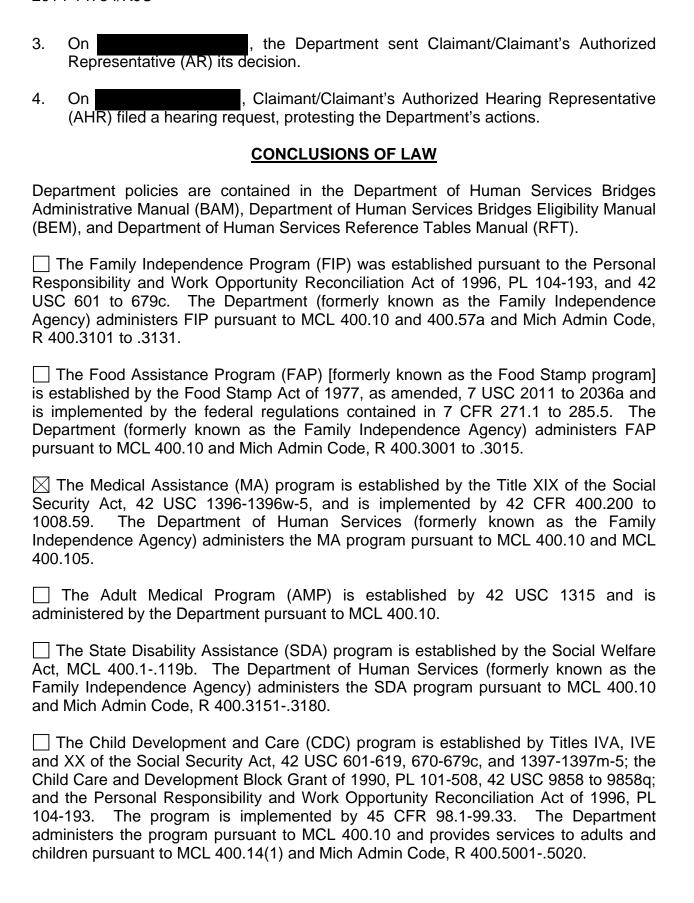
## STATE OF MICHIGAN MICHIGAN ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING SYSTEM ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES

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	Reg. No.: Issue No.: Case No.: Hearing Date: County:	201414754 2001 February 3, 2014 Oakland (02)			
ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: Robert J. Chavez					
HEARING DECISION					
Following Claimant's request for a hearing Administrative Law Judge pursuant to MCL 40 42 CFR 431.200 to 431.250; 45 CFR 99.1 t notice, a telephone hearing was held on For Participants on behalf of Claimant included Department of Human Services (Department)	00.9 and 400.37; 7 CF o 99.33; and 45 CFF ebruary 3, 2014, fro Participa	R 273.15 to 273.18; R 205.10. After due m Detroit, Michigan.			
ISSU	<u>E</u>				
Due to excess income, did the Department properly $\square$ deny the Claimant's application $\square$ close Claimant's case $\boxtimes$ reduce Claimant's benefits for:					
☐ Family Independence Program (FIP)? ☐ Food Assistance Program (FAP)? ☐ Medical Assistance (MA)?		sistance (AMP)? ssistance (SDA)? ent and Care (CDC)?			
FINDINGS OF FACT					
The Administrative Law Judge, based on t evidence on the whole record, finds as materia		rial, and substantial			
Claimant ☐ applied for ☒ received: ☐ FIP ☐ FAP ☒ MA ☐ AMP benefits.	□SDA □CDC				
2. On, the Department closed Claimant's case ∑ reduced C	denied Claimar claimant's benefits	nt's application			



With regard to the MA eligibility determination, the State of Michigan has set guidelines for income, which determine if an MA group is eligible. Claimant is not eligible for Group 1 Medicaid. Net income (countable income minus allowable income deductions) must be at or below a certain income limit for Group 1 eligibility to exist. BEM 105.

For Group 2, eligibility is possible even when net income exceeds the income limit. This is because incurred medical expenses are used when determining eligibility for FIP-related and SSI-related Group 2 categories. BEM 105. Income eligibility exists for the calendar month tested when:

- . There is no excess income, or
- . Allowable medical expenses equal or exceed the excess income (under the Deductible Guidelines). BEM 545.

Income eligibility exists when net income does **not** exceed the Group 2 needs in BEM 544. BEM 166. The protected income level is a set allowance for non-medical need items such as shelter, food and incidental expenses. RFT 240 lists the Group 2 MA protected income levels based on shelter area and fiscal group size. BEM 544.

An eligible Medical Assistance group (Group 2 MA) has income the same as or less than the "protected income level" as set forth in RFT 240. An individual or MA group whose income is in excess of the monthly protected income level is ineligible to receive MA.

However, a MA group may become eligible for assistance under the deductible program. The deductible program is a process, which allows a client with excess income to be eligible for MA, if sufficient allowable medical expenses are incurred. Each calendar month is a separate deductible period. The fiscal group's monthly excess income is called the deductible amount. Meeting a deductible means reporting and verifying allowable medical expenses that equal or exceed the deductible amount for the calendar month. The MA group must report expenses by the last day of the third month following the month it wants medical coverage. BEM 545; 42 CFR 435.831.

The MA budgets included claimant's earned income. Per policy, this income must be counted as income to the group. The Administrative Law Judge has reviewed the budgets and found no errors. Claimant herself was unable to point out specifically what parts of the budget she felt were in error. Claimant argued that the budget was unfair, but did not dispute policy. Therefore, claimant only becomes eligible for Group 2 MA when the excess income, calculated to be \$330, is spent. This amount was calculated after considering claimant's allowed protected needs level. The undersigned cannot point to any errors in the budgets, and must conclude that the Department's calculations were correct.

The Administrative Law Judge, based upon the above Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, and for the reasons stated on the record, if any, finds that the Department

□ acted in accordance with Department policy when it imposed a deductible of \$330.

<ul> <li>☐ did not act in accordance with Department policy when it</li> <li>☐ failed to satisfy its burden of showing that it acted in accordance with Department policy when it</li> </ul>					
DECISION AND ORDER					
Accordingly, the Department's decision is					
<ul><li>△ AFFIRMED.</li><li>☐ REVERSED.</li><li>☐ AFFIRMED IN PART with respect to to</li></ul>	and REVERSED IN PART with respect				
☐ THE DEPARTMENT IS ORDERED TO ACCORDANCE WITH DEPARTMENT POSE HEARING DECISION, WITHIN 10 DAYS DECISION AND ORDER:	OLICY AND CONSISTENT WITH THIS				

Robert J. Chavez
Administrative Law Judge
for Maura Corrigan, Director
Department of Human Services

Date Signed: 2/28/2014

Date Mailed: 2/28/2014

**NOTICE OF APPEAL:** The claimant may appeal the Decision and Order to Circuit Court within 30 days of the receipt of the Decision and Order or, if a timely Request for Rehearing or Reconsideration was made, within 30 days of the receipt date of the Decision and Order of Reconsideration or Rehearing Decision.

Michigan Administrative Hearing System (MAHS) may order a rehearing or reconsideration on either its own motion or at the request of a party within 30 days of the mailing date of this Decision and Order. MAHS will not order a rehearing or reconsideration on the Department's motion where the final decision cannot be implemented within 90 days of the filing of the original request (60 days for FAP cases).

A Request for Rehearing or Reconsideration may be granted when one of the following exists:

- Newly discovered evidence that existed at the time of the original hearing that could affect the outcome of the original hearing decision;
- Misapplication of manual policy or law in the hearing decision which led to a wrong conclusion;
- Typographical, mathematical or other obvious error in the hearing decision that affects the rights
  of the client:
- Failure of the ALJ to address in the hearing decision relevant issues raised in the hearing request.

## 2014-14754/RJC

The Department, AHR or the claimant must specify all reasons for the request. MAHS will not review any response to a request for rehearing/reconsideration. A request must be *received* in MAHS within 30 days of the date the hearing decision is mailed.

The written request must be faxed to (517) 335-6088 and be labeled as follows:

Attention: MAHS Rehearing/Reconsideration Request

If submitted by mail, the written request must be addressed as follows:

Michigan Administrative Hearings Reconsideration/Rehearing Request P.O. Box 30639 Lansing, Michigan 48909-07322

## RJC/hw

