STATE OF MICHIGAN MICHIGAN ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING SYSTEM ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES

IN THE MATTER OF:



Reg. No.: Issue No.: Case No.: Hearing Date: County: 14-010657 3005 March 18, 2015 SAGINAW

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: Susanne E. Harris

HEARING DECISION FOR INTENTIONAL PROGRAM VIOLATION

Upon the request for a hearing by the Department of Human Services (Department), this matter is before the undersigned Administrative Law Judge pursuant to MCL 400.9, and in accordance with Titles 7, 42 and 45 of the Code of Federal Regulation (CFR), particularly 7 CFR 273.16, and with Mich Admin Code, R 400.3130 and R 400.3178. After due notice, a telephone hearing was held on March 18, 2015, from Lansing, Michigan. The Department was represented by **Comparison**, Regulation Agent of the Office of Inspector General (OIG). Participants on behalf of Respondent included the Respondent's wife, **Comparison**.

ISSUES

- 1. Did the Respondent receive an overissuance (OI) of Food Assistance Program (FAP) benefits that the Department is entitled to recoup?
- 2. Did the Department establish, by clear and convincing evidence, that the Respondent committed an Intentional Program Violation (IPV)?
- 3. Should the Respondent be disqualified from receiving benefits for Food Assistance Program (FAP)?

FINDINGS OF FACT

The Administrative Law Judge, based on the competent, material, and substantial evidence on the whole record, finds as material fact:

- 1. The Department's OIG filed a hearing request on September 8, 2014, to establish an OI of benefits received by the Respondent as a result of Respondent having allegedly committed an IPV.
- 2. The OIG has requested that the Respondent be disqualified from receiving program benefits.

- 3. The Respondent was a recipient of FAP benefits issued by the Department.
- 4. The Respondent was somewhat aware of the responsibility to report changes in household circumstances.
- 5. The Respondent did not have an apparent physical or mental impairment that would limit the understanding or ability to fulfill this requirement.
- 6. The Department's OIG indicates that the time period it is considering the fraud period is February 1, 2013, to September 30, 2013. (fraud period).
- 7. During the fraud period, the Respondent was issued **Example** in FAP benefits by the State of Michigan, and the Department alleges that the Respondent was entitled to in such benefits during this time period.
- 8. The Department alleges that the Respondent received an OI in FAP benefits in the amount of the second se
- 9. This was the Respondent's first alleged IPV.
- 10. A notice of hearing was mailed to the Respondent at the last known address and was not returned by the US Post Office as undeliverable.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

Department policies are contained in the Department of Human Services Bridges Administrative Manual (BAM), Department of Human Services Bridges Eligibility Manual (BEM), and Department of Human Services Reference Tables Manual (RFT). Prior to August 1, 2008, Department policies were contained in the Department of Human Services Program Administrative Manuals (PAM), Department of Human Services Reference Schedules Manual (RFS).

The Food Assistance Program (FAP) [formerly known as the Food Stamp program] is established by the Food Stamp Act of 1977, as amended, 7 USC 2011 to 2036a and is implemented by the federal regulations contained in 7 CFR 273. The Department (formerly known as the Family Independence Agency) administers FAP pursuant to MCL 400.10; the Social Welfare Act, MCL 400.1-.119b; and Mich Admin Code, R 400.3001 to .3015.

The Department's OIG requests IPV hearings for the following cases:

- FAP trafficking OIs that are not forwarded to the prosecutor.
- Prosecution of welfare fraud or FAP trafficking is declined by the prosecutor for a reason other than lack of evidence, **and**
 - the total OI amount for the FIP, SDA, CDC, MA and FAP programs is \$1000 or more, or
 - the total OI amount is less than \$1000, and
 - ➢ the group has a previous IPV, or
 - > the alleged IPV involves FAP trafficking, or
 - the alleged fraud involves concurrent receipt of assistance (see BEM 222), or
 - the alleged fraud is committed by a state/government employee.

BAM 720 (2014), pp.12, 13.

Intentional Program Violation

Suspected IPV means an OI exists for which all three of the following conditions exist:

- The client intentionally failed to report information **or** intentionally gave incomplete or inaccurate information needed to make a correct benefit determination, and
- The client was clearly and correctly instructed regarding his or her reporting responsibilities, and
- The client has no apparent physical or mental impairment that limits his or her understanding or ability to fulfill reporting responsibilities.

BAM 720, p. 1.

An IPV requires that the Department establish by clear and convincing evidence that the client has intentionally withheld or misrepresented information for the **purpose** of establishing, maintaining, increasing or preventing reduction of program benefits or eligibility. BAM 720, p. 2 (emphasis in original); see also 7 CFR 273(e)(6). Clear and convincing evidence is evidence sufficient to result in a clear and firm belief that the proposition is true. See M Civ JI 8.01.

In this case, the Respondent's wife testified that there was no intent to deceive anyone regarding their income. The respondent's wife pointed out that if they had intended to hide the income they most certainly would not have later reported it. The Respondent's wife credibly testified that the Respondent was confused regarding his responsibility to immediately report the Respondent's wife's income because they believed themselves to still be underneath the income limit for simplified reporting. The Department's notices and evidence were consistent with the Respondent's wife testimony. As such, this Administrative Law Judge determines that the evidence is insufficient, by a clear and convincing standard, to establish that the Respondent intentionally withheld information for the purpose of maintaining/increasing program benefits. Therefore, the evidence is insufficient to establish that the Respondent committed an IPV.

Disqualification

A court or hearing decision that finds a client committed IPV disqualifies that client from receiving program benefits. BAM 720, pp. 15, 16. A disqualified recipient remains a member of an active group as long as he lives with them, and other eligible group members may continue to receive benefits. BAM 720, p. 16.

Clients who commit an IPV are disqualified for a standard disqualification period except when a court orders a different period, or except when the OI relates to MA. BAM 720, p. 13. Clients are disqualified for periods of one year for the first IPV, two years for the second IPV, lifetime disqualification for the third IPV, and ten years for a FAP concurrent receipt of benefits. BAM 720, p.16.

In this case, no IPV was established and therefore no disqualification period is appropriate.

<u>Overissuance</u>

When a client group receives more benefits than they are entitled to receive, the Department must attempt to recoup the OI. BAM 700 (2014), p. 1.

In this case, the Administrative Law Judge makes no determination regarding an OI as no IPV has been established.

DECISION AND ORDER

The Administrative Law Judge, based upon the above Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, and for the reasons stated on the record, if any, concludes that:

1. The Department has not established by clear and convincing evidence that the Respondent committed an IPV and has also not established the amount of any OI.

It is FURTHER ORDERED that no disqualification period shall be imposed.

Susanne E Harris

Susanne E. Harris Administrative Law Judge for Nick Lyon, Interim Director Department of Human Services

Date Signed: 3/20/2015

Date Mailed: 3/20/2015

SEH/sw

<u>NOTICE</u>: The law provides that within 30 days of receipt of the above Hearing Decision, the Respondent may appeal it to the circuit court for the county in which he/she lives or the circuit court in Ingham County.

CC:			