STATE OF MICHIGAN MICHIGAN ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING SYSTEM ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES

IN THE MATTER OF:



Reg. No.:2013-4Issue No.:2021Case No.:1Hearing Date:AugusCounty:Wayne



ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: Christian Gardocki

HEARING DECISION

This matter is before the undersigned Administrative Law Judge pursuant to MCL 400.9 and MCL 400.37 following Claimant's reques t for a hearing. After due notice, a telephone hearing was held on August 1, 2013, from Detroit, Michigan. Participant s included the above-named claimant. Claimant's daughter, testified on behalf of Claimant. Participant s on behalf of Department of H uman Services (DHS) included

ISSUE

The issue is whether DHS properly termi nated Claimant's Medical Assis tance (MA) eligibility due to excess assets.

FINDINGS OF FACT

The Administrative Law Judge, based on t he competent, material, and substantial evidence on the whole record, finds as material fact:

- 1. Claimant was an ongoing MA benefit recipient.
- 2. On an unspecified date, Claimant submitted a checking account statement to DHS
- 3. Claimant's statement verified an account balance of \$
- 4. On May 15, 2013, DHS initiated terminati on of Claimant's MA benefit eligibility, effective June, 2013, due to excess assets.
- 5. On May 21, 2013, Claimant requested a hearing to dispute the MA benefit termination.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

The Medic al Assistance (MA) program is est ablished by the Title XIX of the Socia I Security Act and is implemented by Title 42 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR). The Department of Human Services (formerly known as the Family Independ ence Agency) administers the MA program pursuant to MCL 400.10, *et seq .*, and MC L 400.105. DHS regulations are fo und in the Bridges Administrative Manual (BAM), the Bridges Eligibility Manual (BEM) and the Reference Tables Manual (RFT).

Claimant requested a hearing to dispute a termination of MA benefits. It was not disputed that the termination was based on excess assets by Claimant.

It was not disputed that Claimant, as an aged and/or disabled individual, was potentially eligible only for SSI-related MA benefits. The SSI-related MA c ategory asset limit is for a benefit group of one. BEM 400 (1/2013), p. 5.

It was not disputed that Claimant submitt ed a bank account statement verifying a balance of $\$ Consideration was given to whether DHS properly f actored the lowest account balance for Claimant. For MA benefits, asset eligibility exis ts when the asset group's countable ass ets are less than, or equal to, the applic able asset limit at least one day during the month being tested. *Id., p.* 5. During the hearing, Claimant was given an opportunity to exami ne the statement to determi ne if the lowest account balance was factored. It was not disputed t hat the s tatement presented by Claimant failed to verify a lower balance than what was budgeted by DHS.

Claimant testified that she had more money than usual because she was saving money to repair her house. DHS polic y allows an asset exception for monies received for damage to a house (e.g. insurance payments) under some circumstances (see *Id.*, p. 13). There is no apparent asset exclusion for saved monies intended for house repairs.

Consideration was also given t o excludin g part of the assets due to Cla imant's month income. DHS is to not count funds treated as income by a program as an asset for the same month for the same program. *Id.*, p. 15. Thus, even if DHS excluded from the determination, Claimant's countable assets would still exceed the same asset limit.

Based on the presented evidence, it is found that DHS properly terminated Claimant's MA benefit eligibility due to excess assets . As discuss ed during the hearing, Claimant may reapply any time for a new benefit determination.

DECISION AND ORDER

The Administrative Law Judge, based upon t he above findings of fact and conclusion s of law, finds that DHS properly terminated Claimant's MA benefit e ligibility, effective 6/2013. The actions taken by DHS are **AFFIRMED**.

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Christian Gardocki Administrative Law Judge for Maura Corrigan, Director Department of Human Services

Date Signed: August 23, 2013

Date Mailed: August 23, 2013

NOTICE: Michigan Administrative Hearing Syst em (MAHS) may order a rehearing or reconsideration on either its own motion or at the request of a par ty within 30 days of the mailing date of this Dec ision and Order . MAHS will not or der a rehearing or reconsideration on the Department's mo tion where the final decis ion cannot be implemented within 90 days of the filing of the original request. (60 days for FAP cases)

The Claimant may appeal the Decision and Order to Circuit Court within 30 days of the receipt of the Decision and Order or, if a ti mely request for rehearing was made, within 30 days of the receipt date of the rehearing decision.

Claimant may request a rehearing or reconsideration for the following reasons:

- A rehearing <u>MAY</u> be granted if there is newly discovered evidence that could affect the outcome of the original hearing decision.
- A reconsideration <u>MAY</u> be granted for any of the following reasons:
 - misapplication of manual policy or law in the hearing decision,
 - typographical errors, mathematical error, or other obvious errors in the hearing decision that effect the substantial rights of the claimant:
 - the failure of the ALJ to address other relevant issues in the hearing decision.

Request must be submitted through the local DHS office or directly to MAHS by mail at Michigan Administrative Hearings

Re consideration/Rehearing Request

P. O. Box 30639 Lansing, Michigan 48909-07322

CG/hj

