STATE OF MICHIGAN MICHIGAN ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING SYSTEM ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES

IN THE MATTER OF:



Reg. No.: Issue No(s).: Case No.: Hearing Date: County: 2014-785 3005

February 4, 2014 Ottawa County DHS

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: Colleen Lack

HEARING DECISION FOR CONCURRENT BENEFITS INTENTIONAL PROGRAM VIOLATION

Upon the request for a hearing by the Department of Human Services (Department), this matter is before the undersigned Administ rative Law Judge pursuant to MCL 400.9 and in ac cordance with Titles 7, 42 and 45 of the Code of Federal Regulations, particularly 7 CFR 273.16, and with Mich Admin Code, R 400.3130 and R 400.3178. After due notice, a teleph one hearing was held on February 4, 2014 from Lansing, Michigan. The Department was represented by for the Office of Inspector General (OIG).

Respondent did not appear at the hearing and it was held in Respondent's absence pursuant to 7 CFR 273.16(e), Mich Admin Code R 400.3130(5), or Mich Admin Code R 400.3178(5).

ISSUES

- 1. Did Res pondent receive an overissuanc e (OI) Food Assistance Program (FAP) benefits that the Department is entitled to recoup?
- 2. Did Respondent, by clear and convincing evidence, commit an Intentional Program Violation (IPV)?
- 3. Should Respondent be dis qualified from receiving Food As sistance Program (FAP)?

FINDINGS OF FACT

The Administrative Law Judge, based on t he competent, material, and substantial evidence on the whole record, finds as material fact:

1. The Department's OIG filed a hearing request on September 30, 2013 to esta blish an OI of benefits received by Respondent as a result of Res pondent having received concurrent program benefits and, as such, allegedly committed an IPV.

- 2. The OIG h as requested that Respondent be disqualified from receiving program benefits.
- 3. Respondent was a recipient of FAP benefits issued by the Department.
- 4. On the Assistance Application signed by Respondent on October 12, 2011, Respondent did not report whether or not she and her household intended to stay in Michigan.
- 5. Respondent was aware of the responsibility to report changes in her residence to the Department.
- 6. Respondent had no apparent physical or mental impairment that would limit the understanding or ability to fulfill this requirement.
- 7. Respondent began using FAP benefits outside of the Stat e of Michigan beginning in March 2012.
- 8. The OIG indicates that the time period they are considering the fraud period is May 2012 through September 2012.
- 9. During the alleged fraud period, Respond ent was is sued \$ in FAP benefits from the State of Michigan.
- 10. During the alleged fraud period, Respondent was i ssued SNAP benefit s from the State of California.
- 11. A notice of hearing was mailed to Respondent at the last k nown address and was not returned by the US Post Office as undeliverable.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

Department policies are contained in the Department of Human Services Bridges Administrative Manual (BAM), Department of Human Services Bridges Eligibility Manual (BEM), and Department of Human Services Re ference Tables Manual (RFT). Prior to August 1, 2008, Department policies were contained in the Department of Human Services Program Administra tive Manuals (PAM), Depar tment of Human Services Program Eligibility Manual (PEM), and Department of Hu man Services Reference Schedules Manual (RFS).

The Food Assistance Program (FAP) [formerly known as the Food Stamp program] is established by the Food Stamp Act of 1977, as amended, 7 USC 2011 to 2036a and is implemented by the federal regulations contained in 7 CFR 271. 1 to 285.5. The Department (formerly known as the Fam ily Independence Agency) administers FAP pursuant to MCL 400.10 and Mich Admin Code, R 400.3001 to .3015.

The Department's OIG requests IPV hearings for the following cases:

- FAP trafficking OIs that are not forw arded to the prosecutor,
- prosecution of welfare fraud or FAP trafficking is declined by the prosecutor for a r eason other than lack of evidence, and
 - the total OI amount for t he FIP, SDA, CDC, MA and FAP programs is \$1000 or more, or
 - the total OI amount is less than \$1000, and
 - ➢ the group has a previous IPV, or
 - > the alleged IPV involves FAP trafficking, or
 - the alleged fraud involves c oncurrent receipt of assistance (see BEM 222), or
 - the alleged fraud is committed by a state/government employee.

BAM 720 (7-1-2013), p. 12.

Intentional Program Violation

Suspected IPV means an OI exists for which all three of the following conditions exist:

- The client intentionally failed t o report information **or** intentionally gave incomplete or inaccurate information needed to make a correct benefit determination, and
- The client was clearly and co rrectly instructed regarding his or her reporting responsibilities, and
- The client has no apparent physical or mental impairment that limits his or her understanding or ab ility to fulfill reporting responsibilities.

BAM 700 (7-1-2013), p. 7; BAM 720, p. 1.

An IPV requires that the Department establish by clear and convincing evidence that the client has intentionally withheld or misrepresented information for the **purpose** of establishing, maintaining, increasing or preventing r eduction of program benefits or eligibility. BAM 720, p. 1 (emphasis in original); se e also 7 CF R 273(e)(6). Clear and convincing evidence is evidence sufficient to result in a clear and firm belief that the proposition is true. See M Civ JI 8.01.

In this case, the Department has estab lished that Respondent was aware of the responsibility to timely and accurately report to the Department all hous ehold changes in residency. Department policy r equires clients to report any change in c ircumstances that will affect eligib ility or benefit amount within 10 (ten) days. BAM 105 (7/1/2013). Respondent's signature on the Assistance Applic ation in this rec ord certifies that she

was aware of the change reporting respons ibilities and that fraudulent participation in FAP could result in c riminal or civil or a dministrative claims. The record contained a n Electronic Benefit Transfer (EBT) History of FAP purc hases during the time period in guestion which demonstrated that Respondent used her Mich igan-issued EBT card out of state for 30 (thirty) days or more. From March 9, 2012 through September 15, 2012 transactions exclusively occurred in California. Further, documentation from the County of Los Angeles Department of Public Soci al Services confirmed Respondent received SNAP in California from August 30, 2012 through July 31, 2013. There is no evidence showing that Respondent timely and accurately reported her change in residency to the Department within 10 days as required per policy. In addition, Respondent had no apparent physical or mental impairment that t limits her understanding or ability to fulfill esented clear and c onvincing these reporting responsibilit ies. The Department pr evidence that the Respondent committed an IPV.

Disqualification

A court or hearing decision that finds a client committed IPV di squalifies that client from receiving program benefits. BAM 720, p. 15. A disqualified recipient remains a member of an active group as long as he lives with them, and other eligible group members may continue to receive benefits. BAM 720, p. 15.

Clients who commit an IPV are disqualified for a standard di squalification period except when a court orders a different period, or except when the OI relates to MA. BAM 720, p. 13. Refusal to repay will no t cause denial of current or future MA if the client is otherwise eligible. BAM 710 (7-1-2013), p. 2. Clients are disqualified for periods of one year for the first IPV, two years for the sec ond IPV, lifetime disqualif ication for the third IPV, and ten years for a FAP concurrent receipt of benefits. BAM 720, p. 16.

In this case, the evidence of record s hows that Respondent received c oncurrent FAP benefits, which carries a ten year disqualification.

<u>Overissuance</u>

When a client group receives more benefits than they are entitled to receive, the Department must attempt to recoup the OI. BAM 700 (July 2013), p. 1.

In this cas e, the evidence of record s hows that Res pondent re ceived an OI of FAP benefits during the above-mentioned fraud period in the amount of \$

DECISION AND ORDER

The Administrative Law Judge, based upon the above Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, and for the reasons stated on the record, concludes that:

- 1. The Department has es tablished by c lear and conv incing evidence that Respondent did commit an intentional program violation (IPV).
- 2. Respondent did receive an OI of program benefits in the am ount of \$ from the following FAP program.

The Department is ORDERED to initiate recoupment procedures for the amount of finance with Department policy.

It is FURTHER ORDERED that Respondent be personally disqualified from participation in the FAP program for 10 years.

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Colleen Lack Administrative Law Judge for Maura Corrigan, Director Department of Human Services

Date Signed: February 6, 2014

Date Mailed: February 6, 2014

<u>NOTICE</u>: The law pr ovides that within 30 days of receipt of the above Decision and Order, the Respondent may appeal it to the circuit court for the county in which he/she lives.

CL/hj

CC:

