STATE OF MICHIGAN MICHIGAN ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING SYSTEM ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES

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		Reg. No.: Issue No(s).: Case No.: Hearing Date: County:	2014-14866 3005 March 12, 2014 Kent (00)		
ADN	MINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: Eric Feldman				
	HEARING DECISION FOR INTENTIONA	AL PROGRAM V	<u>IOLATION</u>		
this and parti Afte Mich Offic Durs	n the request for a hearing by the Departme matter is before the undersigned Administrative in accordance with Titles 7, 42 and 45 of the icularly 7 CFR 273.16, and with Mich Admin reduce notice, a telephone hearing was held nigan. The Department was represented by the confinence of Inspector General (OIG). Respondent did not appear at the hearing and suant to 7 CFR 273.16(e), Mich Admin Code Res.3178(5).	e Law Judge purse e Code of Federa Code, R 400.313 d on March 12, Reg	suant to MCL 400.9, al Regulation (CFR), 30 and R 400.3178. 2014 from Detroit, pulation Agent of the		
	<u>ISSUES</u>				
1.		State Disability A Child Developme	ssistance (SDA) ent and Care (CDC)		
2.	Did Respondent, by clear and convincing evid Violation (IPV)?	lence, commit an	Intentional Program		
3.		State Disability A	ssistance (SDA)? nt and Care (CDC)?		

FINDINGS OF FACT

The Administrative Law Judge, based on the competent, material, and substantial evidence on the whole record, finds as material fact:

1.	The Department's OIG filed a hearing request on December 2, 2013, to establish an OI of benefits received by Respondent as a result of Respondent having allegedly committed an IPV.
2.	The OIG \boxtimes has \square has not requested that Respondent be disqualified from receiving program benefits.
3.	Respondent was a recipient of $\ \square$ FIP $\ \boxtimes$ FAP $\ \square$ SDA $\ \square$ CDC $\ \square$ MA benefits issued by the Department.
4.	Respondent \boxtimes was \square was not aware of the responsibility to report changes in residence.
5.	Respondent had no apparent physical or mental impairment that would limit the understanding or ability to fulfill this requirement.
6.	The Department's OIG indicates that the time period it is considering the fraud period is June 1, 2012 to January 31, 2013 (fraud period).
7.	During the fraud period, Respondent was issued \$2,101 in \square FIP \boxtimes FAP \square SDA \square CDC \square MA benefits by the State of Michigan, and the Department alleges that Respondent was entitled to \$0.00 in such benefits during this time period.
8.	The Department alleges that Respondent received an OI in ☐ FIP ☐ FAP ☐ SDA ☐ CDC ☐ MA benefits in the amount of \$2,101.
9.	This was Respondent's ⊠ first ☐ second ☐ third alleged IPV.
10.	A notice of hearing was mailed to Respondent at the last known address and \square was \boxtimes was not returned by the US Post Office as undeliverable.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

Department policies are contained in the Department of Human Services Bridges Administrative Manual (BAM), Department of Human Services Bridges Eligibility Manual (BEM), and Department of Human Services Reference Tables Manual (RFT). Prior to August 1, 2008, Department policies were contained in the Department of Human Services Program Administrative Manuals (PAM), Department of Human Services Program Eligibility Manual (PEM), and Department of Human Services Reference Schedules Manual (RFS).

☑ The Food Assistance Program (FAP) [formerly known as the Food Stamp program] is established by the Food Stamp Act of 1977, as amended, 7 USC 2011 to 2036a and is implemented by the federal regulations contained in 7 CFR 271.1 to 285.5. The Department (formerly known as the Family Independence Agency) administers FAP pursuant to MCL 400.10 and Mich Admin Code, R 400.3001 to .3015.

The Department's OIG requests IPV hearings for the following cases:

- FAP trafficking Ols that are not forwarded to the prosecutor,
- prosecution of welfare fraud or FAP trafficking is declined by the prosecutor for a reason other than lack of evidence, and
 - the total OI amount for the FIP, SDA, CDC, MA and FAP programs is \$1000 or more, or
 - the total OI amount is less than \$1000, and
 - > the group has a previous IPV, or
 - > the alleged IPV involves FAP trafficking, or
 - the alleged fraud involves concurrent receipt of assistance (see BEM 222), or
 - > the alleged fraud is committed by a state/government employee.

BAM 720 (July 2013), p. 12.

Intentional Program Violation

Suspected IPV means an OI exists for which all three of the following conditions exist:

- The client intentionally failed to report information or intentionally gave incomplete or inaccurate information needed to make a correct benefit determination, and
- The client was clearly and correctly instructed regarding his or her reporting responsibilities, and
- The client has no apparent physical or mental impairment that limits his or her understanding or ability to fulfill reporting responsibilities.

BAM 700 (July 2013), p. 7; BAM 720, p. 1.

An IPV is also suspected for a client who is alleged to have trafficked FAP benefits. BAM 720, p. 1.

An IPV requires that the Department establish by clear and convincing evidence that the client has intentionally withheld or misrepresented information for the **purpose** of establishing, maintaining, increasing or preventing reduction of program benefits or eligibility. BAM 720, p. 1 (emphasis in original); see also 7 CFR 273(e)(6). Clear and convincing evidence is evidence sufficient to result in a clear and firm belief that the proposition is true. See M Civ JI 8.01.

In this case, the Department alleges that Respondent committed an IPV of her FAP benefits because she failed to notify the Department that she no longer resided in Michigan but continued to receive and use Michigan-issued FAP benefits while out of state.

To be eligible, a person must be a Michigan resident. BEM 220 (January 2012), p. 1. For FAP cases, a person is considered a resident while living in Michigan for any purpose other than a vacation, even if there is no intent to remain in the state permanently or indefinitely. BEM 220, p. 1. Eligible persons may include persons who entered the state with a job commitment or to seek employment; and students (for FAP only, this includes students living at home during a school break). BEM 220, p. 1.

For FAP cases, a person who is temporarily absent from the group is considered living with the group. BEM 212 (April 2012), p. 2. However, a person's absence is not temporary if it has lasted more than thirty days. BEM 212, p. 2.

The Department's OIG indicates that the time period it is considering the fraud period is June 1, 2012 to January 31, 2013. At the hearing, the Department presented evidence to show why it believed the Respondent was aware of her responsibility to report changes in residence and that she intentionally withheld information concerning an out-of-state move for the purpose of maintaining Michigan FAP eligibility.

First, the Department presented Respondent's application dated February 7, 2012, to show that she acknowledged her responsibility to report changes as required. See Exhibit 1. A review of Respondent's application indicated that she reported a Michigan address and that she intended to remain in Michigan. See Exhibit 1.

Second, the Department presented Respondent's FAP transaction history. See Exhibit 1. The FAP transaction history showed that from April 9, 2012 to June 2, 2013, Respondent used FAP benefits issued by the State of Michigan out of state in , and , and . See Exhibit 1.

Based on the foregoing information and evidence, the Department has failed to establish that Respondent committed an IPV of FAP benefits. There was no evidence to show that Respondent, during the alleged fraud period, represented that she was in Michigan. Furthermore, there was no evidence to establish that Respondent had moved out-of-state, such as a residential lease or employment. It's unknown if

Respondent was caring for someone, attending school, or seeking work. Department policy does not prohibit out of state usage when the individual intends on coming back.

Moreover, an IPV requires that the Department establish by clear and convincing evidence that the client has intentionally withheld or misrepresented information for the **purpose** of establishing, maintaining, increasing or preventing reduction of program benefits or eligibility. BAM 720, p. 1 (emphasis in original). The Department did not present any evidence to establish Respondent's intent during the alleged IPV usage. The Department presented evidence that Respondent reported her Michigan residence prior to the alleged fraud period. Nevertheless, the Department failed to show any evidence that Respondent intentionally withheld information concerning an out of state move during the alleged fraud period.

In summary, in the absence of any clear and convincing evidence that Respondent intentionally withheld information concerning an out-of-state move for the purpose of maintaining Michigan FAP eligibility, the Department has failed to establish that Respondent committed an IPV of FAP benefits.

Disqualification

A court or hearing decision that finds a client committed IPV disqualifies that client from receiving program benefits. BAM 720, p. 15. A disqualified recipient remains a member of an active group as long as he lives with them, and other eligible group members may continue to receive benefits. BAM 720, p. 15.

Clients who commit an IPV are disqualified for a standard disqualification period except when a court orders a different period, or except when the OI relates to MA. BAM 720, p. 16. Refusal to repay will not cause denial of current or future MA if the client is otherwise eligible. BAM 710 (July 2013), p. 2. Clients are disqualified for periods of one year for the first IPV, two years for the second IPV, lifetime disqualification for the third IPV, and ten years for a FAP concurrent receipt of benefits. BAM 720, p. 16.

In this case, the Department has failed to satisfy its burden of showing that Respondent committed an IPV concerning FAP benefits. Therefore, Respondent is not subject to a disqualification under the FAP program.

Overissuance

As stated previously, the Department failed to show that Respondent purposely failed to report a change in residency to continue receiving FAP benefits from Michigan. Thus, no IPV was committed. However, to be eligible, a person must be a Michigan resident. BEM 220, p. 1. For FAP cases, a person is considered a resident while living in Michigan for any purpose other than a vacation, even if there is no intent to remain in the state permanently or indefinitely. BEM 220, p. 1. At the hearing, the Department presented Respondent's FAP transaction history that that showed that from April 9, 2012 to June 2, 2013, Respondent used FAP benefits issued by the State of Michigan

out of state in **Least**, and **Least**. See Exhibit 1. Based on this information, it is persuasive evidence that Respondent was not a Michigan resident. The evidence shows that the most probable explanation is that Respondent lived outside of Michigan.

Moreover, FAP group composition policy states a person who is temporarily absent from the group is considered living with the group. BEM 212, p. 2. However, a person's absence is not temporary if it has lasted more than thirty days. BEM 212, p. 2. The policy is not directly applicable to residency. However, again, the FAP transaction history shows that Respondent was using benefits out-of-state for more than thirty days. This established that Respondent is not temporarily absent from her group. Thus, she was was not eligible for FAP benefits and was overissued FAP benefits for any period she was ineligible to receive FAP benefits.

When a client group receives more benefits than they are entitled to receive, the Department must attempt to recoup the OI. BAM 700, p. 1. The amount of the OI is the benefit amount the group or provider actually received minus the amount the group was eligible to receive. BAM 720, p. 8.

Under Department policy, the OI period begins the first month (or pay period for CDC) benefit issuance exceeds the amount allowed by policy or 72 months (6 years) before the date the OI was referred to the RS, whichever is later. BAM 720, p. 7. To determine the first month of the OI period the Department allows time for: the client reporting period; the full standard of promptness (SOP) for change processing; and the full negative action suspense period. BAM 720, p. 7. Based on the above policy, the Department would apply the 10-day client reporting period, the 10-day processing period, and the 12-day negative action suspense period. BAM 720, p. 7.

Applying the above standard and in consideration of the out of state use that began on April 9, 2012, the Department determined that the OI period began on June 1, 2012. See Exhibit 1. It is found that the Department applied the appropriate OI begin date. In establishing the OI amount, the Department presented a benefit summary inquiry showing that Respondent was issued FAP benefits by the State of Michigan from June 2012 through January 2013 totaling \$2,101. See Exhibit 1. Thus, the Department is entitled to recoup \$2,101 of FAP benefits it issued to Respondent between June 1, 2012 and January 31, 2013.

DECISION AND ORDER

The Administrative Law Judge, based upon the above Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, and for the reasons stated on the record, if any, concludes that:

1. The Department has established by clear and convincing evidence that Respondent \square did \boxtimes did not commit an intentional program violation (IPV).

2. Respondent ⊠ did ☐ did not receive an OI of program benefits in the amount of \$2,101 from the following program(s) ☐ FIP ☒ FAP ☐ SDA ☐ CDC ☐ MA.

The Department is ORDERED to

initiate recoupment procedures for the amount of \$2,101 in accordance with Department policy.

Administrative Law Judge for Maura Corrigan, Director Department of Human Services

Date Signed: March 31, 2014

Date Mailed: March 31, 2014

NOTICE: The law provides that within 30 days of receipt of the above Decision and Order, the Respondent may appeal it to the circuit court for the county in which he/she lives.

EJF/tlf

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