STATE OF MICHIGAN MICHIGAN ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING SYSTEM ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES

IN THE MATTER OF:



Registration No:20149746Issue No:2000, 3005Case No:1000Hearing Date:March 5, 2014Branch County DHS

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: Suzanne D. Sonneborn

HEARING DECISION

Upon the request for a hearing by the Department of Human Services (Department), this matter is before the under signed Administrative Law Judge pursuant to MCL 400.9, and in acc ordance with Titles 7, 42 and 45 of the Code of Federal Regulation (CFR), particularly 7 CFR 273.16, and with Mich Admin Code, R 400.3130 and R 400.3178. After due notice, a hearing was held on Marc h 5, 2014, at which Respondent failed to appear. The hearing was held in Respondent's absence pursuant to 7 CFR 273.16(e), Mich Admin Code R 400.3130(5), or Mich Admin Code R 400.3178(5). The Department was represented by **March** a regulation agent with the d epartment's Office of Inspector General (OIG).

ISSUE

Whether Respondent committed an intentional program violation (IPV) involving the Food Assistance Program (FAP) and the whether Respondent received an over iss Department is entitled to recoup?

FINDINGS OF FACT

Based on the clear and conv incing evidenc e pertaining to the whole record, the Administrative Law Judge finds as material fact:

- 1. The Depar tment's OIG filed a r equest for hearing to establish an over issuance of FAP and MA benefits received as a result of a determination that Respondent com mitted a first IPV in t hese programs. The agency further requested that Re spondent be dis qualified from receiving further FAP benefits for a period of one year.
- 2. On March 6, 2012, Respondent completed an assistance application (DHS-1171), and reported therein that her household included her son, James Watson. In signing the applicat ion, Respondent certified with her electronic signature, under pen alty of perjury, that all the information s he had written on the f orm or told to a specialist was true. Respondent further certified with her signature that she received and reviewed a copy

of the Ack nowledgements, which inclu de the obligation to report changes in one's circumstances within ten days. Respondent further certified with her signat ure that she understood she and/or be required to repay the am intentionally gave false or misleading withheld facts that may cause her to have received. (Department Exhibit 1, pp. 10-33)

- 3. On September 4, 2012, Respondent completed a redetermination (DHS-1010) and Respondent reported therein that her household included her son, James Watson. In signing the redetermination, Respondent certified with her signature, under penality of perjury, that the redetermination had been examined by or read to her and, to the best of her knowledge, the facts were true and complete. Respondent further certified with her signature that she received a copy and reviewed the sections of DHS Publication 1010, Important Things About Programs & Services. (Department Exhibit 2, pp. 34-37)
- 4. On April 11, 2013, Respondent reported to the Department for the first time that her son, James Watson, has not lived with her since June 1, 2012. (Department Exhibit 3, pp. 38-40)
- 5. As a result of Respondent's refusal or failure to properly and timely report that her son was no I onger a member of her FAP household group, she received an over iss uance of FAP benefits in the amount of \$ for the time period August 1, 2012 through J anuary 31, 2013. (Department Exhibit 4, pp. 41-67)
- 6. Respondent was clearly instructed and fully aware, or should hav e been fully awar e, of her responsib ility to properly rep ort all changes in circumstances, including her househo Id group c omposition, to the Department within ten da ys of the occurrence, as r equired by agency policy.
- 7. There was no apparent physical or m ental impairment present that limited Respondent's ability to understand and comply with her reporting responsibilities.
- 8. This was the first determined IPV committed by Respondent.
- 9. Subsequent to the scheduling of the hearing and prior to the hearing date, the Notice of Disqualif ication Hearing and accompanying documents that were mailed to Respondent at the last known address, and which constituted due notic e, were retur ned to the Michigan Administrative Hearing System (MAHS) by the United States Postal Servi ce as undeliverable.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

Department policies are contained in the Department of Human Service s Bridges Administrative Manual (BAM), Department of Human Services Bridges Eligibility Manual (BEM), and Department of Human Services Re ference Tables Manual (RFT). Prior to August 1, 2008, Department policies were contained in the Department of Human Services Program Administra tive Manuals (PAM), Depar tment of Human Services Program Eligibility Manual (PEM), and Department of Hu man Services Reference Schedules Manual (RFS).

The Food Assistance Program (FAP) [formerly known as the Food Stamp (FS) program] is established by the Food Stamp Act of 1977, as amend ed, and is implemented by the federal regulations contained in Title 7 of the Code of Feder al Regulations (CFR). The Department (formerly known as the Fam ily Independence Agency) administers FAP pursuant to MCL 400.10, *et seq*., and Mich Admin Code, R 400.3001 through R 400.3015.

In the present matter, t he Department requested a heari ng to establis h an over issuance of FAP and MA benefits, claiming that the over iss uance was the result of an IPV committed by Respondent. Further, t he Department asked that Respondent be disqualified from the FAP program for a period of one year.

Generally, a client is res ponsible for reporti ng any change in cir cumstances that may affect eligibility or benefit level, including a change in income amount, within ten days of the change. BAM 105, p 7. With respect to earned income, a client must report any of the following: starting or stopping employment; changing employers; change in rate o f pay; and a change in work hour s of more than fi ve hours per week t hat is expected to continue for more than one month. BAM 105, p. 7. Unearned income means all income that is not earned, includi ng but not limited to funds received from the Family Independence Program (FIP), S tate Disability Assistance (SDA), Child Dev elopment and Care (CDC), Medicaid (MA), Social Se curity Benefits (RSDI/SSI), Veterans Administration (VA), Unemploy ment Com pensation Benefits (UCB), Adult Medical Program (AMP), alimony, and child support payments.

The OIG will request an IPV hearing when:

- Benefit overissuances are not forwarded to the prosecuting attorney's office;
- Prosecution of the matter is declined by the prosecuting attorney's office for a reason other than lack of evidence, and
- The total OI amount for the FAP is \$1000 or more, or
- The total OI amount is less than \$1000, and

- •• The group has a previous IPV, or
- •• The alleged IPV involves FAP trafficking, or
- •• The alleged fraud inv olves conc urrent receipt of assistance or
- •• The alleged fraud is committed by a state/government employee. BAM 720, p 12.

Department policy dic tates that when correspondence to a Respondent concerning an Intentional Program Violati on (IPV) is returned as unde liverable, the hearing cannot proceed except with respect to the Food A ssistance Program (FAP). Department of Human Services Bridges Administrative Manual (BAM) 720 (2012), p. 12.

A suspected IPV means an OI exists for which all three of the following conditions exist:

- The client intentionally failed t o report information **or** intentionally gave incomplete or inaccurate information needed to make a correct benefit determination, and
- The client was clearly and co rrectly instructed regarding his or her reporting responsibilities, and
- The client has no apparent physical or mental impairment that limits his or her understanding or ab ility to fulfill reporting responsibilities.

BAM 700 (2013), p. 6; BAM 720, p. 1.

An IPV is also suspected for a client who is alleged to have trafficked FAP benefits. BAM 720, p. 1.

An IPV requires that the Department establish by clear and convincing evidence that the client has intentionally withheld or misrepresented information for the **purpose** of establishing, maintaining, increasing or preventing r eduction of program benefits or eligibility. BAM 720, p. 1 (emphasis in original); se e also 7 CF R 273(e)(6). Clear and convincing evidence is evidence sufficient to result in a clear and firm belief that the proposition is true. See M Civ JI 8.01.

A court or hearing decision that finds a client committed IPV di squalifies that client from receiving program benefits. BAM 720, p. 12. A disqualified recipient remains a member of an active group as long as he lives with them, and other eligible group members may continue to receive benefits. BAM 720, p. 13.

Clients who commit an IPV are disqualified for a standard di squalification period except when a court orders a different period, or except when the OI relates to MA. BAM 720, p. 13. Refusal to repay will no t cause denial of current or future MA if the client is otherwise eligible. BAM 710 (2013), p. 2. Clients a re disqualified for periods of one year for the first IPV, two years for the sec ond IPV, lifetime disqualification for the third IPV, and ten years for a FAP concurrent receipt of benefits. BAM 720, p. 16.

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When a client group receives more benefits than they are entitled to receive, the Department must attempt to recoup the OI. BAM 700, p. 1.

In this case, at the March 5, 2014 disgua lification hearing, the OIG provided credible, sufficient, undisputed testimony and other evidence establishing that, on March 6, 2012, Respondent completed an assistance application (DHS-1171), and reported therein that her household included her son, James Watson. In signing the application, Respondent certified with her elect ronic signature, under penalty of perjury, that all the information she had written on the form or told to a specialist was true. Respondent further certified with her signature that she received and reviewed a copy of the Acknowledgements which include the obligation to report changes in one's circumstances within ten days. Respondent further certified with her signature that she understood she could be prosecuted for fraud and/or be required to repay the amount wrongfully received if she intentionally gave false or misleading information, misrepresented, hid or withheld facts that may cause her to receive assistance she should not have received. The OIG further established tha t, on September 4, 2012, Respondent com pleted a redetermination (DHS-1010) and Respondent reported therein that her household included her son, James Watson. In signing the redetermination, Respondent certified with her s ignature, under penal ty of perjury, that the redetermination had been examined by or read to her and, to the best of her kn owledge, the facts were true and complete. Respondent further certified with her signature that she received a copy and reviewed the sections of DHS Publicatio n 1010, Important Thi ngs About Programs & Services.

The OIG further esta blished that Respondent reported to the Depar tment for the firs t time on April 11, 2013 that her son, James Wa tson, has not lived with her since June 1, 2012. Finally, the OIG establishe d that, as a result of Responde nt's refusal or failure to properly and timely report that her son was no longer a member of her FAP household group, she received an over iss uance of FAP benefits in the amount of \$ for the time period August 1, 2012 through January 31, 2013.

Testimony and other evidence must be we ighed and considered according to its reasonableness. *Gardiner v Courtright*, 165 Mich 54, 62; 130 NW 322 (1911); *Dep't of Community Health v Risch*, 274 Mich App 365, 372; 733 NW2d 403 (2007). Moreover, the weight and credi bility of this evidenc e is generally for the fact-finder to determine. *Dep't of Community Health*, 274 Mich App at 372; *People v Terry*, 224 Mich App 447, 452; 569 NW2d 641 (1997).

This Administrative Law Judge has carefully considered and weighed the testimony and other evidence in the record and finds that Respondent was, or should have been, fully aware of her responsibility to timely report her any changes to her FAP household composition. Moreover, Respondent's signature on her assi stance application established that she was, or should have been, fully aware t hat the intentional withholding or misrepresentatio n of information potentially affecting her elig ibility or benefit level could result in criminal, civil, or administrative action. Finally, there was no evidence presented indicating that Respondent suffered from any physic al or menta l impairment that limited her ability to unders tand and fulfill her reporting responsibilities. See BEM 720, p 1.

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Based on the credible and undis puted testimony and other evidence presented by the OIG, this Administrative Law Judge finds that the OIG established, under the clear and convincing standard, that Resp ondent committed an IPV in this matter, resulting in an over issuance of FAP benefits in the amount of \$ for the time period August 1, 2012 through January 31, 2013. Further, because the OIG esta blished that this was Respondent's first IP V, the one-year dis qualification period is appropriate. This Administrative Law J udge further finds tha t, because the Notice of Disgualific ation Hearing and accompanying docum ents that were mailed to Respondent at the last the United States Postal Service as known address were returned to the MAHS by undeliverable, this Administrative Law Judge lacked authority to proceed with respect to the OIG's hearing request regarding an IPV and over issuance involving the MA program, requiring dismissal of the OIG's hearing request as it relates to the SER program.

DECISION AND ORDER

Based on the above findings of f act and conclusions of law, and for the reasons stated on the record, this A dministrative Law Judge decides that Respondent committed an intentional program violation involving the FAP program and received a n over issuance of FAP benefits in the amount of **Sector** for the time period August 1, 2012 through January 31, 2013. This Administrative authority to proceed with respect to the O over issuance involving the MA program

It is therefore ORDERED THAT:

- The Depar tment shall initiate re coupment procedures in the amount of \$ 1000 as a result of Respondent's intentional pr ogram violation involving the FAP program;
- Respondent is personally disqualified from participation in the F AP for a period of one year. The disqualification period will begin <u>IMMEDIATELY</u> as of the date of this order;
- The Department's hearing request regarding Respondent's alleged intentional program violation and over issuance involving the MA program is dismissed.

Suzanne

Administrative Law Judge for Maura D. Corrigan, Director of Human Services

Department

Date Signed: March 6, 2014

Date Mailed: March 7, 2014

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<u>NOTICE</u>: The law pr ovides that within 30 days of receipt of the above Decision and Order, the Respondent may appeal it to the circuit court for the county in which he lives.

SDS/hj

