STATE OF MICHIGAN MICHIGAN ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING SYSTEM ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES

IN THE MATTER OF:



Reg. No.: 2014-11142 Issue No.:

1000; 3002; 2010

Case No.:

December 10, 2013 Hearing Date:

County: SSPC-WEST

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: Susanne E. Harris

HEARING DECISION

Following Claimant's request for a hearing, this matter is before the undersigned Administrative Law Judge pursuant to MCL 400.9 and 400.37; 7 CFR 273.15 to 273.18 42 CFR 431.200 to 431.250; 45 CFR 99.1 to 99.33; and 45 CFR 205.10. After due notice, a telephone hearing was held on December 10, 2013, from Lansing, Michigan Participants on behalf of Claimant included Participants on behalf of the Department of Human Services (Department) included Eligibility Specialist (ES),	
ISSUE	
Did the Department properly 🔀 deny Claimant's application for:	
☐ Family Independence Program (FIP)? ☐ Food Assistance Program (FAP)? ☐ Medical Assistance (MA)? ☐ Adult Medical Assistance (AMP)?	☐ State Disability Assistance (SDA)? ☐ Child Development and Care (CDC)? ☐ Direct Support Services (DSS)? ☐ State SSI Payments (SSP)?

ORDER OF DISMISSAL FOR LACK OF JURISDICTION

Regulations governing the hearing and appeal process for applicants and recipients of public assistance in Michigan are found in Mich Admin Code, R 400.901 through R 400.951. Rule 400.903(1) provides as follows:

> An opportunity for a hearing shall be granted to an applicant who requests a hearing because [a] claim for assistance is denied or is not acted upon with reasonable promptness, and to any recipient who is aggrieved by a Department action resulting in suspension, reduction, discontinuance, or termination of assistance.

In this case, the Claimant was also protesting a denial of cash assistance; however, the uncontested evidence was that the Claimant only ever submitted an application for FAP and MA/AMP. As there was no application for cash assistance, the Department did not take negative action regarding cash assistance. The Administrative Law Judge therefore determines that there is no jurisdiction to hear an issue regarding cash assistance because there has been no negative action regarding cash assistance. The Claimant's hearing request for cash assistance is, therefore, **DISMISSED** for lack of jurisdiction. BAM 600, p. 5.

FINDINGS OF FACT

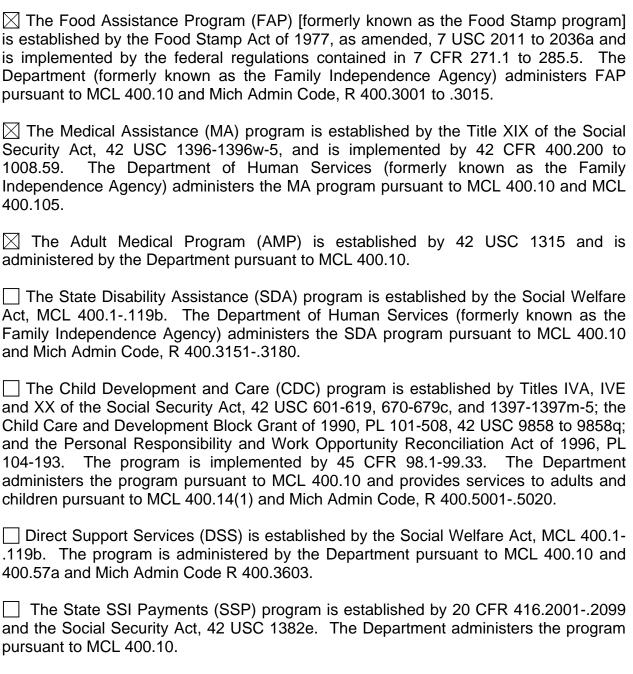
The Administrative Law Judge, based on the competent, material, and substantial evidence on the whole record, finds as material fact:

- 1. Claimant \boxtimes applied for: \boxtimes FAP and MA benefits.
- 2. On August 22, 2013, the Department ⊠ denied Claimant's application for AMP and due to there being an enrollment freeze on AMP benefits and because the Claimant was not categorically eligible for MA.
- 3. On September 6, 2013, the Department ⊠ denied Claimant's application for FAP due to the Claimant's failure to return the required verifications.
- 4. On August 22, 2013, the Department sent Claimant its AMP decision.
- 5. On September 6, 2013, the Department sent Claimant its decision.
- 6. On November 1, 2013, Claimant filed a hearing request, protesting the Department's actions.
- 7. On November 7, 2013, the Department received the Claimant's missing bank verifications.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

Department policies are contained in the Department of Human Services Bridges Administrative Manual (BAM), Department of Human Services Bridges Eligibility Manual (BEM), and Department of Human Services Reference Tables Manual (RFT).

oxdot The Family Independence Program (FIP) was established pursuant to the Personal
Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996, PL 104-193, and 42
USC 601 to 679c. The Department (formerly known as the Family Independence
Agency) administers FIP pursuant to MCL 400.10 and 400.57a and Mich Admin Code,
R 400.3101 to .3131.



In this case, the Claimant did not contest that he did not submit the required verifications for FAP until after 60 days after his application was denied. Bridges Administrative Manual (BAM) 130 pp. 2, 3, provides that the Department worker tell the Claimant what verification is required, how to obtain it and the due date by using a DHS-3503, Verification Checklist to request verification. In this case, the Department did just that. The Claimant must obtain required verification, but the Department's worker must assist if they need and request help. BAM 130 (2012) p. 5, provides that verifications are considered to be timely if received by the date they are due. It instructs Department workers to send a negative action notice when the client indicates a refusal to provide a verification, or when the time period given has elapsed and the client has not made a reasonable effort to provide it. In this case, the Administrative Law Judge determines

that the time period to submit the verification had lapsed, but the Claimant had made no reasonable effort to provide the verification nor did the Claimant ask the Department to assist him in obtaining the verification. As such, the Administrative Law Judge determines that the Department was acting in accordance with its policy when taking action to deny the Claimant's application for FAP.

Additionally, Bridges Eligibility Manual (BEM) 105 (2013) p. 1, provides that MA is comprised of several eligibility categories. Claimants may be eligible for MA if the Claimant is blind, disabled, over 65 or under 21, pregnant or a caretaker of minor children. The uncontested fact in this case is that the Claimant did not fit into any of the above listed eligibility categories. As such, the Department attempted to determine eligibility for the only other category of MA, which is AMP.

BEM 640 (2013) p. 1, provides that applications received during the freeze on AMP enrollments must be registered and denied using "applicant did not meet other eligibility requirements" as the denial reason. Applicants must be informed that the reason for denial is an enrollment freeze. The ES credibly testified that the Claimant's denial for MA is because he did not meet other categorical eligibility requirements and that the denial for AMP is due to an enrollment freeze at this time. Therefore, the Administrative Law Judge determines that the Department was acting in accordance with its policy when it took action to deny the Claimant's application for MA/AMP.

The Administrative Law Judge, based upon the above Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, and for the reasons stated on the record, if any, finds that the Department acted in accordance with Department policy when it took action to deny the Claimant's application for FAP and MA/AMP.

DECISION AND ORDER

Accordingly, the Department's decision is \boxtimes **AFFIRMED**.

/s/

Susanne E. Harris Administrative Law Judge for Maura Corrigan, Director Department of Human Services

Date Signed: 12/20/13

Date Mailed: 12/20/13

NOTICE OF APPEAL: The Claimant may appeal the Decision and Order to Circuit Court within 30 days of the receipt of the Decision and Order or, if a timely Request for Rehearing or Reconsideration was made, within 30 days of the receipt date of the Decision and Order of Reconsideration or Rehearing Decision.

Michigan Administrative Hearing System (MAHS) may order a rehearing or reconsideration on either its own motion or at the request of a party within 30 days of the mailing date of this Decision and Order. MAHS will not order a rehearing or reconsideration on the Department's motion where the final decision cannot be implemented within 90 days of the filing of the original request (60 days for FAP cases).

A Request for Rehearing or Reconsideration may be granted when one of the following exists:

- Newly discovered evidence that existed at the time of the original hearing that could affect the outcome of the original hearing decision;
- Misapplication of manual policy or law in the hearing decision which led to a wrong conclusion;
- Typographical, mathematical or other obvious error in the hearing decision that affects the rights of the client;
- Failure of the ALJ to address in the hearing decision relevant issues raised in the hearing request.

The Department, AHR or the Claimant must specify all reasons for the request. MAHS will not review any response to a request for rehearing/reconsideration. A request must be *received* in MAHS within 30 days of the date the hearing decision is mailed.

The written request must be faxed to (517) 335-6088 and be labeled as follows:

Attention: MAHS Rehearing/Reconsideration Request

If submitted by mail, the written request must be addressed as follows:

Michigan Administrative Hearings Reconsideration/Rehearing Request P.O. Box 30639 Lansing, Michigan 48909-07322

SEH/tb

CC:

