STATE OF MICHIGAN MICHIGAN ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING SYSTEM ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES

IN THE MATTER OF:



Reg. No.: Issue No(s).: Case No.: Hearing Date: County: 2014 35181 3005

June 26, 2014 Wayne County DHS 19

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: Lynn M. Ferris

HEARING DECISION FOR INTENTIONAL PROGRAM VIOLATION

Upon the request for a hearing by the Department of Human Services (Department), this matter is before the undersigned Administrative Law Judge pursuant to MCL 400.9, and in accordance with Titles 7, 42 and 45 of the Code of Federal Regulation (CFR), particularly 7 CFR 273.16, and with Mich Admin Code, R 400.3130 and R 400.3178. After due notice, a telephone hearing was held on June 26, 2014 from Detroit, Michigan. The Department was represented by

Respondent did not appear at the hearing and it was held in Respondent's absence pursuant to 7 CFR 273.16(e), Mich Admin Code R 400.3130(5), or Mich Admin Code R 400.3178(5).

ISSUES

1. Did Respondent receive an overissuance (OI) of

Family Independence Program (FIP)

State Disability Assistance (SDA)

Food Assistance Program (FAP)

Child Development and Care (CDC)

Medical Assistance (MA)

benefits that the Department is entitled to recoup?

- 2. Did the Department establish, by clear and convincing evidence, that Respondent committed an Intentional Program Violation (IPV)?
- 3. Should Respondent be disqualified from receiving benefits for
 - □ Family Independence Program (FIP)?
 □ State Disability Assistance (SDA)?
 Food Assistance Program (FAP)?
 □ Child Development and Care (CDC)?

FINDINGS OF FACT

The Administrative Law Judge, based on the competent, material, and substantial evidence on the whole record, finds as material fact:

- 1. The Department's OIG filed a hearing request on April 25, 2014, to establish an OI of benefits received by Respondent as a result of Respondent having allegedly committed an IPV.
- 2. The OIG 🖂 has 🗌 has not requested that Respondent be disqualified from receiving program benefits.
- 3. Respondent was a recipient of \square FIP \boxtimes FAP \square SDA \square CDC \square MA benefits issued by the Department.
- 4. Respondent \boxtimes was \square was not aware of the responsibility to report changes in address or state residency.
- 5. Respondent \Box had \boxtimes did not have an apparent physical or mental impairment that would limit the understanding or ability to fulfill this requirement.
- 6. The Department's OIG indicates that the time period it is considering the fraud period is February 1, 2014 through April 30, 2014 (fraud period).
- 7. The Department OIG indicates that the claimant began out of state use in the state of Alabama on January 11, 2014.
- 8. During the fraud period, Respondent was issued FIP SP SDA CDC MA benefits by the State of Michigan, and the Department alleges that Respondent was entitled to \$0 in such benefits during this time period.
- 9. The Department alleges that Respondent received an OI in \Box FIP \boxtimes FAP \Box SDA \Box CDC \Box MA benefits in the amount of \Box \Box .
- 10. This was Respondent's \boxtimes first \square second \square third alleged IPV.
- 11. A notice of hearing was mailed to Respondent at the last known address and \Box was \boxtimes was not returned by the US Post Office as undeliverable.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

Department policies are contained in the Department of Human Services Bridges Administrative Manual (BAM), Department of Human Services Bridges Eligibility Manual (BEM), and Department of Human Services Reference Tables Manual (RFT). Prior to August 1, 2008, Department policies were contained in the Department of Human Services Program Administrative Manuals (PAM), Department of Human Services Program Eligibility Manual (PEM), and Department of Human Services Reference Schedules Manual (RFS).

∑ The Food Assistance Program (FAP) [formerly known as the Food Stamp program] is established by the Food Stamp Act of 1977, as amended, 7 USC 2011 to 2036a and is implemented by the federal regulations contained in 7 CFR 273. The Department (formerly known as the Family Independence Agency) administers FAP pursuant to MCL 400.10; the Social Welfare Act, MCL 400.1-.119b; and Mich Admin Code, R 400.3001 to .3015.

The Department's OIG requests IPV hearings for the following cases:

- FAP trafficking OIs that are not forwarded to the prosecutor.
- Prosecution of welfare fraud or FAP trafficking is declined by the prosecutor for a reason other than lack of evidence, **and**
 - the total OI amount for the FIP, SDA, CDC, MA and FAP programs is \$1000 or more, or
 - the total OI amount is less than \$1000, and
 - ➢ the group has a previous IPV, or
 - > the alleged IPV involves FAP trafficking, or
 - the alleged fraud involves concurrent receipt of assistance (see BEM 222), or
 - the alleged fraud is committed by a state/government employee.

BAM 720 (May 2014), p. 12 – 13.

Intentional Program Violation

Suspected IPV means an OI exists for which all three of the following conditions exist:

- The client intentionally failed to report information **or** intentionally gave incomplete or inaccurate information needed to make a correct benefit determination, and
- The client was clearly and correctly instructed regarding his or her reporting responsibilities, and
- The client has no apparent physical or mental impairment that limits his or her understanding or ability to fulfill reporting responsibilities.

BAM 700 (May 2014), p. 7; BAM 720, p. 1.

In this case, the Department presented evidence that the Respondent began out of state use of her benefits in the state of Alabama on January 1, 2014.

Based on out-of-state use that began January 11, 2014, the Department improperly calculated the first month of the OI period to begin February 1, 2014. See BAM 720, p. 7. Because Respondent was issued and on FAP benefits in February 2014, once this amount is deducted from the alleged overissuance, the alleged overise alleged

Under Department policy, the calculation of the first month of the OI requires that the Department apply the 10-day client reporting period, the 10-day processing period, and the 12-day negative action suspense period. BAM 720, p. 7. Applying this standard and in consideration of out-of-state use that began January 1, 2014, the OI period begins March 1, 2014. Thus, the Department is not entitled to recoup or collect the in FAP benefits issued to Respondent but is entitled to collect for FAP benefits in the amount of the amount of the amount of the first month of the amount of the threshold amout for an IPV.

Therefore, it is determined that the Department has not established that it is entitled to seek an intentional program violation and this case as such it case must be dismissed.

DECISION AND ORDER

The Administrative Law Judge, based upon the above Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, and for the reasons stated on the record, if any, concludes that:

1. The Department is has not established by clear and convincing evidence that Respondent committed an IPV as the required states threshold required to pursue and IPV was not demonstrated.

Therefore, it is ORDERED THAT THIS CASE IS DISMISSED WITHOUT PREJUDICE.

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Lynn M. Ferris Administrative Law Judge for Maura Corrigan, Director Department of Human Services

Date Signed: July 8, 2014

Date Mailed: July 8, 2014

2014-35181/LMF

<u>NOTICE</u>: The law provides that within 30 days of receipt of the above Decision and Order, the Respondent may appeal it to the circuit court for the county in which he/she lives.

LMF/tm

