STATE OF MICHIGAN MICHIGAN ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING SYSTEM ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES

IN THE MATTER OF:



Reg. No.: 2013-54508

Issue No.: 2018

Case No.: Hearing Date:

County:

August 21, 2013 Wayne (31)

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: Eric Feldman

HEARING DECISION

This matter is before the undersigned Admini strative Law Judge pursuant to MCL 400.9 and MCL 400.37 following Claim ant's request for a hearing. After due notice, a telephone hearing was held on August 21, 2013, from Detroit, Michigan. Participants on behalf of Claimant included Claimant, and Claimant's friend, Participants on behalf of the Department of Human Servic es (Department or DHS) included Assistant Payment Worker.

ISSUE

Did the Department properly close Claimant's Medica I Ass istance (MA) benefit s effective July 1, 2013, ongoing?

FINDINGS OF FACT

The Administrative Law Judge, based on t he competent, material, and substantial evidence on the whole record, finds as material fact:

- 1. Claimant was an ongoing recipient of MA benefits. Exhibit 1.
- On June 10, 2013, the Department sent Claimant a Notice of Case Action notifying her that her MA benefits would be closed effective July 1, 2013, ongoin g. Exhibit 1.
- 3. On June 20, 2013, Claimant filed a hear ing request, protesting the Depart ment's action. Exhibit 1.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

Department policies are contained in the Br idges Administrative Manual (BAM), the Bridges Eligibility Manual (BEM), and the Reference Tables Manual (RFT).

The Medical Ass istance (MA) program is es tablished by the Title XIX of the Soc ial Security Act and is implemented by Title 42 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR).

The Department of Human Services (formerly known as the Family Independ ence Agency) administers the MA program pursuant to MCL 400.10, et seq., and MC L 400.105.

In this case, Claimant was an ongoing recipient of MA benefits. Exhib it 1. On June 10, 2013, the Department sent Claimant a Notice of Case Action notifying her that her MA benefits would be closed effective July 1, 2013, ongoing. Exhibit 1.

MA is available to former Supplemental Se curity Income (SSI) recipients who receive Retirement, Survivors, and Disability In surance (RSDI) benefits and would now be eligible for SSI if RSDI co st-of-living increases paid since SSI eligibility ended were excluded. BEM 155 (July 2010), p. 1. The reason for SSI ine ligibility does not matter. BEM 155, p. 1. This is an SSI-related Group 1 MA c ategory. BEM 155, p. 1. All eligibility factors must be met in the calendar month being tested. BEM 155, p. 1. BEM 155 also lists the nonfinancial eligibility factors. BEM 155, pp. 1-2.

Also, a person eligib le for RSDI benefits ba sed on his disability or blindness meets the disability or blindness criteria. BEM 260 (July 2012), p. 1. Disability or blindness starts from the RSDI disability ons et date established by the Social Security Administration (SSA). BEM 260, p. 1. This includes a per son whose entire RSDI b enefit is be ing withheld for recoupment. BEM 260, p. 1. No other evidence is required. BEM 260, p. 1.

At the hearing, the Department testified that Claimant received SSI. However, effective December 2012, Claimant's SSA income changed to RSDI due to her monthly spouse's benefits. See Exhibit 1. Cla imant would begin receiving \$ in RSDI be nefits. See Exhibit 1. The Department testified that Claimant is not over the age of 65, blind, or disabled. The Department testified that it attempted to run a SOLQ report to see if Claimant was disabled. However, the Department presented evidence that it received no response from the SOLQ report. See Exhibit 1. Based on this information, the Department testified that Claimant was no longer eligible for SSI Medicaid because Claimant is not over the age of 65, blind, or disabled. See Exhibit 1. Moreover, the Department testified that Claimant did not meet the requirements of BEM 155 and 260, thus she was not eligible to continue receiving SSI-related Group 1 MA coverage.

Claimant testified that she is disabled. Claimant agreed that she received \$ in RSDI benefits effective Dec ember 2012, ongoing, based on her monthly spous e's benefits. However, Claimant testified the at she was found to be diseabled by a Soc ial Security Administrative Judge.

It should be noted that the D epartment testified that it did not conduct an ex parte review to determine if Claimant can continue receiving SSI Medicaid and/or if she is eligible for other MA coverage. Also, the hearing summary stated that Claimant can submit a new application to determine if she is eligible for a different MA program. See Hearing Summary, Exhibit 1.

Regarding MA-only terminations, an ex parte review is required before Medicaid closures when there is an ac tual or anticipated change, unless the change would result in closure due to ineligibility for all Medica id. BEM 105 (October 2010), p. 4. When possible, an ex parte review should begin at least 90 days before the anticipated

change is expected to result in case clos ure. BEM 105, p. 4. The review inc ludes consideration of all MA categories. BEM 105, p. 4.

The Department considers eligibility under all other MA-only categories before terminating benefits under a specific category. B EM 105, p. 4. In addition, when Group 1 eligibility does not exist but all eligibility factors except income are met for a Group 2 category, activate deductible status. BEM 105, pp. 4-5.

Based on t he foregoing information and evidence, the Department improperly closed Claimant's MA benefits effective July 1, 2013, ongoing. The Department testified that it did not conduct an exparte review to determine if Claimant is eligible for other MA categories. Additionally, the Department testified that Claimant can apply for a new application and determine her eligibility. See Hearing Summary, Exhibit 1. This is the incorrect procedure. The Department will have to reinstate Claimant's MA benefits and conduct an expart ereview to determine if Claim ant can continue receiving SSI Medicaid and/or if she is eligible for other MA coverage.

DECISION AND ORDER

The Administrative Law Judge, based upon the above Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, and for the reasons stated on the reco rd, finds that the D epartment improperly closed Claimant's MA benefits effective July 1, 2013, ongoing.

Accordingly, the Department's $oxdot$ AMI	>	$_$ FAP \boxtimes	$MA \bigsqcup S$	SDA 💹 (CDC ded	cisior
is ☐ AFFIRMED ☒ REVERSED.						
$oxed{oxed}$ THE DEPARTMENT IS ORDERED) TO DO -	THE FOLL	OWING '	MITHIN	10 DAY	S OF
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THE DATE OF MAILING OF THIS DECISION AND ORDER:

- 1. Initiate reinstatement of Claimant's MA case as of July 1, 2013, ongoing;
- 2. Initiate determination of Cla imant's MA eligibility (ex parte review) as of July 1, 2013, ongoing;
- 3. Begin recalculating the MA budget for July 1, 2013, ongoing, in accordance with Department policy;
- 4. Begin issuing supp lements to Claimant for any MA benefits she was eligible to receive but did not from July 1, 2013, ongoing; and

5. Begin notifying Claimant in writing of its MA decis ion in acc ordance with

Department policy.

Eric Feldman

Administrative Law Judge for Maura Corrigan, Director Department of Human Services

Date Signed: August 27, 2013

Date Mailed: August 27, 2013

NOTICE OF APPE AL: Michigan Administrative Hearin g System (MAHS) may order a rehearing or reconsideration on either its own motion or at the request of a party within 30 days of the mailing date of this Decision and Order. MAHS will not order a rehearing or reconsideration on the Department's motion where the final dec ision cannot be implemented within 90 days of the filing of the original request (60 days for FAP cases).

The claimant may appeal the De cision and Order to Circuit Court within 30 days of the receipt of the Dec ision a nd Order or, if a tim ely Request for Rehearing or Reconsideration was made, within 30 days of the receipt date of the Decision and Order of Reconsideration or Rehearing Decision.

A Request for Rehearing or Reconsideration may be granted when one of the following exists:

- Newly disc overed evidence that existed at the time of the or iginal hearing that could affect the outcome of the original hearing decision;
- Misapplication of manual policy or law in the hearing decision which led to a wrong conclusion;
- Typographical, mathematical or other obvious error in the hearing decision that affects the rights of the client;
- Failure of the ALJ to address in the hearing decision relevant issues raised in the hearing request.

The Department, AHR or the clai mant must specify all reas ons for the request. MAHS will not review any response to a request for rehearing/reconsideration. A request must be *received* in MAHS within 30 days of the date the hearing decision is mailed.

The written request must be faxed to (517) 335-6088 and be labeled as follows:

Attention: MAHS Rehearing/Reconsideration Request

If submitted by mail, the written request must be addressed as follows:

Michigan Administrative Hearings Reconsideration/Rehearing Request P.O. Box 30639 Lansing, Michigan 48909-07322

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