STATE OF MICHIGAN MICHIGAN ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING SYSTEM ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES

IN THE MATTER OF:



 Reg. No.:
 2013 60109

 Issue No.:
 3052

 Case No.:
 Image: County and the second second

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: Lynn M. Ferris

HEARING DECISION FOR INTENTIONAL PROGRAM VIOLATION

Upon the request for a hearing by the Department of Human Services (Department), this matter is before the undersigned Administrative Law Judge pursuant to MCL 400.9, and in accordance with Titles 7, 42 and 45 of the Code of Federal Regulation (CFR), particularly 7 CFR 273.16, and with Mich Admin Code, R 400.3130 and R 400.3178. After due notice, a telephone hearing was held on October 10, 2013 from Detroit, Michigan. The Department was represented by **Exercise**, Regulation Agent of the Office of Inspector General (OIG).

Respondent did not appear at the hearing and it was held in Respondent's absence pursuant to 7 CFR 273.16(e), Mich Admin Code R 400.3130(5), or Mich Admin Code R 400.3178(5).

ISSUES

- Did Respondent receive an overissuance (OI) of
 Family Independence Program (FIP)
 State Disability Assistance (SDA)
 Food Assistance Program (FAP)
 Child Development and Care (CDC)
 Medical Assistance (MA)
 benefits that the Department is entitled to recoup?
- 2. Did Respondent, by clear and convincing evidence, commit an Intentional Program Violation (IPV)?
- Should Respondent be disqualified from receiving
 ☑ Family Independence Program (FIP)?
 ☑ State Disability Assistance (SDA)?
 ☑ Food Assistance Program (FAP)?
 ☑ Child Development and Care (CDC)?

FINDINGS OF FACT

The Administrative Law Judge, based on the competent, material, and substantial evidence on the whole record, finds as material fact:

- 1. The Department's OIG filed a hearing request on July 30, 2013, to establish an OI of benefits received by Respondent as a result of Respondent having allegedly committed an IPV.
- 2. The OIG 🖂 has 🗌 has not requested that Respondent be disqualified from receiving program benefits.
- 3. Respondent was a recipient of \boxtimes FIP \boxtimes FAP \square SDA \square CDC \square MA benefits issued by the Department.
- 4. Respondent 🖾 was 🗌 was not aware of the responsibility to report changes in income and receipt of unemployment benefits.
- 5. Respondent had no apparent physical or mental impairment that would limit the understanding or ability to fulfill this requirement.
- 6. The Department's OIG indicates that the time period it is considering the fraud period is 5/1/07 to 7/31/07 FAP, and 6/1/07 to 7/31/07 FIP (fraud period).
- 7. During the fraud period, Respondent was issued \$930 in ⊠ FIP and \$1569 in ⊠ FAP □ SDA □ CDC □ MA benefits by the State of Michigan, and the Department alleges that Respondent was entitled to \$\$0 in FIP and \$240 in FAP in such benefits during this time period.
- 8. The Department alleges that Respondent received an OI in \boxtimes FIP (\$930) \boxtimes FAP (\$1569) benefits in the total amount of \$2499.
- 9. This was Respondent's ☐ first ⊠ second ☐ third alleged IPV for both FIP and FAP benefits.
- 10. A notice of hearing was mailed to Respondent at the last known address and ☐ was ⊠ was not returned by the US Post Office as undeliverable.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

Department policies are contained in the Department of Human Services Bridges Administrative Manual (BAM), Department of Human Services Bridges Eligibility Manual (BEM), and Department of Human Services Reference Tables Manual (RFT). Prior to August 1, 2008, Department policies were contained in the Department of Human Services Program Administrative Manuals (PAM), Department of Human Services Program Eligibility Manual (PEM), and Department of Human Services Reference Schedules Manual (RFS).

The Family Independence Program (FIP) was established pursuant to the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996, PL 104-193, and 42 USC 601 to 679c. The Department (formerly known as the Family Independence Agency) administers FIP pursuant to MCL 400.10 and 400.57a and Mich Admin Code, R 400.3101 to .3131.

The Food Assistance Program (FAP) [formerly known as the Food Stamp program] is established by the Food Stamp Act of 1977, as amended, 7 USC 2011 to 2036a and is implemented by the federal regulations contained in 7 CFR 271.1 to 285.5. The Department (formerly known as the Family Independence Agency) administers FAP pursuant to MCL 400.10 and Mich Admin Code, R 400.3001 to .3015.

The Department's OIG requests IPV hearings for the following cases:

- FAP trafficking OIs that are not forwarded to the prosecutor,
- prosecution of welfare fraud or FAP trafficking is declined by the prosecutor for a reason other than lack of evidence, and
 - the total OI amount for the FIP, SDA, CDC, MA and FAP programs is \$1000 or more, or
 - the total OI amount is less than \$1000, **and**
 - ➢ the group has a previous IPV, or
 - > the alleged IPV involves FAP trafficking, or
 - the alleged fraud involves concurrent receipt of assistance (see BEM 222), or
 - the alleged fraud is committed by a state/government employee.

BAM 720 (1/1/13), p. 10.

Intentional Program Violation

Suspected IPV means an OI exists for which all three of the following conditions exist:

• The client intentionally failed to report information **or** intentionally gave incomplete or inaccurate information needed to make a correct benefit determination, and

- The client was clearly and correctly instructed regarding his or her reporting responsibilities, and
- The client has no apparent physical or mental impairment that limits his or her understanding or ability to fulfill reporting responsibilities.

BAM 700 (1/1/13), p. 6; BAM 720, p. 1.

An IPV is also suspected for a client who is alleged to have trafficked FAP benefits. BAM 720, p. 1.

An IPV requires that the Department establish by clear and convincing evidence that the client has intentionally withheld or misrepresented information for the **purpose** of establishing, maintaining, increasing or preventing reduction of program benefits or eligibility. BAM 720, p. 1 (emphasis in original); see also 7 CFR 273(e)(6). Clear and convincing evidence is evidence sufficient to result in a clear and firm belief that the proposition is true. See M Civ JI 8.01.

In this case, the evidence presented by the Department clearly demonstrated that during the alleged fraud the Claimant received unemployment compensation benefits in the amount of \$362 weekly. Exhibit 1 pp. 16 – 23. At no time during the fraud period did the Claimant report receipt of benefits so that her food assistance and cash assistance could be adjusted accordingly. The evidence clearly established that during May 2007 through July 2007 the Claimant received more FAP benefits than she was otherwise entitled resulting in an over-issuance of \$1569. From June 2007 through July 31, 2007 the Claimant also received \$930 of FIP benefits she was not otherwise entitled to receive, the total over-issuance for both programs exceeds \$1000 which is the threshold amount. Based upon the evidence presented and the budgets that were reviewed to determine the amounts of the over-issued benefits, it is determined that the Department used the correct unearned income for unemployment as well as included the FIP cash benefits for the appropriate months as unearned income, as the Claimant was not entitled to receipt of any cash assistance during those months. Failure to report receipt of unemployment benefits and change of income over the several month period in question clearly established an intentional program violation occurred as a result of the Claimant's conduct. The Claimant clearly received more benefits than she was otherwise entitled to or would have received had she reported the income.

Disqualification

A court or hearing decision that finds a client committed IPV disqualifies that client from receiving program benefits. BAM 720, p. 12. A disqualified recipient remains a member of an active group as long as he lives with them, and other eligible group members may continue to receive benefits. BAM 720, p. 13.

Clients who commit an IPV are disqualified for a standard disqualification period except when a court orders a different period, or except when the OI relates to MA. BAM 720, p. 13. Refusal to repay will not cause denial of current or future MA if the client is otherwise eligible. BAM 710 (1/1/13), p. 2. Clients are disqualified for periods of one year for the first IPV, two years for the second IPV, lifetime disqualification for the third IPV, and ten years for a FAP concurrent receipt of benefits. BAM 720, p. 16.

In this case, the Department has clearly established than an intentional program violation occurred due to the Respondent's failure to report receipt of unemployment compensation benefits. The Department also established that this was the Respondent's second violation for both benefits; therefore, the Department has established its request for disqualification.

<u>Overissuance</u>

When a client group receives more benefits than they are entitled to receive, the Department must attempt to recoup the OI. BAM 700, p. 1.

In this case, the budgets for both the FIP and FAP benefits were reviewed for the periods in question. The review of the budgets indicated that the Department properly calculated the unearned income amounts including both the unemployment benefits of \$362 received weekly, as well as the cash assistance FIP benefits which were received during the period. Based on the review of the budgets the Department has established that it was entitled to an over-issuance of \$930 for FIP benefits and \$1569 for FAP benefits. Exhibit 1 pp. 27 – 38

DECISION AND ORDER

The Administrative Law Judge, based upon the above Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, and for the reasons stated on the record, if any, concludes that:

- 1. Respondent \boxtimes did \square did not commit an IPV by clear and convincing evidence.
- 2. Respondent \boxtimes did \square did not receive an OI of program benefits in the amount of \$2499 from the following program(s) \boxtimes FIP \boxtimes FAP \square SDA \square CDC \square MA.

The Department is ORDERED to

 \boxtimes initiate recoupment procedures for the amount of \$2499 in accordance with Department policy.

☑ It is FURTHER ORDERED that Respondent be disqualified from
 ☑ FIP ☑ FAP □ SDA □ CDC for a period of
 □ 12 months. ☑ 24 months. □ lifetime.

Lynn M. Ferris Administrative Law Judge for Maura Corrigan, Director Department of Human Services

Date Signed: November 1, 2013

Date Mailed: November 1, 2013

<u>NOTICE</u>: The law provides that within 30 days of receipt of the above Decision and Order, the Respondent may appeal it to the circuit court for the county in which he/she lives.

LMF/cl

CC: