STATE OF MICHIGAN MICHIGAN ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING SYSTEM ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES

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Reg. No.: 20145550 Issue No(s).: 3005

Case No.: Hearing Date:

February 19, 2014

County: Wayne County DHS #17

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: Kevin Scully

HEARING DECISION FOR INTENTIONAL PROGRAM VIOLATION

Upon the request for a hearing by the Depar tment of Human Services (Department), this matter is before the under signed Administrative Law Judge pursuant to MCL 400.9, and in acc ordance with Titles 7, 42 and 45 of the Code of Federal Regulat ion (CFR), particularly 7 CFR 273.16, and with Mich Admin Code, R 400.3130 and R 400.3178. After due notice, a telephone hearing was held on F ebruary 19, 2014, from Lansing, Michigan. The Department was represented by Cffice of Inspector General (OIG).

□ Participants on behalf of Respondent included:



ISSUES

1.	Did Respondent receive an overissuance (OI) of Family Independence Program (FIP) State Disability Assistance (SDA) Food Assistance Program (FAP) Child Development and Care (CDC) Medical Assistance (MA) benefits that the Department is entitled to recoup?
2.	Did Respondent, by clear and convincing evidence, commit an Intentional Program Violation (IPV)?
3.	Should Respondent be disqualified from receiving Family Independence Program (FIP)? State Disability Assistance (SDA)? Child Development and Care (CDC)?

FINDINGS OF FACT

The Administrative Law Judge, based on t he competent, material, and substaintial evidence on the whole record, finds as material fact:

 The Department's OIG filed a hearing request on September 26, 2013, to establish an OI of benefits received by Respondent as a result of Res pondent having allegedly committed an IPV.

2. Tł	ne OIG \boxtimes has \square has not requested that Respondent be dis qualified from receiving program benefits.
3.	Respondent was a recipient of $\ \ \Box$ FIP $\ \ \boxtimes$ FAP $\ \ \Box$ SDA $\ \ \Box$ CDC $\ \ \Box$ MA benefits issued by the Department.
4. Re	espondent $\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ $
5.	Respondent had no apparent ph ysical or m ental impairment that would limit the understanding or ability to fulfill this requirement.
6.	The Department's OIG indicates that the time period it is considering the fraud period is October 1, 2011, through June 30, 2012.
7.	During the fraud period, Re spondent was issued \$ in FIP \(\subseteq FAP \) SDA CDC MA benefits by the State of Michigan, and the Department alleges that Respondent was entitled to \$0 in such benefits during this time period.
8.	The Department alleges that Respondent received an OI in
9.	This was Respondent's ⊠ first ☐ second ☐ third alleged IPV.
10.	A notice of hearing was mailed to Respondent at the last known address and \square was \boxtimes was not returned by the US Post Office as undeliverable.
	CONCLUSIONS OF LAW
Adm (BEN Augu Serv Prog	artment policies are contained in the Department of Human Service s Bridges inistrative Manual (BAM), Department of Human Services Bridges Eligibility Manual M), and Department of Human Services Re ference Tables Manual (RFT). Prior to ust 1, 2008, Department policies were contained in the Department of Human ices Program Administra tive Manuals (PAM), Depar tment of Human Services gram Eligibility Manual (PEM), and Department of Human Services Reference edules Manual (RFS).
Resp USC Ager	the Family Independence Program (FIP) was established pursuant to the Personal consibility and W ork Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996, PL 104-193, and 42 601 to 679c. The Deparent ment (formerly known as the Family Independence oncy) administers FIP pursuant to MC L 400.10 and 400.57a and Mich Admin Code, 10.3101 to .3131.

The Food Assistance Program (FAP) [formerly known as the Food Stamp program] is established by the Food Stamp Act of 1977, as amended, 7 USC 2011 to 2036a and is implemented by the federal regulations contained in 7 CFR 271.1 to 285.5. The

Department (formerly known as the Fam ily Independence Agency) administers FAP pursuant to MCL 400.10 and Mich Admin Code, R 400.3001 to .3015.

The Department's OIG requests IPV hearings for the following cases:

- FAP trafficking Ols that are not forw arded to the prosecutor,
- prosecution of welfare fraud or FAP trafficking is declined by the prosecutor for a r eason other than lack of evidence, and
 - the total OI amount for t he FIP, SDA, CDC, MA and FAP programs is \$1000 or more, or
 - the total OI amount is less than \$1000, and
 - > the group has a previous IPV, or
 - the alleged IPV involves FAP trafficking, or
 - the alleged fraud involves c oncurrent receipt of assistance (see BEM 222), or
 - the alleged fraud is committed by a state/government employee.

BAM 720 (July 1, 2013), p. 10.

Intentional Program Violation

Suspected IPV means an OI exists for which all three of the following conditions exist:

- The client intentionally failed t o report information or intentionally gave incomplete or inaccurate information needed to make a correct benefit determination, and
- The client was clearly and co rrectly instructed regarding his or her reporting responsibilities, and
- The client has no apparent physical or mental impairment that limits his or her understanding or ab ility to fulfill reporting responsibilities.

BAM 700 (July 1, 2013), p. 6; BAM 720, p. 1.

An IPV is also suspected for a client who is alleged to have trafficked FAP benefits. BAM 720, p. 1.

An IPV requires that the Department establish by clear and convincing evidence that the client has intentionally withheld or misrepresented information for the **purpose** of establishing, maintaining, increasing or preventing r eduction of program benefits or eligibility. BAM 720, p. 1 (emphasis in original); see e also 7 CF R 273(e)(6). Clear and

convincing evidence is evidence sufficient to result in a clear and firm belief that the proposition is true. See M Civ JI 8.01.

Disqualification

A court or hearing decision that finds a client committed IPV di squalifies that client from receiving program benefits. BAM 720, p. 12. A disqualified recipient remains a member of an active group as long as he lives with them, and other eligible group members may continue to receive benefits. BAM 720, p. 13.

Clients who commit an IPV are disqualified for a standard disqualification period except when a court orders a different period, or except when the OI relates to MA. BAM 720, p. 13. Refusal to repay will no t cause denial of current or future MA if the client is otherwise eligible. BAM 710 (July 1, 2013), p. 2. Clients are disqualified for periods of one year for the first IPV, two years for the second IPV, lifetime disqualification for the third IPV, and ten years for a FAP concurrent receipt of benefits. BAM 720, p. 16.

Overissuance

When a client group receives more benefits than they are entitled to receive, the Department must attempt to recoup the OI. BAM 700, p. 1.

In this case, the Res pondent acknowledged the responsibility to report any change of residency on the application for assistance she submitted to the Department on July 16, 2010. The Respondent received Food Assistance Program (FAP) benefits from October 1, 2011, through Joune 30, 2012. The Respondent oused her Michigan Food Assistance Program (FAP) benefits out side Michigan on Aougust 14, 2011, and continued to her benefits exclusively outside Michigan through June 20, 2012. The Department determined that the Respondent no longer had an intent to remain a Michigan resident as of October 1, 2011, and was no longer eligible to participate in the Food Assistance Program (FAP).

The Respondent argued that she left Michigan for her own personal safety due to the threat of violence from her ex-boyfriend.

The Claimant testified that while using her Food Assist ance Program (FAP) outside Michigan that she did not maintain a home in Michigan, and that no one was holding a specific job for her to return to.

Bridges Eligibility Manuel Item 220 allows a person to remain eligible for certain benefits while in another state under certain circum stances, but there is no temporary absence exception for domestic violence. While the Claimant's testimony is credible, it is beyond the authority of this Administrative Law Judge to create such an exception.

Based on the evidence and test imony available during the hear ing, this Administrative Law Judge finds that the Department has established by clear and convincing evidence that the Respondent failed to report that she no longer had an intent to remain a Michigan resident for the purpos es of receiving the Michigan Food Assistance Program (FAP) benefits that she was no longer eligible for.

DECISION AND ORDER

The Administrative Law Judge, based upon the above Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, and for the reasons stated on the record, if any, concludes that:

 The Department has es tablished by c lear and conv incing evidence that Respondent did did not commit an intentional program violation (IPV).
2. Respondent
The Depar tment is ORDERED to initiate recoupment procedures for the amount of in accordance with Department policy.
 It is FURTHER ORDERED that Respondent be disqualified from ☐ FIP ☐ FAP ☐ SDA ☐ CDC for a period of ☐ 12 months. ☐ 24 months. ☐ lifetime.

Kevin Scully
Administrative Law Judge
for Maura Corrigan, Director
Department of Human Services

Date Signed: February 21, 2014

Date Mailed: February 21, 2014

NOTICE: The law pr ovides that within 30 days of receipt of the above Decision and Order, the Respondent may appeal it to the circuit court fo r the county in which he/she lives.

KS/hj

CC: