, p 12 (10/1/2014).

Intentional Program Violation

Suspected IPV means an OI exists for which all three of the following conditions exist:

- The client intentionally failed to report information or intentionally gave incomplete or inaccurate information needed to make a correct benefit determination, and
- The client was clearly and correctly instructed regarding his or her reporting responsibilities, and
- The client has no apparent physical or mental impairment that limits his or her understanding or ability to fulfill reporting responsibilities. BAM 700, p 7 (10/1/2014); BAM 720, p 1.

An IPV is also suspected for a client who is alleged to have trafficked FAP benefits. BAM 720, p 1.

An IPV requires that the Department establish by clear and convincing evidence that the client has intentionally withheld or misrepresented information for the **purpose** of establishing, maintaining, increasing or preventing reduction of program benefits or eligibility. BAM 720, p 1 (emphasis in original); see also 7 CFR 273(e)(6). Clear and convincing evidence is evidence sufficient to result in a clear and firm belief that the proposition is true. See M Civ JI 8.01.

Disqualification

A court or hearing decision that finds a client committed an IPV disqualifies that client from receiving program benefits. BAM 720, p 15. A disqualified recipient remains a member of an active group as long as he lives with them, and other eligible group members may continue to receive benefits. BAM 720, p 16.

Clients who commit an IPV are disqualified for a standard disqualification period except when a court orders a different period, or except when the OI relates to MA. BAM 720, p 13. Refusal to repay will not cause denial of current or future MA if the client is otherwise eligible. BAM 710 (7/1/2013), p 2. Clients are disqualified for periods of one year for the first IPV, two years for the second IPV, lifetime disqualification for the third IPV, and ten years for a FAP concurrent receipt of benefits. BAM 720, p 16.

In this case, this is Respondent's first IPV.

Overissuance (OI)

When a client group receives more benefits than they are entitled to receive, the Department must attempt to recoup the OI. BAM 700, p 1.

To be eligible for FAP benefits, a person must be a Michigan resident. BEM 220, 7/1/2014, p 1. A Michigan resident is an individual who is living in Michigan except for a temporary absence. BEM 220, p 2. Residency continues for an individual who is temporarily absent from Michigan or intends to return to Michigan when the purpose of the absence has been accomplished. BEM 220, p 2. Department policy requires clients to report changes in circumstance that potentially affect eligibility or benefit amount. BAM 105, p 9 (4/1/2014). Changes must be reported within 10 days of receiving the first payment reflecting the change. BAM 105, p 9.

Here, the Department has established that Respondent was aware of the responsibility to report all changes to the Department. According to Respondent's Redetermination application, Respondent has no apparent physical or mental impairment that limits the understanding or ability to fulfill the reporting responsibilities.

In this case, Respondent completed a Redetermination on September 3, 2009, and did not list her employment income. Respondent did not notify the Department she was employed until May 7, 2010.

An Employment Verification from showed Respondent was employed from August 17, 2009, through May 7, 2010. (Dept. Ex A pp 17-20). As a result of Respondent's intentional failure to list her own employment on the Redetermination, Respondent received an OI of FAP benefits for the fraud period of May 1, 2009, through May 31, 2010. (Dept. Ex A, pp 3, 22-39).

Respondent's signature on the Redetermination from September 3, 2009, certifies that she was aware that fraudulent participation in FAP could result in criminal or civil or administrative claims. This Administrative Law Judge therefore concludes that the Department has shown, by clear and convincing evidence, that Respondent committed a first intentional violation of the FAP program, resulting in a verissuance for the fraud period of October 1, 2009, through May 31, 2010. Consequently, the Department's request for FAP program disqualification and full restitution must be granted and the Department may recoup this OI. BAM 700.

DECISION AND ORDER

The Administrative Law Judge, based upon the above Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, and for the reasons stated on the record, if any, concludes that:

- 1. The Department has established by clear and convincing evidence that Respondent committed an IPV.
- 2. Respondent did receive an OI of FAP benefits in the amount of \$

The Department is ORDERED to initiate recoupment procedures for the amount of in accordance with Department policy.

It is FURTHER ORDERED that Respondent be disqualified from FAP for a period of 12 months.

Vicki Armstrong

Administrative Law Judge for Nick Lyon, Interim Director Department of Human Services

Date Signed: 4/2/2015

Date Mailed: 4/2/2015

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NOTICE: The law provides that within 30 days of receipt of the above Hearing Decision, the Respondent may appeal it to the circuit court for the county in which he/she lives or the circuit court in Ingham County.

