STATE OF MICHIGAN MICHIGAN ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING SYSTEM ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES

IN THE MATTER C	IN	HE M	IATT	ER (OF:	١
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		Reg. No.: Issue No.: Case No.: Hearing Date: County:	2013-53772 3055 November 5, 2013 Wayne 18
ADN	IINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: Dale Malewska		
	HEARING DECISION FOR INTENTIONA	AL PROGRAM VI	OLATION
this and parti After Lans Reg	In the request for a hearing by the Department matter is before the undersigned Administrative in accordance with Titles 7, 42 and 45 of the cularly 7 CFR 273.16, and with Mich Admin or due notice, a telephone hearing was listing, Michigan. The Department was represulation Agent of the Office of Inspector General Respondent did not appear at the hearing and uant to 7 CFR 273.16(e), Mich Admin Code R 3178(5).	e Law Judge purse Code of Federa Code, R 400.313 held on Novemesented by I (OIG).	suant to MCL 400.9, il Regulation (CFR), 30 and R 400.3178. ber 5, 2013 from Lead spondent's absence
	<u>ISSUES</u>		
1.	Did Respondent receive an over issuance (OI Family Independence Program (FIP) Food Assistance Program (FAP) Medical Assistance (MA) benefits that the	State Disability A Child Developme	ent and Care (CDC)
2.	Did Respondent, by clear and convincing evid Violation (IPV)?	lence, commit an	Intentional Program
3.		State Disability A	ssistance (SDA)? nt and Care (CDC)?

FINDINGS OF FACT

The Administrative Law Judge, based on the competent, material, and substantial evidence on the whole record, finds as material fact:

1.	The Department's OIG filed a hearing request on June 25, 2013, to establish an OI of benefits received by Respondent as a result of Respondent having allegedly committed an IPV.
2.	The OIG \boxtimes has requested that Respondent be disqualified from receiving program benefits.
3.	Respondent was a recipient of $\ \ \Box$ FIP $\ \ \boxtimes$ FAP $\ \ \Box$ SDA $\ \ \Box$ CDC $\ \ \Box$ MA benefits issued by the Department.
4.	Respondent \boxtimes was aware of the responsibility to timely report any changes in circumstances – including residency.
5.	Respondent had no apparent physical or mental impairment that would limit the understanding or ability to fulfill this requirement.
6.	The Department's OIG indicates that the time period it is considering the fraud period is August 7, 2009 through August 9, 2010.
7.	During the alleged fraud period, Respondent was issued \$ in FIP SDA CDC MA benefits by the State of Michigan, and the Department alleges that Respondent was entitled to \$0 in such benefits during this time period.
8.	The Department alleges that Respondent received an OI in \square FIP \boxtimes FAP \square SDA \square CDC \square MA benefits in the amount of \$
9.	This was Respondent's ⊠ first ☐ second ☐ third alleged IPV.
10.	A notice of hearing was mailed to Respondent at the last known address and \boxtimes was returned by the US Post Office as undeliverable.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

Department policies are contained in the Department of Human Services Bridges Administrative Manual (BAM), Department of Human Services Bridges Eligibility Manual (BEM), and Department of Human Services Reference Tables Manual (RFT). Prior to August 1, 2008, Department policies were contained in the Department of Human Services Program Administrative Manuals (PAM), Department of Human Services Program Eligibility Manual (PEM), and Department of Human Services Reference Schedules Manual (RFS).

The Food Assistance Program (FAP) [formerly known as the Food Stamp (FS) program] is established by the Food Stamp Act of 1977, as amended, and is implemented by the federal regulations contained in Title 7 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR). The Department (formerly known as the Family Independence Agency) administers FAP pursuant to MCL 400.10, *et seq.*, and Mich Admin Code, R 400.3001 through R 400.3015.

The Department's OIG requests IPV hearings for the following cases:

- FAP trafficking Ols that are not forwarded to the prosecutor,
- prosecution of welfare fraud or FAP trafficking is declined by the prosecutor for a reason other than lack of evidence, and
 - the total OI amount for the FIP, SDA, CDC, MA and FAP programs is \$ or more, or
 - the total OI amount is less than \$ and
 - > the group has a previous IPV, or
 - > the alleged IPV involves FAP trafficking, or
 - the alleged fraud involves concurrent receipt of assistance (see BEM 222), or
 - > the alleged fraud is committed by a state/government employee.

BAM 720 (7-1-2013), p. 12.

Intentional Program Violation

Suspected IPV means an OI exists for which all three of the following conditions exist:

- The client intentionally failed to report information or intentionally gave incomplete or inaccurate information needed to make a correct benefit determination, and
- The client was clearly and correctly instructed regarding his or her reporting responsibilities, and
- The client has no apparent physical or mental impairment that limits his or her understanding or ability to fulfill reporting responsibilities.

BAM 700 (7-1-2013), p. 6; BAM 720, p. 1.

An IPV is also suspected for a client who is alleged to have trafficked FAP benefits. BAM 720, p. 1.

An IPV requires that the Department establish by clear and convincing evidence that the client has intentionally withheld or misrepresented information for the purpose of establishing, maintaining, increasing or preventing reduction of program benefits or eligibility. BAM 720, p. 1; see also 7 CFR 273(e)(6). Clear and convincing evidence is evidence sufficient to result in a <u>clear and firm belief</u> that the proposition is true. See M Civ JI 8.01. (Emphasis supplied)

In this case, the Department has established that the Respondent was aware of his responsibility to timely and accurately report to the Department any and all household changes – including residency. Department policy requires the beneficiary to report any change in circumstance that affects eligibility or benefit amount within 10 (ten) days. See BAM 105

While the Respondent's threshold signature on his application for assistance would certify an awareness that fraudulent participation in the FAP program could result in criminal or civil or administrative claims — production of that record [Assistance Application 1171] is necessary to establish intent. His status under policy [BEM 220] regarding job commitment or student status is unknown and uncontested. The assistance application would have been some evidence of the Respondent's relationship to Michigan, if any.

Based on this record there is no reason to conclude that the Respondent was doing anything other than vacationing in Alabama – even though the record demonstrated the Respondent used his Michigan-issued EBT card in for more than 30-days. The possibility of [excusable] temporary absence from Michigan was not addressed by the Department's representative. BEM 212

The evidence brought today also suggests, but does not prove, that the Respondent failed to report this move to his Department eligibility specialist (ES) within the 10 (ten) day reporting period required under policy.

Disqualification

A court or hearing decision that finds a client committed IPV disqualifies that client from receiving program benefits. BAM 720, p. 12. However, disqualification must be proven with clear and convincing evidence - a threshold not met today - owing to the absence of critical records otherwise available. Accordingly, the ALJ lacks a clear and firm belief that a program violation took place.

In this case, the record demonstrates that Respondent is not guilty of an IPV.

DECISION AND ORDER

The Administrative Law Judge, based upon the above Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, and for the reasons stated on the record, concludes that:

The Department failed to establish by clear and convincing evidence that the Respondent committed an IPV and did not receive an overissuance of FAP benefits.

It is therefore ORDERED that the Department shall delete the OI and cease any recoupment action.

<u>/s/</u>

Dale Malewska Administrative Law Judge for Maura Corrigan, Director Department of Human Services

Date Signed: 1/10/14

Date Mailed: 1/10/14

NOTICE: The law provides that within 30 days of receipt of the above Decision and Order, the Respondent may appeal it to the circuit court for the county in which he/she lives.

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CC:

