# STATE OF MICHIGAN MICHIGAN ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING SYSTEM ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES

# IN THE MATTER OF:



Reg. No.:2014-9748Issue No(s).:3005Case No.:February 25, 2014Hearing Date:February 25, 2014County:Isabella

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: Dale Malewska

# HEARING DECISION FOR INTENTIONAL PROGRAM VIOLATION

Upon the request for a hearing by the Department of Human Services (Department), this matter is before the undersigned Administrative Law Judge pursuant to MCL 400.9, and in accordance with Titles 7, 42 and 45 of the Code of Federal Regulation (CFR), particularly 7 CFR 273.16, and with Mich Admin Code, R 400.3130 and R 400.3178. After due notice, a telephone hearing was held on February 25, 2014 from Lansing, Michigan. The Department was represented by **Exercise**, Regulation Agent of the Office of Inspector General (OIG).

Respondent did not appear at the hearing and it was held in Respondent's absence pursuant to 7 CFR 273.16(e), Mich Admin Code R 400.3130(5), or Mich Admin Code R 400.3178(5).

#### **ISSUES**

- 1. Did Respondent receive an over-issuance (OI) of X Food Assistance Program (FAP) benefits that the Department is entitled to recoup?
- 2. Did Respondent, by clear and convincing evidence, commit an Intentional Program Violation (IPV)?
- 3. Should Respondent be disqualified from receiving ⊠ Food Assistance Program (FAP)?

# FINDINGS OF FACT

The Administrative Law Judge, based on the competent, material, and substantial evidence on the whole record, finds as material fact:

1. The Department's OIG filed a hearing request on November 5, 2013, to establish an OI and program disqualification of benefits received by Respondent as a result of Respondent having allegedly committed an IPV.

- 2. The OIG  $\boxtimes$  has requested that the Respondent be disqualified from receiving program benefits.
- 3. Respondent was a recipient of  $\boxtimes$  FAP benefits issued by the Department.
- 4. Respondent  $\boxtimes$  was aware of the responsibility to not engage in unauthorized transactions.
- 5. Respondent had no apparent physical or mental impairment that would limit the understanding or ability to fulfill this requirement.
- 6. The Department's OIG indicates that the time period it is considering the fraud period is May 1, 2009 through August 31, 2010.
- 7. During the fraud period, Respondent was issued in  $\boxtimes$  FAP benefits by the State of Michigan.
- 8. The Department alleges that Respondent received an OI in  $\boxtimes$  FAP benefits in the amount of **\$1000000**
- 9. This was Respondent's  $\boxtimes$  first alleged IPV.
- 10. A notice of hearing was mailed to Respondent at the last known address and  $\boxtimes$  was not returned by the US Post Office as undeliverable.

# CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

Department policies are contained in the Department of Human Services Bridges Administrative Manual (BAM), Department of Human Services Bridges Eligibility Manual (BEM), and Department of Human Services Reference Tables Manual (RFT). Prior to August 1, 2008, Department policies were contained in the Department of Human Services Program Administrative Manuals (PAM), Department of Human Services Reference Schedules Manual (RFS).

The Food Assistance Program (FAP) [formerly known as the Food Stamp program] is established by the Food Stamp Act of 1977, as amended, 7 USC 2011 to 2036a and is implemented by the federal regulations contained in 7 CFR 271.1 to 285.5. The Department (formerly known as the Family Independence Agency) administers FAP pursuant to MCL 400.10 and Mich Admin Code, R 400.3001 to .3015.

The Department's OIG requests IPV hearings for the following cases:

- FAP trafficking OIs that are not forwarded to the prosecutor,
- prosecution of welfare fraud or FAP trafficking is declined by the prosecutor for a reason other than lack of evidence, and

- the total OI amount for the FIP, SDA, CDC, MA and FAP programs is \$ or more, or
- the total OI amount is less than \$ and
  - ➢ the group has a previous IPV, or
  - > the alleged IPV involves FAP trafficking, or
  - the alleged fraud involves concurrent receipt of assistance (see BEM 222), or
  - the alleged fraud is committed by a state/government employee.

BAM 720 (7-1-2013), p. 12.

#### **Intentional Program Violation**

Suspected IPV means an OI exists for which all three of the following conditions exist:

- The <u>client intentionally failed to report</u> information **or** intentionally gave incomplete or inaccurate information needed to make a correct benefit determination, and
- The client was <u>clearly and correctly instructed</u> regarding his or her reporting responsibilities, and
- The client has <u>no apparent physical or mental impairment</u> that limits his or her understanding or ability to fulfill reporting responsibilities.

BAM 700 (7-1-2013), p. 6; BAM 720, p. 1.

An IPV also requires that the Department establish by clear and convincing evidence that the client has intentionally withheld or misrepresented information for the purpose of establishing, maintaining, increasing or preventing reduction of program benefits or eligibility. BAM 720, p. 1; see also 7 CFR 273(e)(6). Clear and convincing evidence is evidence sufficient to result in a clear and firm belief that the proposition is true.

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See M Civ JI 8.01.

In this case, the Department has established that the Respondent was aware of his responsibility to timely and accurately report to the Department any and all changes – including *employment*. Department policy requires the beneficiary to report any significant change in circumstance, under pain of perjury, that affects eligibility or benefit amount within 10 (ten) days. See BAM 105

While the Respondent's threshold signature on his application for assistance would certify an awareness that fraudulent participation in the FAP program could result in criminal or civil or administrative claims – production of that record [Assistance Application 1171] is necessary to establish intent. His status under policy [BEM 220] regarding job commitment at the time of application was uncontested. He had no employment according to his assistance application. Exhibit #1, pages 18-20.

Further, according to the Department's witness – the fraud was discovered when the Respondent "moved home" and a duplicate application was turned in showing unreported earnings for the times periods of May 1, 2009 through July 31, 2009 and then again - June 1, 2010 through August 31, 2010. The Department witness said "He failed to report his summer income." *See also* Exhibit #1, pp 38 through 41. According to the Department's witness he obtained information proving the failure to report and resulting OI by subpoenaing the Respondent's employment records from — where the Respondent worked as a \_\_\_\_\_\_ The Respondent never appeared or responded to requests for an interview by DHS. The Respondent's absence from hearing today did little to bolster his credibility in the face of persuasive documentary evidence. *See* Exhibit #1 - throughout

The evidence brought today also suggests that had the Respondent reported his earning income he would not have been eligible for the FAP EBT benefits totaling **\$16,00**. Exhibit #1, p. 2

#### **Disqualification**

A court or hearing decision that finds a client committed IPV disqualifies that client from receiving program benefits. BAM 720, p. 12. Disqualification must be proven with clear and convincing evidence - a threshold met today through the credible testimony of the Department's witness and his Exhibit #1 [throughout] which accurately captured the Respondent's knowing certification of duty to report and no employment on DHS 1171 assistance application. Accordingly, the ALJ has a clear and firm belief that a program violation took place.

In this case, the record demonstrates that Respondent is guilty of an IPV.

#### Over-issuance

When a client group receives more benefits than they are entitled to receive, the Department must attempt to recoup the OI. BAM 700, p. 1.

In this case, the evidence clearly established that the Respondent received an OI of FAP benefits during the fraud period of May 1, 2009 through August 31, 2010 in the amount of \$

# DECISION AND ORDER

The Administrative Law Judge, based upon the above Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, and for the reasons stated on the record, if any, concludes that:

- 1. The Department has established by clear and convincing evidence that Respondent 🖾 did commit an intentional program violation (IPV).
- Respondent did receive an OI of program benefits in the amount of \$ from the following program FAP.

The Department is ORDERED to initiate recoupment procedures for the amount of accordance with Department policy.

It is FURTHER ORDERED that Respondent be disqualified from  $\square$  FAP for a period of  $\square$  12 months.

Hole 4

Dale Malewska Administrative Law Judge for Maura Corrigan, Director Department of Human Services

Date Signed: 3/3/14

Date Mailed: 3/4/14

**<u>NOTICE</u>**: The law provides that within 30 days of receipt of the above Decision and Order, the Respondent may appeal it to the circuit court for the county in which he/she lives.

DM/tb

