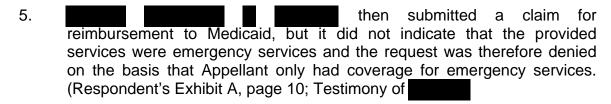
STATE OF MICHIGAN MICHIGAN ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING SYSTEM FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY HEALTH

P.O. Box 30763, Lansing, MI 48909 (877) 833-0870; Fax: (517) 373-4147

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IN THE MA	_		44.040040.1400			
	,	Doc	cket No.	14-010846 M	010846 MSB	
Арре	ellant/					
	DECISIO	N AND ORDER				
	is before the undersigned Ad MCL 400.37, and upon Appell		•	, ·	o MCL	
appeared a testified as the Michi	notice, an in-person hearing and testified on his own beh a witness for Appellant. gan Department of Com an analyst with the Department.	alf. , Appea munity Health	ls Review ("DCH"	ellant's spous Officer, repre or "Depart	sented ment").	
ISSUE						
	the Department properly derical bill?	ny Appellant's co	omplaint	regarding an	unpaid	
FINDINGS	OF FACT					
	istrative Law Judge, based n the whole record, finds as m	-	etent, mat	terial and sub	stantial	
1.	In J Appella Services Only (ESO) covers	int was a Medica age. (Responder		•	rgency	
2.	On or before room at the (Testimony of Appellant; Te	_	/as admit , in).	ted to the eme	rgency	
3.	It was subsequently determined in Testimony of Section 1.	ined that Appella in		d to transferred stimony of Ap		
4.	On , Appellant to the hospital in	. (Respon	dent's Ex	trans	sported	



- 6. After the claim was denied, Appellant directly. (Respondent's Exhibit A, page 7).
- 7. In that bill, igan again described the services it had provided as non-emergency services. (Respondent's Exhibit A, page 7).
- 8. On Appellant filed a Beneficiary Complaint with the Department regarding that unpaid bill. (Respondent's Exhibit A, pages 5-7).
- 9. In that complaint, Appellant asserted that, while the ambulance ride was billed as a non-emergency service, it was in fact an emergency service as Appellant had been admitted to the emergency room due to a serious medical condition and the transportation by ambulance to another hospital was both ordered by his doctors and necessary to treat that emergency. (Respondent's Exhibit A, page 6).
- 10. On _____, the Department's Problem Resolution Unit sent a letter to Appellant regarding its findings. (Respondent's Exhibit A, page 8).
- 11. In that letter, the Department stated that, at the time of the services at issue in this case, Appellant only had Medicaid coverage for urgent/emergency services and that the claim at issue in this case was denied because the services were not considered to be urgent or emergent by the billing provider. (Respondent's Exhibit A, page 8).
- 12. The letter also provided:

The provider may not have coded the diagnosis and/or the emergent condition code correctly. You may contact them to make sure the coding is correct. If the coding was incorrect you may ask them to re-bill the Medicaid program. If the coding was correct Medicaid cannot make payment on this bill.

Respondent's Exhibit A, page 8

- 14. However, while staff from the hospital again indicated that the transport was both medically necessary and an emergency service, declined to recode its claim or resubmit the bill. (Testimony of Appellant; Testimony of
- 15. On _____, the Michigan Administrative Hearing System (MAHS) received the request for hearing filed in this matter. (Respondent's Exhibit A, page 3).
- 16. On the matter was scheduled for a telephone hearing on
- 17. On Appellant requested an in-person hearing.
- 18. On the matter was rescheduled as an in-person hearing on the matter was rescheduled as an in-person hearing on the matter was rescheduled as an in-person hearing on the matter was rescheduled as an in-person hearing on the matter was rescheduled as an in-person hearing on the matter was rescheduled as an in-person hearing on the matter was rescheduled as an in-person hearing on the matter was rescheduled as an in-person hearing on the matter was rescheduled as an in-person hearing on the matter was rescheduled as an in-person hearing on the matter was rescheduled as an in-person hearing on the matter was rescheduled as an in-person hearing on the matter was rescheduled as an in-person hearing on the matter was rescheduled as an in-person hearing on the matter was rescheduled as an in-person hearing on the matter was rescheduled as an in-person hearing on the matter was rescheduled as an in-person hearing on the matter was rescheduled as an in-person hearing on the matter was rescheduled as an in-person hearing on the matter was rescheduled as a second of the m

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

The Medical Assistance Program is established pursuant to Title XIX of the Social Security Act and is implemented by Title 42 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR). It is administered in accordance with state statute, the Social Welfare Act, the Administrative Code, and the State Plan under Title XIX of the Social Security Act Medical Assistance Program.

All claims must be submitted in accordance with the policies, rules, and procedures as stated in the Medicaid Provider Manual (MPM). With respect to ambulance services, the MPM states in part:

1.3 AMBULANCE SERVICES

<u>MDCH recognizes different levels of medical services</u> <u>provided by qualified ambulance staff</u> according to the standards established by law and regulation through Michigan Public Act 368 of 1978 as amended. The standards established for each level of service are detailed in the Base Rate subsection of this chapter.

The beneficiary's attending physician must order all nonemergency, medically necessary ambulance transportation. The ambulance provider must retain all documentation supporting the nature of the service in the

beneficiary's file regardless of the level of service provided. (Refer to the Emergency and Nonemergency subsections of this chapter for additional information.)

* * *

2.6 EMERGENCY

Claims may be made to MDCH for emergency transports that meet the criteria specified in the definitions of BLS Emergency, ALS 1 Emergency and ALS 2 transports in this section.

Claims for emergency ambulance transports must be coded with both an emergency procedure code and an appropriate ICD diagnosis code whenever the service results in transport to an emergency department, or assessment and treatment/stabilization determines that no further transport is necessary. Claims for emergency transports without this information will be rejected. Documentation supporting the emergency diagnosis code must be retained in the ambulance provider's records for audit purposes.

To assure appropriate coverage and reimbursement for emergency ambulance services, MDCH maintains a database of diagnosis codes for emergency ambulance transport. The MDCH Ambulance Services Database is located on the MDCH website and is routinely updated. (Refer to the Directory Appendix for website information.)

MPM, October 1, 2014 version Ambulance Chapter, pages 3, 8 (Emphasis added by ALJ)

Here, the Department witness testified that Appellant submitted a Beneficiary Complaint to the Department requesting that the Department pay for a medical bill incurred on The Department witness also testified that, in response to the complaint, the Department reviewed the complaint and found that, based on the information received by the Department, the claim was properly denied as Appellant only had coverage for emergency services on that date and the bill submitted failed to indicate that the ambulance transport was an emergency service.

In response, Appellant and his wife testified that the services he received were emergency services as Appellant had been admitted to the emergency room due to a serious medical condition and the transportation by ambulance to another hospital was both ordered by his doctors and necessary to treat that emergency.

However, the undersigned Administrative Law Judge's jurisdiction is limited to reviewing the Department's actions and to only reviewing those actions in light of the information available at the time the Department took those actions. Here, based on the available information, the Department properly denied Appellant's complaint regarding the unpaid medical bill.

The only claim submitted to the Department in this case regarding the ambulance transportation failed to indicate that the service was an emergency service as required by policy and it therefore falls outside of the coverage Appellant had at the time. Appellant understandably disputes the determination made by , but the Department can only base its decisions on what is received and no claim has ever been submitted for covered emergency services in this case As indicated in the response to Appellant's beneficiary complaint, to the extent mistakenly failed to code the services it provided correctly, the claim may always be resubmitted with the correct code. With respect to the decision at issue in this case, however, the Department's decision must be affirmed given what has been received and Appellant's scope of coverage on the date of service. **DECISION AND ORDER** The Administrative Law Judge, based on the above findings of fact and conclusions of law, finds that, the Department properly denied Appellant's complaint regarding an unpaid medical bill. IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED THAT: The Department's decision is AFFIRMED. Administrative Law Judge for Nick Lyon, Director Michigan Department of Community Health

Date Signed:

Date Mailed:

SK/db

cc:

¹ As indicated by the Department's witness, there may now be a timeliness issue with any resubmitted claim.

*** NOTICE ***

The Michigan Administrative Hearing System may order a rehearing on either its own motion or at the request of a party within 30 days of the mailing date of this Decision and Order. The Michigan Administrative Hearing System will not order a rehearing on the Department's motion where the final decision or rehearing cannot be implemented within 90 days of the filing of the original request. The Appellant may appeal the Decision and Order to Circuit Court within 30 days of the receipt of the Decision and Order or, if a timely request for rehearing was made, within 30 days of the receipt of the rehearing decision.