### STATE OF MICHIGAN MICHIGAN ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING SYSTEM ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES

### IN THE MATTER OF:



 Reg. No.:
 2013-66006

 Issue No(s).:
 3005

 Case No.:
 December 9, 2013

 Hearing Date:
 December 9, 2013

 County:
 Delta

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: Dale Malewska

### HEARING DECISION FOR INTENTIONAL PROGRAM VIOLATION

Upon the request for a hearing by the Department of Human Services (Department), this matter is before the undersigned Administrative Law Judge pursuant to MCL 400.9, and in accordance with Titles 7, 42 and 45 of the Code of Federal Regulation (CFR), particularly 7 CFR 273.16, and with Mich Admin Code, R 400.3130 and R 400.3178. After due notice, a telephone hearing was held on December 9, 2013 from Lansing, Michigan. The Department was represented by **Exercise**, Regulation Agent of the Office of Inspector General (OIG).

Respondent did not appear at the hearing and it was held in Respondent's absence pursuant to 7 CFR 273.16(e), Mich Admin Code R 400.3130(5), or Mich Admin Code R 400.3178(5).

### **ISSUES**

- Did Respondent receive an overissuance (OI) of

   Family Independence Program (FIP)
   State Disability Assistance (SDA)
   Food Assistance Program (FAP)
   Child Development and Care (CDC)
   Medical Assistance (MA) benefits that the Department is entitled to recoup?
- 2. Did Respondent, by clear and convincing evidence, commit an Intentional Program Violation (IPV)?
- Should Respondent be disqualified from receiving
   Family Independence Program (FIP)?
   State Disability Assistance (SDA)?
   Food Assistance Program (FAP)?
   Child Development and Care (CDC)?

# FINDINGS OF FACT

The Administrative Law Judge, based on the competent, material, and substantial evidence on the whole record, finds as material fact:

- 1. The Department's OIG filed a hearing request on September 3, 2013, to establish an OI of benefits received by Respondent as a result of Respondent having allegedly committed an IPV.
- 2. The OIG 🖂 has 🗌 has not requested that Respondent be disqualified from receiving program benefits.
- 3. Respondent was a recipient of  $\Box$  FIP  $\boxtimes$  FAP  $\Box$  SDA  $\Box$  CDC  $\Box$  MA benefits issued by the Department.
- 4. Respondent 🖾 was 🗌 was not aware of the responsibility to use her EBT card properly having read and reviewed *Important Things DHS Needs To Know* in her application for benefits.
- 5. Respondent had no apparent physical or mental impairment that would limit the understanding or ability to fulfill this requirement.
- 6. The Department's OIG indicates that the time period it is considering the fraud period is December 9, 2012 through January 2, 2013.
- 7. During the fraud period, Respondent was issued \$ Gamma in ☐ FIP ⊠ FAP ☐ SDA ☐ CDC ☐ MA benefits by the State of Michigan, after giving her card to an unauthorized individual for unauthorized use.
- 8. The Department alleges that Respondent received an OI in \_ FIP 🖂 FAP \_ SDA \_ CDC \_ MA benefits in the amount of \$
- 9. This was Respondent's  $\boxtimes$  first  $\square$  second  $\square$  third alleged IPV.
- 10. A notice of hearing was mailed to Respondent at the last known address and  $\square$  was  $\square$  was not returned by the US Post Office as undeliverable.

## CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

Department policies are contained in the Department of Human Services Bridges Administrative Manual (BAM), Department of Human Services Bridges Eligibility Manual (BEM), and Department of Human Services Reference Tables Manual (RFT). Prior to August 1, 2008, Department policies were contained in the Department of Human Services Program Administrative Manuals (PAM), Department of Human Services

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Totaled as **\$** Department's Exhibit A, p. 2

Program Eligibility Manual (PEM), and Department of Human Services Reference Schedules Manual (RFS).

☐ The Family Independence Program (FIP) was established pursuant to the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996, PL 104-193, and 42 USC 601 to 679c. The Department (formerly known as the Family Independence Agency) administers FIP pursuant to MCL 400.10 and 400.57a and Mich Admin Code, R 400.3101 to .3131.

The Food Assistance Program (FAP) [formerly known as the Food Stamp program] is established by the Food Stamp Act of 1977, as amended, 7 USC 2011 to 2036a and is implemented by the federal regulations contained in 7 CFR 271.1 to 285.5. The Department (formerly known as the Family Independence Agency) administers FAP pursuant to MCL 400.10 and Mich Admin Code, R 400.3001 to .3015.

☐ The Medical Assistance (MA) program is established by the Title XIX of the Social Security Act, 42 USC 1396-1396w-5, and is implemented by 42 CFR 400.200 to 1008.59. The Department of Human Services (formerly known as the Family Independence Agency) administers the MA program pursuant to MCL 400.10 and MCL 400.105.

The State Disability Assistance (SDA) program is established by the Social Welfare Act, MCL 400.1-.119b. The Department of Human Services (formerly known as the Family Independence Agency) administers the SDA program pursuant to MCL 400.10 and Mich Admin Code, R 400.3151-.3180.

☐ The Child Development and Care (CDC) program is established by Titles IVA, IVE and XX of the Social Security Act, 42 USC 601-619, 670-679c, and 1397-1397m-5; the Child Care and Development Block Grant of 1990, PL 101-508, 42 USC 9858 to 9858q; and the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996, PL 104-193. The program is implemented by 45 CFR 98.1-99.33. The Department administers the program pursuant to MCL 400.10 and provides services to adults and children pursuant to MCL 400.14(1) and Mich Admin Code, R 400.5001-.5020.

The Department's OIG requests IPV hearings for the following cases:

- FAP trafficking OIs that are not forwarded to the prosecutor,
- prosecution of welfare fraud or FAP trafficking is declined by the prosecutor for a reason other than lack of evidence, and
  - the total OI amount for the FIP, SDA, CDC, MA and FAP programs is \$ or more, or
  - the total OI amount is less than \$ and

- ➢ the group has a previous IPV, or
- > the alleged IPV involves FAP trafficking, or
- the alleged fraud involves concurrent receipt of assistance (see BEM 222), or
- the alleged fraud is committed by a state/government employee.

BAM 720 (7-1-2013), p. 12.

#### Intentional Program Violation

Suspected IPV means an OI exists for which all three of the following conditions exist:

- The client <u>intentionally failed to report</u> information **or** <u>intentionally gave incomplete or inaccurate information</u> <u>needed to make a correct benefit determination</u>, and
- The client was <u>clearly and correctly</u> instructed regarding his or her reporting responsibilities, and
- The client has <u>no apparent physical or mental impairment</u> that limits his or her understanding or ability to fulfill reporting responsibilities.

BAM 700 (7-1-2013), p. 6; BAM 720, p. 1.

An IPV is also suspected for a client who is alleged to have trafficked FAP benefits. BAM 720, p. 1.

An IPV requires that the Department establish by clear and convincing evidence that the client has intentionally withheld or misrepresented information for the purpose of establishing, maintaining, increasing or preventing reduction of program benefits or eligibility. BAM 720, p. 1; *see also* 7 CFR 273(e)(6). Clear and convincing evidence is evidence sufficient to result in a clear and firm belief that the proposition is true. See M Civ JI 8.01.

In this case, the OIG witness [] provided credible, sufficient, unrebutted testimony and other credible evidence to establish that between the dates of December 19, 2012 through December 30, 2012 following a second it was determined that the Respondent improperly "loaned" her card to another in repayment for a private debt.

While investigating an unrelated case the local county detective learned of a possible welfare fraud incident involving the passing of the Respondent's EBT card at a local which was able to isolate the transactions in question – on the detective contacted the reported that the subject using the card was

Between the dates of December 19, 2012 through December 30, 2012 the Respondent was responsible for improperly authorizing the use of her EBT to one not associated with her account. The OIG established misuse of the Respondent's EBT totaling **\$2000** overissuance of FAP benefits.

Supported by persuasive documentary evidence the OIG demonstrated the above referenced investigation as well as data indicating the Respondent's intention to reside in Michigan and her declining the option to have others named to authorized use of her EBT card. As the Respondent had applied for and received EBT card benefits under three different names in the past – it could be easily assumed that she was familiar with the rules, rights and her responsibilities with regard to its use.

This testimony and evidence coalesced into a clear and firm belief that the Respondent was intentionally **The Respondent's conduct is clearly prohibited under BAM** 105.

Based on the credible testimony and the documentary evidence, it is concluded that the OIG established, under a clear and convincing standard, that Respondent committed an IPV in this matter – resulting in OI of FAP **Sector** See Department's Exhibit A – throughout. This being the Respondent's first IPV violation - a one year disqualification is appropriate.

### **Disqualification**

A court or hearing decision that finds a client committed IPV disqualifies that client from receiving program benefits. BAM 720, p. 12. A disqualified recipient remains a member of an active group as long as she lives with them, and other eligible group members may continue to receive benefits. BAM 720, p. 13.

Clients who commit an IPV are disqualified for a standard disqualification period except when a court orders a different period, or except when the OI relates to MA. BAM 720. Clients are disqualified for periods of one year for the first IPV, two years for the second IPV, lifetime disqualification for the third IPV, and ten years for a FAP concurrent receipt of benefits. BAM 720, p. 16.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> See Department's Exhibit A, at pages 8, 24, 25, 26 and 31. *Accord;* ,the investigating from the from the fraction of the

### **Overissuance**

When a client group receives more benefits than they are entitled to receive, the Department must attempt to recoup the OI. BAM 700, p. 1

### DECISION AND ORDER

The Administrative Law Judge, based upon the above Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, and for the reasons stated on the record, if any, concludes that:

- 1. Respondent 🖾 did 🗌 did not commit an IPV by clear and convincing evidence.
- 2. Respondent ⊠ did ☐ did not receive an OI of program benefits in the amount of from the following program(s) ☐ FIP ⊠ FAP ☐ SDA ☐ CDC ☐ MA.

The Department is ORDERED to  $\boxtimes$  initiate recoupment procedures for the amount of in accordance with Department policy.

			that Responde			
SDA	CDC for	a period of	$\boxtimes$ 12 months.	24 months	s. 🗌 lifetime.	

<u>/s/</u>

Dale Malewska Administrative Law Judge for Maura Corrigan, Director Department of Human Services

Date Signed: 1/10/14

Date Mailed: 1/10/14

**<u>NOTICE</u>**: The law provides that within 30 days of receipt of the above Decision and Order, the Respondent may appeal it to the circuit court for the county in which he/she lives.

DM/tb

CC:

