STATE OF MICHIGAN MICHIGAN ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING SYSTEM ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES

IN THE MATTER OF:



Reg. No.: Issue No(s).: Case No.: Hearing Date: County:

2014-24118 1008

February 25, 2014 Oakland-04

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: Darryl T. Johnson

HEARING DECISION

Following Claimant's request for a hearing, this matter is before the undersigned Administrative Law Judge pursuant to MCL 400.9 and 400.37; 7 CFR 273.15 to 273.18; 42 CFR 431.200 to 431.250; 45 CFR 99. 1 to 99.33; and 45 CFR 205.10. After due notice, a telephone hearing was held on F ebruary 25, 2014, from Lansing, Michigan. Participants on behalf of Claimant included Claimant Participants on behalf of the Department of Human Se rvices (Department) included Family Independence Specialist and PATH Case Manager from the Michigan Works Agency.

ISSUE

Did the Department properly close Claimant's Fa mily Independence Program (FIP) benefits?

FINDINGS OF FACT

The Administrative Law Judge, based on t he competent, material, and substantial evidence on the whole record, finds as material fact:

- 1. Claimant is in a group of two and was an on-going recipient of FIP (cash assistance) benefits.
- On January 13, 2014, the Department mailed to Claimant a Notice of Non-Compliance informing her that s he "refused or failed to participa te as required in employment and/or self-sufficiency related activities for FIP, RCA, and/or FAP" on January 13, 2014.
- 3. Claimant was scheduled for a "triage" meeting on January 21, 2014 at the Department, which she attended.
- 4. During the triage, Claimant did not want to reveal personal issues which she had indicated were her reason for not partici pating with the Partnership, Accountability, Training, and Hope (PATH) program.

- 5. During the triage, the Department dete rmined that Claimant ha d not establish ed good cause for her non-participation.
- 6. Claimant was previously sanctioned for non-compliance with the PATH program.
- 7. On January 13, 2014, the D epartment issued a Notic e of Case Action c losing Claimant's cash assist ance effective F ebruary 1, 2014 because "For the second time, you or a group member failed to participate in employ ment and/or self-sufficiency-related activities or you quit a jo b, were fired, or reduced your hours of employment without good cause."

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

Department policies are contained in the Department of Human Service s Bridges Administrative Manual (BAM), Department of Human Services Bridges Eligibility Manual (BEM), D epartment of Human Servic es Reference Tables Manual (RFT), and Department of Human Services Emergency Relief Manual (ERM).

The Family Independence Program (FIP) was established pursuant to the Personal Responsibility and W ork Opportunity Reconc iliation Act of 1996, PL 104-193, and 42 USC 601 to 679c. The Depart tment (formerly known as the Family Independence Agency) administers FIP pursuant to MC L 400.10 and 400.57a and Mich Admin Code, R 400.3101 to .3131.

The PATH program requirement s including education and training opportunities are found in BEM 229. Failure by a client to parti cipate fully in assigned activities while the FIP application is pending will result in denial of FIP benefits. A Work Eligible Individual (WEI) who refuses, without good cause, to participate in ass igned employment and/or other self-sufficiency related activities is subject to penalties. If the client does not return the activity log by the due date, it is treated as a noncompliance; see BEM 233A. When a FAP recipient is non-compliant, BEM 233B establishes several consequences."

If a participant is active FIP and FAP at the time of FIP noncompliance, determination of FAP good c ause is based on t he FIP good cause reasons outlined in BEM 233A. For the FAP determination, if the clien t does not meet one of the FIP good caus e reas ons, determine the FAP disqualification based on FIP deferral cr iteria on Iy as outlined in BEM 230A, or the FAP deferral reason of care of a child under 6 or education . No other deferral reasons apply fo r participants act ive FIP and FAP. Determine good caus e during triage appointment/phone conference and prior to the negative action period. Good cause must be provided prior to the end of the negative action period.

"Determine good c ause during triage and prior to the negativ e action effective date. Good cause must be ve rified and provided prior to the end of the negative action period and can be based on information already on file with the DHS or PATH." BEM 233A p 11 (7/1/13).

Per BEM 233A, "good cause for non-compli ance" are based on f actors beyond control of the client. Some ci rcumstances that ar e considered "good cause" are: working 40 hours or more; client is unfit for a particular job; illness or injury; lack of child care; lack of transportation; unplanned events; long commute. "If it is determined during triage the client has good cause, and good cause issues have been resolved, send the client back to PATH."

The critical issue here is whether Claimant established good cause for non-compliance prior to the end of the negat ive action period. Claimant testified that s he did not participate in work related activities becaus e she had a family emergency involving her grandmother, but she would not ex plain more during the triage. At the hearing, whic h was held more than three weeks after t he negative action effective date, Claimant explained that she had gone out of state to help her grandmother, who was ill, becaus e no other family members were able to help her. Claimant had not wanted to explain at the triage that her mother is ill with cance r. Claimant also testified that she had le ft Michigan on December 20, 2013, when her training program ended, and she returned on Januar y 6, 2014, when she was scheduled to start an externship. She had not returned to the MWA during her break, despite being required to.

It is possible that the Department could have found Claimant had established good cause for non-compliance, if only she had expl ained at triage why the responsibility for caring for her grandmother had fallen on her during the break. But, since she did not provide the explanation, the Department pr operly found that she had not establishe d good cause prior to the effective date of the negative action.

The Administrative Law Judge, based on the above Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, and for the reasons stated on the record, if any, finds that the Department acted in accordance with Department policy when it determined that Claimant failed to comply with the training requirements.

DECISION AND ORDER

Accordingly, the Department's decision is **AFFIRMED**.

Darryl T. Johnson Administrative Law Judge for Maura Corrigan, Director Department of Human Services

Date Signed: February 27, 2014

Date Mailed: February 27, 2014

NOTICE OF APP EAL: The claimant may appea I the Dec ision and Order to Circuit Court within 30 days of the receipt of the Decision and Order or, if a timely Request for Rehearing or Reconsiderati on was made, within 30 days of the receipt date of the Decision and Order of Reconsideration or Rehearing Decision.

Michigan Administrative Hearing Syst em (MAHS) may order a rehearing or reconsideration on either its own motion or at the request of a par ty within 30 days of the mailing date of this Dec ision and Order . MAHS will not order a rehearing or reconsideration on the Department's mo tion where the final decis ion cannot be implemented within 90 days of the filing of the original request (60 days for FAP cases).

A Request for Rehearing or Reconsideration may be granted when one of the following exists:

- Newly discovered evidence that existed at the time of the or iginal hearing that could affect the outcome of the original hearing decision;
- Misapplication of manual policy or law in the hearing decision which led to a wrong conclusion;
- Typographical, mathematical or other obvious error in the hearing decision that affects the rights of the client;
- Failure of the ALJ to address in the hearing decision relevant issues raised in the hearing request.

The Department, AHR or the clai mant must specify all reas ons for the request. MAHS will not review any response to a request for rehearing/reconsideration. A request must be *received* in MAHS within 30 days of the date the hearing decision is mailed.

The written request must be faxed to (517) 335-6088 and be labeled as follows:

Attention: MAHS Rehearing/Reconsideration Request

If submitted by mail, the written request must be addressed as follows:

Michigan Administrative Hearings Reconsideration/Rehearing Request P.O. Box 30639 Lansing, Michigan 48909-07322

