STATE OF MICHIGAN MICHIGAN ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING SYSTEM ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES

IN THE MATTER OF: Reg. No: 2013-60659

Issue No: 1038

Case No:

Hearing Date: August 27, 2011

Macomb-36 County DHS

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: COREY A. ARENDT

HEARING DECISION

This matter is before the undersigned Admini strative Law Judge pursuant to MCL 400.9 and MCL 400.37 following Claim ant's request for a hearing. After due notice, a telephone hearing was held on A ugust 27, 2013, from Lansing, Michigan. Participant's on behalf of Claimant included Participants on behalf of Department of Human Services (Department) included

<u>ISSUE</u>

Did the Department properly terminat e and sanction the Claimant's Family Independence Program (FIP) benefits for noncompliance with the PATH program?

FINDINGS OF FACT

I find as material fact based upon the com petent, material and substantial e vidence on the whole record:

- 1. Prior to March 18, 2013, the Claimant sought a medical deferral from the WF/JET program.
- On or around March 18, 2013, the M edical Rev iew Team (MRT) returned documentation to the Department indicating the Claim ant was able to participate in PATH.
- On April 13, 2013, the Claimant submitted medical documentation to Michigan Works. Michigan Works forwarded the documentation to the Department. The Department determined the documentation consisted of the same documentation already submitted to MRT for the earlier deferral denial.
- 4. On May 22, 2013, the Michigan Works—sent the Claimant—a PATH appointment notice. The notice indicated an appointment date of May 28, 2013.

- 5. On May 28, 2013, the Claimant failed to attend the s cheduled PAT H appointment.
- 6. On May 28, 2013, the Department sent the Claimant a notice of case action and notice of noncompliance. The notice of case action indicated the Claim ant's FIP case was c losing July 1, 2013. T he notice of noncompliance indicated a triage date of June 6, 2013.
- 7. On June 6, 2013, the Claimant participated in phone triage. During the triage, the Claimant indicated she couldn't attend the May 28, 2013 PATH appointment due to a scheduling conflict wit han alleged school field trip. The Claimant did not provide any supporting documentation to verify the school trip.
- 8. On July 24, 2013, the Claimant requested a hearing to dispute the FIP closure.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

the Per sonal Res ponsibility and Work The FIP was established pursuant to Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996, Public Law 104-193, 8 USC 601, et seq. The Department administers the FIP program pursuant to MCL 400.10, et seq., and MAC R 400.3101-3131. The FIP program replaced the Aid to Dependent Children (ADC) program effective October 1, 1996. Depa rtment policies are found in the Bridges Administrative Manual (BAM), the Bridges Eligibility Manual (BEM) and the Progra m Reference Manual (PRM).

DHS requires clients to participate in employ ment and self-sufficiency-related activities and to accept employ ment when offered. Our focus is to assist clients in removing barriers so they can participate in activities which lead to self-sufficiency. However, there are consequences for a client who refuses to participate, without good cause.

The goal of the FIP penalty policy is to obtain client compliance with appropriate work and/or self-sufficiency-related assignment s and to ensure t hat barriers to such compliance have been identified and removed. The goal is to bring the client into compliance.

A Work Eligible Indiv idual (WEI), see BEM 228, w ho fails, wit hout good cause, to participate in employment or self-sufficiency-related activities, must be penalized.

The only issue in this case is whether or not the Claimant comp lied with the P ATH orientation as required and requested by the Department.

Testimony and other evidence must be we ighed and considered according to its reasonableness.1 Moreover, the weight and credibi lity of this evidence is generally for

Gardiner v Courtright, 165 Mich 54, 62; 130 NW 322 (1911); Dep't of Community Health v Risch, 274 Mich App 365, 372; 733 NW2d 403 (2007).

the fact-finder to determine. ² In evaluating the credibility and weight to be given the testimony of a witness, the fact-finder may consider the demeanor of the witness, the reasonableness of the witness 's testimony, and the interest, if any, the witness may have in the outcome of the matter.³

I have carefully considered and weighed the testimony and other evidence in the record and find the Department's witnesses to be mo re credible than the Claimant as the Department witnesses had a cleare r grasp of the dates, time s and events in question and because the Department had doc umentation to corroborate their claims (MIS notes). Although the Claimant alleges to have had a c onflict with her sc hedule, the Claimant did not produce any evidence to corroborate her claim.

Accordingly, based upon the ab ove Findings of Fact and C onclusions of Law, and for the reasons stated on the record, I find the Department properly closed the Claimant's FIP case.

DECISION AND ORDER

I find based upon the above F indings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, and for the reasons stated on the record, the Department did act properly.

Accordingly, the Department's FIP decision is **AFFIRMED**.

Corey A. Arendt
Administrative Law Judge
for Maura D. Corrigan, Director
Department of Human Services

Date Signed: August 28, 2013

Date Mailed: August 28, 2013

NOTICE OF APPE AL: Michigan Administrative Hearin g System (MAHS) may order a rehearing or reconsideration on either its own motion or at the request of a party within 30 days of the mailing date of this Decision and Order. MAHS will not order a rehearing or reconsideration on the Department's motion where the final dec ision cannot be implemented within 90 days of the filing of the original request (60 days for FAP cases).

² Dep't of Community Health, 274 Mich App at 372; People v Terry, 224 Mich App 447, 452; 569 NW2d 641 (1997).

³ People v Wade, 303 Mich 303 (1942), cert den, 318 US 783 (1943).

The claimant may appeal the De cision and Order to Circuit Court within 30 days of the receipt of the Dec ision a nd Order or, if a tim ely Request for Rehearing or Reconsideration was made, within 30 days of the receipt date of the Decision and Order of Reconsideration or Rehearing Decision.

A Request for Rehearing or Reconsideration may be granted when one of the following exists:

- Newly discovered evidence that existed at the time of the or iginal hearing that could affect the outcome of the original hearing decision;
- Misapplication of manual policy or law in the hearing decision which led to a wrong conclusion;
- Typographical, mathematical or other obvious error in the hearing decision that affects the rights of the client;
- Failure of the ALJ to address in the hearing decision relevant issues raised in the hearing request.

The Department, AHR or the clai mant must specify all reas ons for the request. MAHS will not review any response to a request for rehearing/reconsideration. A request must be *received* in MAHS within 30 days of the date the hearing decision is mailed.

The written request must be faxed to (517) 335-6088 and be labeled as follows:

Attention: MAHS Rehearing/Reconsideration Request

If submitted by mail, the written request must be addressed as follows:

Michigan Administrative Hearings Reconsideration/Rehearing Request P.O. Box 30639 Lansing, Michigan 48909-07322

CAA/las

