STATE OF MICHIGAN MICHIGAN ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING SYSTEM ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES

IN THE MATTER OF:



Reg. No.: 14-003351 Issue No.: 4009; 2009

Case No.:

Hearing Date: August 26, 2014

County: JACKSON

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: Susanne Harris

HEARING DECISION

Following the Claimant's request for a hearing, this matter is before the undersigned Administrative Law Judge pursuant to MCL 400.9 and 400.37; 42 CFR 431.200 to 431.250; and 45 CFR 205.10. After due notice, a telephone hearing was held on August 26, 2014, from Lansing, Michigan. Participants on behalf of the Claimant included

Participants on behalf of the Department of Human Services (Department) included Family Independence Manager, and Eligibility Specialist,

<u>ISSUE</u>

Whether the Department properly determined that the Claimant is not "disabled" for purposes of the Medical Assistance (MA-P) and State Disability Assistance (SDA) programs?

FINDINGS OF FACT

The Administrative Law Judge, based upon the competent, material and substantial evidence on the whole record, finds as material fact:

- 1. On November 8, 2013, the Claimant applied for MA-P, SDA and retro MA-P.
- 2. On May 13, 2014, the Medical Review Team denied the Claimant's request.
- 3. On May 21, 2014, the Claimant submitted to the Department a request for hearing.
- On July 11, 2014, the State Hearing Review Team (SHRT) denied the Claimant's request.
- 5. The Claimant is years old.

6.	The Claimant		equivalency.
7.	The Claimant has	as a	

- 8. The Claimant's limitations have lasted for 12 months or more.
- 9. The Claimant suffers from diabetes, hypertension, severe diabetic peripheral neuropathy, amputation of the left leg above the knee with accompanying Phantom pain, right leg pain and lower back pain.
- 10. The Claimant has significant limitations on physical activities involving sitting, standing, walking, lifting, reaching, pushing and pulling and operating foot and leg controls.
- 11. The Claimant has significant limitations on understanding, carrying out, and remembering simple instructions; use of judgment; responding appropriately to supervision, co-workers and usual work situations; and dealing with changes in a routine work setting.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

Department policies are contained in the Department of Human Services Bridges Administrative Manual (BAM), Department of Human Services Bridges Eligibility Manual (BEM), and Department of Human Services Reference Tables Manual (RFT).

The Medical Assistance (MA) program is established by Title XIX of the Social Security Act, 42 USC 1396-1396w-5; 42 USC 1315; the Affordable Care Act of 2010, the collective term for the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act, Pub. L. No. 111-148, as amended by the Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010, Pub. L. No. 111-152; and 42 CFR 430.10-.25. The Department (formerly known as the Family Independence Agency) administers the MA program pursuant to 42 CFR 435, MCL 400.10, and MCL 400.105-.112k.

The State Disability Assistance (SDA) program, which provides financial assistance for disabled persons, was established by 2004 PA 344. The Department administers the SDA program purusant to 42 CFR 435, MCL 400.10 *et seq.* and Mich Admin Code, Rules 400.3151 – 400.3180. A person is considered disabled for SDA purposes if the person has a physical or mental impariment which meets federal Supplemental Security Income (SSI) disability standards for at least ninety days. Receipt of SSI benefits based on disability or blindness, or the receipt of MA benefits based on disability or blindness, automatically qualifies an individual as disabled for purposes of the SDA program.

The Department conforms to State statute in administering the SDA program.

2000 PA 294, Sec. 604, of the statute states:

Sec. 604. (1) The Department shall operate a state disability assistance program. Except as provided in subsection (3), persons eligible for this program shall include needy citizens of the United States or aliens exempted from the supplemental security income citizenship requirement who are at least 18 years of age or emancipated minors meeting 1 or more of the following requirements:

- (a) A recipient of supplemental security income, social security, or medical assistance due to disability or 65 years of age or older.
- (b) A person with a physical or mental impairment which meets federal supplemental security income disability standards, except that the minimum duration of the disability shall be 90 days. Substance abuse alone is not defined as a basis for eligibility.

Pursuant to Federal Rule 42 CFR 435.540, the Department uses the Federal Supplemental Security Income (SSI) policy in determining eligibility for disability under MA-P. Under SSI, disability is defined as:

...the inability to do any substantial gainful activity by reason of any medically determinable physical or mental impairment which can be expected to result in death or which has lasted or can be expected to last for a continuous period of not less than 12 months.... 20 CFR 416.905.

A set order is used to determine disability. Current work activity, severity of impairments, residual functional capacity, past work, age, or education and work experience are reviewed. If there is a finding that an individual is disabled or not disabled at any point in the review, there will be no further evaluation. 20 CFR 416.920.

Medical evidence may contain medical opinions. Medical opinions are statements from physicians and psychologists or other acceptable medical sources that reflect judgments about the nature and severity of the impairment(s), including symptoms, diagnosis and prognosis, what an individual can do despite impairment(s), and the physical or mental restrictions. 20 CFR 416.927(a)(2).

The Administrative Law Judge is responsible for making the determination or decision about whether the statutory definition of disability is met. The Administrative Law Judge reviews all medical findings and other evidence that support a medical source's statement of disability. 20 CFR 416.927(e).

For mental disorders, severity is assessed in terms of the functional limitations imposed by the impairment. Functional limitations are assessed using the criteria in paragraph (B) of the listings for mental disorders (descriptions of restrictions of activities of daily living, social functioning; concentration, persistence or pace; and ability to tolerate increased mental demands associated with competitive work). 20 CFR, Part 404, Subpart P, Appendix 1, 12.00(C).

In this case, the Claimant suffers from diabetes, hypertension, severe diabetic peripheral neuropathy, amputation of the left leg above the knee with accompanying Phantom pain, right leg pain and lower back pain. The Claimant's treating physician reports that the Claimant is to never lift any weight and cannot use his hands and arms for reaching or pushing and pulling. The Claimant can stand or walk less than two hours in an eight hour workday. The Claimant can only sit six hours in an eight hour workday. The Claimant needs a wheelchair or cane to ambulate. The Claimant needs assistance with cooking and showering.

The Claimant's treating psychiatrist reports that the Claimant has a current GAF score of 55. The Claimant's treating psychiatrist did also complete a Mental Residual Functional Capacity Assessment. It indicates that the Claimant is a markedly limited in the following areas:

- 1. The ability to maintain attention and concentration for extended periods.
- 2. The ability to perform activities within a schedule, maintain regular attendance and be punctual within customary tolerance.
- 3. The ability to work in coordination with or close proximity to others without being distracted by them.
- 4. The ability to complete a normal workday and workweek without interruptions from psychologically-based symptoms and to perform at a consistent pace without an unreasonable number and length of rest periods.
- 5. The ability to interact appropriately with the general public.
- 6. The ability to get along with coworkers or peers without distracting them or exhibiting behavioral extremes.
- 7. The ability to respond appropriately to change in the work setting.
- 8. The ability to set realistic goals or make plans independently of others.

The Mental Residual Functional Capacity Assessment also indicates that the Claimant is moderately limited in the following categories:

- 1. The ability to remember locations and work like procedures.
- 2. The ability to understand and remember detailed instructions.
- 3. The ability to carry out detailed instructions.
- 4. The ability to sustain an ordinary routine without supervision.
- 5. The ability to make simple work-related decisions.
- 6. The ability to accept instructions and respond appropriately to criticism from supervisors.
- 7. The ability to maintain socially appropriate behavior and to adhere to basic standards of neatness and cleanliness.
- 8. The ability to be aware of normal hazards and take appropriate precautions.
- 9. The ability to travel in unfamiliar places or use public transportation.

In this case, this Administrative Law Judge finds that Claimant may be considered presently disabled at the third step. Claimant appears to meet listing 12.04 or its equivalent. This Administrative Law Judge will not continue through the remaining steps of the assessment. Claimant's testimony and the medical documentation support the finding that Claimant meets the requirements of a listing.

Therefore, Claimant is found to be disabled.

DECISION AND ORDER

The Administrative Law Judge, based upon the above findings of fact and conclusions of law, decides that Claimant is medically disabled as of

Accordingly, the Department's decision is hereby REVERSED and the Department is ORDERED to initiate a review of the application dated previously, to determine Claimant's non-medical eligibility. The Department shall inform Claimant of the determination in writing. A review of this case shall be set for

Susanne Harris

Administrative Law Judge for Maura Corrigan, Director Department of Human Services

Susanne E Hanis

Date Signed: 10/6/2014

Date Mailed: 10/7/2014

NOTICE OF APPEAL: A party may appeal this Hearing Decision in the circuit court in the county in which he/she resides, or the circuit court in Ingham County, within 30 days of the receipt date.

A party may request a rehearing or reconsideration of this Hearing Decision from the Michigan Administrative Hearing System (MAHS) within 30 days of the mailing date of this Hearing Decision, or MAHS may order a rehearing or reconsideration on its own motion.

MAHS may grant a party's Request for Rehearing or Reconsideration when one of the following exists:

- Newly discovered evidence that existed at the time of the original hearing that could affect the outcome of the original hearing decision;
- Misapplication of manual policy or law in the hearing decision which led to a wrong conclusion;
- Typographical, mathematical or other obvious error in the hearing decision that affects the rights of the Claimant;
- Failure of the ALJ to address in the hearing decision relevant issues raised in the hearing request.

The party requesting a rehearing or reconsideration must specify all reasons for the request. MAHS will not review any response to a request for rehearing/reconsideration. A request must be *received* in MAHS within 30 days of the date this Hearing Decision is mailed.

A written request may be faxed or mailed to MAHS. If submitted by fax, the written request must be faxed to (517) 335-6088 and be labeled as follows:

Attention: MAHS Rehearing/Reconsideration Request

If submitted by mail, the written request must be addressed as follows:

Michigan Administrative Hearings Reconsideration/Rehearing Request P.O. Box 30639 Lansing, Michigan 48909-07322

SEH / tb

