# STATE OF MICHIGAN MICHIGAN ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING SYSTEM ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES

### IN THE MATTER OF:

Reg. No.: 2014-3480 Issue No(s).: 3005

Issue No(s).: Case No.:

February 4, 2014

Hearing Date: County:

Washtenaw County DHS

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: Colleen Lack

## HEARING DECISION FOR INTENTIONAL PROGRAM VIOLATION

Upon the request for a hearing by the Depar tment of Human Services (Department), this matter is before the under signed Administrative Law Judge pursuant to MCL 400.9, and in acc ordance with Titles 7, 42 and 45 of the Code of Federal Regulat ion (CFR), particularly 7 CFR 273.16, and with Mich Admin Code, R 400.3130 and R 400.3178. After due notice, a teleph one hearing was held on Februar y 4, 2014 from Lansing, Michigan. The Department was represented by the Office of Inspector General (OIG).

Respondent did not appear at the hearing and it was held in Respondent's absence pursuant to 7 CFR 273.16(e), Mich Admin Code R 400.3130(5), or Mich Admin Code R 400.3178(5).

### **ISSUES**

1.	Did Respondent receive an overissuance (OI) of  Family Independence Program (FIP) State Disability Assistance (SDA)  Food Assistance Program (FAP) Child Development and Care (CDC)  Medical Assistance (MA)  benefits that the Department is entitled to recoup?
2.	Did Respondent, by clear and convincing evidence, commit an Intentional Program Violation (IPV)?
3.	Should Respondent be disqualified from receiving  Family Independence Program (FIP)? State Disability Assistance (SDA)?  Food Assistance Program (FAP)? Child Development and Care (CDC)?

#### FINDINGS OF FACT

The Administrative Law Judge, based on t he competent, material, and substantial evidence on the whole record, finds as material fact:

1.	The Department's OIG filed a hearing request on October 7, 2013, to establis h an OI of benefits received by Respondent as a result of Respondent having allegedly committed an IPV.
2. Tł	ne OIG $\boxtimes$ has $\square$ has not requested that Respondent be dis qualified from receiving program benefits.
3.	Respondent was a recipient of $\ \ \Box$ FIP $\ \ \Box$ FAP $\ \ \Box$ SD A $\ \ \Box$ CDC $\ \ \Box$ MA benefits issued by the Department.
4. R	espondent 🔲 was 🔲 was not aware of the responsibility to report any household changes, including changes with residence, to the Department.
5.	Respondent had no apparent ph ysical or m ental impairment that would limit the understanding or ability to fulfill this requirement.
6.	The Department's OIG indicates that the time period it is considering the fraud period is March 1, 2012 through October 31, 2012 (fraud period).
7.	During the fraud period, Respondent was issued \$ in ☐ FIP ☒ FAP ☐ SDA ☐ CDC ☐ MA benefits by the State of Michigan, and the Department alleges that Respondent was entitled to \$0 in such benefits during this time period.
8.	During the fraud period, Res pondent was issued \$ in FIP FAP SDA CDC MA benefits by the State of Michigan, and the Department alleges that Respondent was entitled to in such benefits during this time period.
9.	The Department alleges that Respondent received an OI in ☐ FIP ☒ FAP ☐ SDA ☐ CDC ☐ MA benefits in the amount of \$
10.	The Department alleges that Respondent received an OI in ☐ FIP ☐ FAP ☐ SDA ☐ CDC ☒ MA benefits in the amount of \$
11.	This was Respondent's ⊠ first ☐ second ☐ third alleged IPV.
12.	A notice of hearing was mailed to Respondent at the last known address and ☐ was ☑ was not returned by the US Post Office as undeliverable.

# CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

Department policies are contained in the Department of Human Service s Bridges Administrative Manual (BAM), Department of Human Services Bridges Eligibility Manual (BEM), and Department of Human Services Re ference Tables Manual (RFT). Prior to August 1, 2008, Department policies were contained in the Department of Human Services Program Administra tive Manuals (PAM), Department of Human Services Program Eligibility Manual (PEM), and Department of Human Services Reference Schedules Manual (RFS).

The Family Independence Program (FIP) was established pursuant to the Personal Responsibility and W ork Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996, PL 104-193, and 42 USC 601 to 679c. The Depar tment (formerly known as the Family Independenc e Agency) administers FIP pursuant to MC L 400.10 and 400.57a and Mich Admin Code, R 400.3101 to .3131.
☐ The Food Assistance Program (FAP) [fo rmerly known as the Food Stamp program] s established by the Food Stamp Act of 1977, as ame nded, 7 USC 2011 to 2036a and s implemented by the federal regulations contained in 7 CFR 271.1 to 285.5. The Department (formerly known as the Fam ily Independence Agency) administers FAP oursuant to MCL 400.10 and Mich Admin Code, R 400.3001 to .3015.
☐ The Medical Ass istance (MA) program is es tablished by the Title XIX of the Soc ial Security Act, 42 USC 1396-1396w-5, and is implemented by 42 CFR 400.200 to 1008.59. The Department of Human Services (formerly known as the Family ndependence Agency) administers the MA program pursuant to MCL 400.10 and MCL 400.105.
The State Disability Assistance (SDA) program is established by the Social Welfare Act, MCL 400.1119b. The Department of Human Services (formerly known as the Family Independence Agency) administers the SDA program pursuant to MCL 400.10 and Mich Admin Code, R 400.31513180.
The Child Development and Care (CDC) program is establis hed by Titles IVA, IVE and XX of the Social Security Ac t, 42 USC 601-619, 670-679c, and 1397-1397m-5; the Child Care and Development Block Grant of 1990, PL 101-508, 42 USC 9858 to 9858q; and the Personal Res ponsibility and Work Opportunity Reconc iliation Act of 1996, PL 104-193. The program is implemented by 45 CFR 98.1- 99.33. The Department administers the program pursuant to MCL 400.10 and provides services to adults and children pursuant to MCL 400.14(1) and Mich Admin Code, R 400.50015020.

The Department's OIG requests IPV hearings for the following cases:

- FAP trafficking OIs that are not forw arded to the prosecutor,
- prosecution of welfare fraud or FAP trafficking is declined by the prosecutor for a r eason other than lack of evidence, and
  - the total OI amount for t he FIP, SDA, CDC, MA and FAP programs is \$1000 or more, or
  - the total OI amount is less than \$1000, and
    - > the group has a previous IPV, or
    - > the alleged IPV involves FAP trafficking, or
    - the alleged fraud involves c oncurrent receipt of assistance (see BEM 222), or

the alleged fraud is committed by a state/government employee.

BAM 720 (7-1-2013), p. 12.

## **Intentional Program Violation**

Suspected IPV means an OI exists for which all three of the following conditions exist:

- The client intentionally failed t o report information or intentionally gave incomplete or inaccurate information needed to make a correct benefit determination, and
- The client was clearly and co rrectly instructed regarding his or her reporting responsibilities, and
- The client has no apparent physical or mental impairment that limits his or her understanding or ab ility to fulfill reporting responsibilities.

BAM 700 (7-1-2013), p. 7; BAM 720, p. 1.

An IPV is also suspected for a client who is alleged to have trafficked FAP benefits. BAM 720, p. 1.

An IPV requires that the Department establish by clear and convincing evidence that the client has intentionally withheld or misrepresented information for the **purpose** of establishing, maintaining, increasing or preventing r eduction of program benefits or eligibility. BAM 720, p. 1 (emphasis in original); se e also 7 CF R 273(e)(6). Clear and convincing evidence is evidence sufficient to result in a clear and firm belief that the proposition is true. See M Civ JI 8.01.

In this case, the Department has estab lished that Respondent was aware of the responsibility to timely and accurately report to the Department all household changes, including changes residence. Department policy requires clients to report any change in circumstances that will affect eligibility or benefit amount within 10 (ten) days. BAM 105 (7/1/2013). Respondent's signature on the Assistance Application in this record certifies that she was awar e of the change reporti ng responsibilities and that fraudulent participation in benefits could result in criminal or civil or administrative claims. The record contained an Electronic Benefit Transfer (EBT) History of FAP purchases during the time period in question whic h demonstrated that Respondent used her Michiganissued EBT card out of state for 30 (thirt y) days or more. From January 21, 2012, through September 3, 2012, all transactions occurred in Florida. There is no evidenc e showing that Respondent timely and accurately reported her change in residency to the Department within 10 days as required per policy. Re spondent had no apparent physical or mental impairment that limits her understanding or ability to fulfill these reporting responsibilities. The OIG Agent's Investigation Report documents a telephone interview with Respondent on December 12, 2012 during which Respondent admitted

she never notified her caseworker of he r change in residenc y. Accordingly, the Department has established the Respondent committed an IPV by clear and convincing evidence.

## Disqualification

A court or hearing decision that finds a client committed IPV di squalifies that client from receiving program benefits. BAM 720, p. 15. A disqualified recipient remains a member of an active group as long as he lives with them, and other eligible group members may continue to receive benefits. BAM 720, p. 15.

Clients who commit an IPV are disqualified for a standard disqualification period except when a court orders a different period, or except when the OI relates to MA. BAM 720, p. 13. Refusal to repay will no t cause denial of current or future MA if the client is otherwise eligible. BAM 710 (7/1/2013), p. 2. Clients are disqualified for periods of one year for the first IPV, two years for the sec ond IPV, lifetime disqualification for the third IPV, and ten years for a FAP concurrent receipt of benefits. BAM 720, p. 16.

In this case, the evidence of record shows that Respondent committed her first FAP IPV which carries a 12 month disqualification.

## **Overissuance**

When a client group receives more benefits than they are entitled to receive, the Department must attempt to recoup the OI. BAM 700, p. 1.

In this case, the evidence of record shows that during the above-mentioned fraud period Respondent received an OI of FAP benefits in the amount of \$ and an OI of MA benefits in the amount of \$ accordingly, the total OI for FAP and MA is \$6,851.05

# **DECISION AND ORDER**

The Administrative Law Judge, based upon the above Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, and for the reasons stated on the record, if any, concludes that:

1.	The Department has es — tablished by c — lear and conv — incing evidence that Respondent $\boxtimes$ did $\square$ did not commit an intentional program violation (IPV).
2. R	Respondent
The	e Department is ORDERED to  ☐ delete the OI and cease any recoupment action. ☐ initiate recoupment procedures for t he amount of \$ in accordance with Department policy.
	reduce the OI to \$ for the per iod , and initiate recoupment procedures in accordance with Department policy.

☑ It is FURTHER ORDERED that Respondent be disqualified from the disqualified from the disqualified from the disqualified.  It is FURTHER ORDERED that Respondent be disqualified from the disqualified from the disqualified.  It is FURTHER ORDERED that Respondent be disqualified.  It is FURTHER ORDERED tha	om
☐ FIP ☒ FAP ☐ SDA ☐ CDC for a period of	

Colleen Lack

Colleen Lack

Administrative Law Judge
for Maura Corrigan, Director

Department of Human Services

Date Signed: February 6, 2014

Date Mailed: February 6, 2014

**NOTICE**: The law pr ovides that within 30 days of receipt of the above Decision and Order, the Respondent may appeal it to the circuit court fo r the county in which he/she lives.

CL/hj

CC:

