STATE OF MICHIGAN MICHIGAN ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING SYSTEM ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES

IN THE MATTER OF:



Reg. No.: 2014-33986 Issue No.: 2000, 3001

Case No.: Hearing Date:

April 23, 2014

County: Allegan

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: C. Adam Purnell

HEARING DECISION

Following Claimant's request for a hearing, this matter is before the undersigned Administrative Law Judge pursuant to MCL 400.9 and 400.37; 7 CFR 273.15 to 273.18; 42 CFR 431.200 to 431.250; 45 CFR 99.1 to 99.33; and 45 CFR 205.10. After due notice, a telephone hearing was held on April 23, 2014 from Lansing, Michigan. Claimant personally appeared and provided testimony. Participants on behalf of the Department of Human Services (Department) included (Eligibility Specialist) and (Family Independence Manager).

ISSUE

Did the Department properly deny Claimant's application for Food Assistance Program (FAP) benefits due to excess assets?

FINDINGS OF FACT

The Administrative Law Judge, based on the competent, material, and substantial evidence on the whole record, finds as material fact:

- Claimant applied for FAP on February 22, 2014.
- 2. At the time of application, Claimant had approximately \$ of liquid assets in her name.
- On March 11, 2014, the Department mailed Claimant a Notice of Case Action (DHS-1605) which denied Claimant's application for FAP effective March 16, 2014 due to excess assets.
- 4. Claimant requested a hearing on March 26, 2014 to dispute the Department's decision.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

Department policies are contained in the Department of Human Services Bridges Administrative Manual (BAM), Department of Human Services Bridges Eligibility Manual (BEM), Department of Human Services Reference Tables Manual (RFT), and Department of Human Services Emergency Relief Manual (ERM).

The Food Assistance Program (FAP) [formerly known as the Food Stamp program] is established by the Food Stamp Act of 1977, as amended, 7 USC 2011 to 2036a and is implemented by the federal regulations contained in 7 CFR 271.1 to 285.5. The Department (formerly known as the Family Independence Agency) administers FAP pursuant to MCL 400.10 and Mich Admin Code, R 400.3001 to .3015.

Assets must be considered in determining eligibility for FAP. BEM 400. Assets are defined as cash, any other personal property and real property. BEM 400. "Cash" includes the following types of assets: (1) money/currency; (2) uncashed checks, drafts and warrants; (3) checking and draft accounts; (4) savings and share accounts; (5) money market accounts; (6) LTC patient trust fund and all other money held by the facility for the patient (i.e., patient has prepaid in advance for the nursing home stay); (7) money held by others (i.e., Sally does not have a bank account. She puts money in her mother's checking account, but it is not a joint account); (8) time deposits (a time deposit is a contract between a person and a financial institution whereby the person agrees to leave funds on deposit for a specified period in return for a specified interest rate. Common time deposits are certificates of deposit (CDs) and savings certificates. BEM 400.

Countable assets cannot exceed the applicable asset limit. BEM 400. An asset is countable if it meets the availability tests and is **not** excluded. BEM 400. An asset must be available to be countable. BEM 400. "Available" means that someone in the asset group has the legal right to use or dispose of the asset. BEM 400. Exception: This does not apply to trusts because there are special rules about trusts. See BEM 400 & BEM 401. The Department will consider availability and exclusions to determine if an asset is countable and how much to count. BEM 400.

The FAP asset test is \$5,000 or less. BEM 400.

Here, both parties agreed that Claimant was excess assets. Claimant conceded that she had more than \$5,000.00 of assets at all relevant times. However, Claimant states that she uses these assets to pay bills and that her funds are rapidly decreasing.

Testimony and other evidence must be weighed and considered according to its reasonableness. *Gardiner v Courtright*, 165 Mich 54, 62; 130 NW 322 (1911); *Dep't of Community Health v Risch*, 274 Mich App 365, 372; 733 NW2d 403 (2007). The weight and credibility of this evidence is generally for the fact-finder to determine. *Dep't of Community Health*, 274 Mich App at 372; *People v Terry*, 224 Mich App 447, 452; 569 NW2d 641 (1997). Moreover, it is for the fact-finder to gauge the demeanor and veracity

of the witnesses who appear before him, as best he is able. See, e.g., *Caldwell v Fox*, 394 Mich 401, 407; 231 NW2d 46 (1975); *Zeeland Farm Services, Inc v JBL Enterprises, Inc*, 219 Mich App 190, 195; 555 NW2d 733 (1996).

This Administrative Law Judge has carefully considered and weighed the testimony and other evidence in the record. Claimant is clearly excess assets as she had more than \$5,000.00 in cash available in her bank account. The Administrative Law Judge, based on the above Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, and for the reasons stated on the record, if any, finds that the Department acted in accordance with Department policy when it denied Claimant's FAP application due to excess assets.

DECISION AND ORDER

Accordingly, the Department's decision is **AFFIRMED.**

IT IS SO ORDERED.

C. Adam Purnell

Administrative Law Judge for Maura Corrigan, Director Department of Human Services

CAOD

Date Signed: April 29, 2014

Date Mailed: April 29, 2014

NOTICE OF APPEAL: The claimant may appeal the Decision and Order to Circuit Court within 30 days of the receipt of the Decision and Order or, if a timely Request for Rehearing or Reconsideration was made, within 30 days of the receipt date of the Decision and Order of Reconsideration or Rehearing Decision.

Michigan Administrative Hearing System (MAHS) may order a rehearing or reconsideration on either its own motion or at the request of a party within 30 days of the mailing date of this Decision and Order. MAHS will not order a rehearing or reconsideration on the Department's motion where the final decision cannot be implemented within 90 days of the filing of the original request (60 days for FAP cases).

A Request for Rehearing or Reconsideration may be granted when one of the following exists:

- Newly discovered evidence that existed at the time of the original hearing that could affect the outcome of the original hearing decision;
- Misapplication of manual policy or law in the hearing decision which led to a wrong conclusion;

- Typographical, mathematical or other obvious error in the hearing decision that affects the rights of the client;
- Failure of the ALJ to address in the hearing decision relevant issues raised in the hearing request.

The Department, AHR or the claimant must specify all reasons for the request. MAHS will not review any response to a request for rehearing/reconsideration. A request must be *received* in MAHS within 30 days of the date the hearing decision is mailed.

The written request must be faxed to (517) 335-6088 and be labeled as follows:

Attention: MAHS Rehearing/Reconsideration Request

If submitted by mail, the written request must be addressed as follows:

Michigan Administrative Hearings Reconsideration/Rehearing Request P.O. Box 30639 Lansing, Michigan 48909-07322

CAP/las

cc: