# STATE OF MICHIGAN MICHIGAN ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING SYSTEM ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES

### IN THE MATTER OF:



Reg. No.: 201413464

Issue No(s).: 1008

Case No.:

Hearing Date: January 30, 2014

County: Wayne (57)

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: Robert J. Chavez

## **HEARING DECISION**

Following Claimant's request for a hearing, this matter is before the undersigned Administrative Law Judge pursuant to MCL 400.9 and 400.37; 7 CFR 273.15 to 273.18; 42 CFR 431.200 to 431.250; 45 CFR 99.1 to 99.33; and 45 CFR 205.10. After due notice, a telephone hearing was held on January 30, 2014, from Detroit, Michigan. Participants on behalf of Claimant included . Participants on behalf of the Department of Human Services (Department) included , FIM, and FIS.

# <u>ISSUE</u>

Did the Department properly close and sanction claimant's FIP case for failing to attend a PATH orientation?

# FINDINGS OF FACT

The Administrative Law Judge, based on the competent, material, and substantial evidence on the whole record, finds as material fact:

- Claimant was a FIP recipient in Wayne County.
- Claimant was a mandatory PATH participant.
- 3. Claimant allegedly did not meet participation requirements.
- 4. Claimant was assigned to PATH at Payne-Pulliam School for an orientation on

5.	Claimant was considered non-participatory for not attending PATH at Ross Innovative Solutions on the same day.									
6.	No evidence was provided that claimant was reassigned to Ross.									
7.	. On triage for . , claimant was sent a DHS-2444, which scheduled a triage for .									
8.	Claimant attended the triage.									
9.	Claimant was not awarded good cause for failing to attend PATH.									
10.	D. Claimant's FIP case was sanctioned for 90 days on									
11.	11. On , claimant requested a hearing.									
CONCLUSIONS OF LAW										
Department policies are contained in the Department of Human Services Bridges Administrative Manual (BAM), Department of Human Services Bridges Eligibility Manual (BEM), Department of Human Services Reference Tables Manual (RFT), and Department of Human Services Emergency Relief Manual (ERM).  The Family Independence Program (FIP) was established pursuant to the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996, PL 104-193, and 42 USC 601 to 679c. The Department (formerly known as the Family Independence Agency) administers FIP pursuant to MCL 400.10 and 400.57a and Mich Admin Code, R 400.3101 to .3131.  The Food Assistance Program (FAP) [formerly known as the Food Stamp program] is established by the Food Stamp Act of 1977, as amended, 7 USC 2011 to 2036a and is implemented by the federal regulations contained in 7 CFR 271.1 to 285.5. The Department (formerly known as the Family Independence Agency) administers FAP pursuant to MCL 400.10 and Mich Admin Code, R 400.3001 to .3015.										
☐ The Medical Assistance (MA) program is established by the Title XIX of the Social Security Act, 42 USC 1396-1396w-5, and is implemented by 42 CFR 400.200 to 1008.59. The Department of Human Services (formerly known as the Family Independence Agency) administers the MA program pursuant to MCL 400.10 and MCL 400.105.										
☐ The Adult Medical Program (AMP) is established by 42 USC 1315 and is administered by the Department pursuant to MCL 400.10.										

☐ The State Disability Assistance (SDA) program is established by the Social Welfard Act, MCL 400.1119b. The Department of Human Services (formerly known as the Family Independence Agency) administers the SDA program pursuant to MCL 400.1 and Mich Admin Code, R 400.31513180.	е
☐ The Child Development and Care (CDC) program is established by Titles IVA, IVI and XX of the Social Security Act, 42 USC 601-619, 670-679c, and 1397-1397m-5; the Child Care and Development Block Grant of 1990, PL 101-508, 42 USC 9858 to 9858c and the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996, Pl 104-193. The program is implemented by 45 CFR 98.1-99.33. The Department administers the program pursuant to MCL 400.10 and provides services to adults and children pursuant to MCL 400.14(1) and Mich Admin Code, R 400.50015020.	e I; L it
☐ The State Emergency Relief (SER) program is established by the Social Welfard Act, MCL 400.1119b. The SER program is administered by the Department (former known as the Family Independence Agency) pursuant to MCL 400.10 and by Michadmin Code, R 400.7001 through R 400.7049.	y
☐ Direct Support Services (DSS) is established by the Social Welfare Act, MCL 400.1 .119b. The program is administered by the Department pursuant to MCL 400.10 and 400.57a and Mich Admin Code R 400.3603.	
☐ The State SSI Payments (SSP) program is established by 20 CFR 416.20012099 and the Social Security Act, 42 USC 1382e. The Department administers the program pursuant to MCL 400.10.	

All Family Independence Program (FIP) and Refugee Assistance Program (RAP) eligible adults and 16- and 17-year-olds not in high school full-time must be referred to the Partnership, Accountability, Training, and Hope (PATH) program or other employment service provider, unless deferred or engaged in activities that meet participation requirements. Clients who have not been granted a deferral must participate in employment and/or self-sufficiency related activities to increase their employability and to find employment. BEM 230A, p. 1. A cash recipient who refuses, without good cause, to participate in assigned employment and/or self-sufficiency-related activities is subject to penalties. BEM 230A, p. 1. This is commonly called "noncompliance". BEM 233A defines noncompliance as failing or refusing to, without good cause:

"...Appear and participate with the PATH Program or other employment service provider..." BEM 233A pg. 1.

However, non-participation can be overcome if the client has "good cause". Good cause is a valid reason for failing to participate with employment and/or self-sufficiency-related activities that are based on factors that are beyond the control of the non-participatory person. BEM 233A. A claim of good cause must be verified and documented.

☐ AFFIRMED.

☐ REVERSED.

The penalty for noncompliance is FIP closure. BEM 233A.

Furthermore, PATH participants can not be terminated from a PATH program without first scheduling a "triage" meeting with the client to jointly discuss noncompliance and good cause. BEM 233A. At these triage meetings, good cause is determined based on the best information available during the triage and prior to the negative action date. Good cause may be verified by information already on file with DHS or MWA. BEM 233A. If the client establishes good cause within the negative action period, penalties are not imposed. The client is sent back to PATH, if applicable, after resolving transportation, CDC, or other factors which may have contributed to the good cause. BEM 233A.

After reviewing the facts of the case, the undersigned cannot reach the conclusion that claimant missed any hours, and was therefore non-participatory. This finding renders the necessity of a good cause finding moot, as good cause is not at issue, regardless of whether the triage was properly conducted. The issue is not whether the claimant had good cause for her failure to participate; the issue is whether the claimant failed to participate. The Administrative Law Judge holds that there is no evidence to show that claimant failed to participate to the best of their ability and meet their hour requirements.

The Administrative Law Judge holds that the documentary evidence shows that claimant was not notified to attend the PATH program at Ross. Claimant's appointment notice specifically says to report to Payne-Pulliam School; however the MIS case notes show that claimant was found non-participatory for not attending PATH at Ross. The Department submitted no evidence showing that claimant had been reassigned to a new location.

As such, the undersigned holds that claimant did not receive a proper notice to attend PATH, and was sent to the wrong location, and was thus not noncompliant in failing to attend the PATH program. Therefore, the sanction in this case was improper.

The Administrative Law Judge, based on the above Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, and for the reasons stated on the record, if any, finds that the Department							
<ul> <li>□ acted in accordance with Department policy when it</li> <li>□ did not act in accordance with Department policy when it</li> <li>□ failed to satisfy its burden of showing that it acted in accordance with Department policy when it imposed a 90 day sanction for failing to attend the PATH program.</li> </ul>							
DECISION AND ORDER							
Accordingly, the Department's decision is							

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AFFIRMED IN PART with respect to

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	DECIS	SION	AND C	RDE	R:									

1. Reinstate claimant's FIP case retroactive to the negative action, remove all penalties from claimant's FIP case with regard to this sanction, and reschedule claimant for the PATH program.

Robert J. Chavez
Administrative Law Judge
for Maura Corrigan, Director
Department of Human Services

and REVERSED IN PART with respect

Date Signed: <u>2/12/2014</u>

Date Mailed: 2/12/2014

**NOTICE OF APPEAL:** The claimant may appeal the Decision and Order to Circuit Court within 30 days of the receipt of the Decision and Order or, if a timely Request for Rehearing or Reconsideration was made, within 30 days of the receipt date of the Decision and Order of Reconsideration or Rehearing Decision.

Michigan Administrative Hearing System (MAHS) may order a rehearing or reconsideration on either its own motion or at the request of a party within 30 days of the mailing date of this Decision and Order. MAHS will not order a rehearing or reconsideration on the Department's motion where the final decision cannot be implemented within 90 days of the filing of the original request (60 days for FAP cases).

A Request for Rehearing or Reconsideration may be granted when one of the following exists:

- Newly discovered evidence that existed at the time of the original hearing that could affect the outcome of the original hearing decision;
- Misapplication of manual policy or law in the hearing decision which led to a wrong conclusion;
- Typographical, mathematical or other obvious error in the hearing decision that affects the rights of the client;
- Failure of the ALJ to address in the hearing decision relevant issues raised in the hearing request.

The Department, AHR or the claimant must specify all reasons for the request. MAHS will not review any response to a request for rehearing/reconsideration. A request must be *received* in MAHS within 30 days of the date the hearing decision is mailed.

The written request must be faxed to (517) 335-6088 and be labeled as follows:

Attention: MAHS Rehearing/Reconsideration Request

If submitted by mail, the written request must be addressed as follows:

Michigan Administrative Hearings Reconsideration/Rehearing Request P.O. Box 30639 Lansing, Michigan 48909-07322

# RJC/hw

