## STATE OF MICHIGAN MICHIGAN ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING SYSTEM ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES

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		Reg. No.: Issue No.: Case No.: Hearing Date: County:	2013-47826 3055 August 20, 2013 Oakland-04 County DHS
ΑĽ	OMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: Corey A. Are	endt	
	HEARING DECISION FOR INTENTION	ONAL PROGRAM V	IOLATION
an he La	is matter is before the undersigned Administ of MCL 400.37 upon the Departm ent of Hum aring. After due notice, a telephone hearing nsing, Michigan. The Department was repre Inspector General (OIG).	an Servic es' (Depar ng was held <u>on Au</u>	tment) request for a
pu	Respondent did not appear at the hearing a rsuant to 7 CFR 273.16(e), Mich Admin Cod 0.3187(5).		
	ISSUES	<u> </u>	
1.	Did Respondent receive an overissuance (C	OI) of	
	☐ Family Independence Program (FIP) ☐ State Disability Assistance (SDA)	Food Assistance     Child Developme	Program (FAP) ent and Care (CDC)
	benefits that the Department is entitled to re	coup?	
2.	Did Respondent commit an Intentional Prog	ram Violation (IPV)?	
3.	Should Respondent be disqualified from rec	eiving	

## **FINDINGS OF FACT**

State Disability Assistance (SDA)

The Administrative Law Judge, based on t he competent, material, and substantial evidence on the whole record, finds as material fact:

Family Independence Program (FIP)

Child Development and Care (CDC)?

Medical Assistance (MA)

1.	The Department's OIG filed a hearing request on May 23, 2013 to establish an OI of benefits received by Respondent as a re sult of Responden t having allegedly committed an IPV.					
2.	The OIG $igtii$ has $igcap$ has not requested that Resp $$ ondent be dis qualified fr om receiving program benefits.					
3.	Respondent was a recipient of FAP bene fits during the period of July 1, 2012 through May 31, 2013.					
4.	Respondent 🖂 was 🗌 was not aware of the responsib ility to report all changes within 10 days.					
5.	Respondent had no apparent physical or m ental impairment that would limit the understanding or ability to fulfill this requirement.					
6.	The Department's OIG indicates that the time period they are considering the fraud period is July 1, 2012 through May 31, 2013.					
7.	During the alleged fraud period, Respo ndent was is sued \$ in F AP benefits and from the State of Michigan.					
8.	Respondent was entitled to \$ in FAP benefits during this time period.					
9.	Respondent 🖂 did 🗌 did not receive an OI in the amount of \$ under the FAP program.					
10	. The Department $oxtimes$ has $oxtimes$ has not established that Respondent committed an IPV.					
11	.This was Respondent's ⊠ first ☐ second ☐ third IPV.					
12	.A notice of disqualificat ion hearing was mailed to Res pondent at the last known address and ⊠ was □ was not returned by the US Post Office as undeliverable.					
CONCLUSIONS OF LAW						
De	epartment policies are contained in the Br idges Administrative Manual (BAM), the					

Bridges Eligibility Manual (BEM), and the Reference Tables Manual (RFT).

The FAP [formerly known as the Food Stamp (F S) program] is established by the Food Stamp Act of 1977, as amended, and is impl emented by the federal regulations contained in T itle 7 of t he Code of Federal Regulations (CF R). The Department (formerly known as the Fa mily Independence Agenc y) admin isters FAP pursuant to MCL 400.10, et seq., and 1999 AC, Rule 400.3001 through Rule 400.3015.

A Family Independence Program (FIP) issue was raised during the hearing. However, the notice of case action and hearing pack et were returned as undeliverable so I lack

the necessary authority and jurisdiction to h ear this specific issue. Therefore, I will be dismissing this issue as to allow the Depart ment an opportunity to locate a current address.

When a client group receives more benefits than they are entitled to receive, the Department must attempt to recoup the OI. BAM 700.

Suspected IPV means an OI exists for which all three of the following conditions exist:

- The client intentionally failed t o report information or intentionally gave incomplete or inaccurate information needed to make a correct benefit determination, and
- The client was clearly and co rrectly instructed regarding his or her reporting responsibilities, and
- The client has no apparent physical or mental impairment that limits his or her understanding or ability to fulfill their reporting responsibilities.

IPV is sus pected when there is clear and convinc ing evidence that the client has intentionally withheld or misr epresented information for the purpose of establishing, maintaining, increasing or preventing reduction of program benefits or eligibility. BAM 720.

The Department's OIG requests IPV hearings for cases when:

- benefit overissuanc es are not forwarded to the prosecutor.
- prosecution of welfare fraud is declined by the prosecutor for a reason other than lack of evidence, and
- the total overissuance amount is \$1000 or more, or
- the total overissuance amount is less than \$1000, and

A court or hearing decision that finds a client committed an IP V disqualifies that client from receiving program benefits. A disqualified recipient remains a member of an active group as long as he lives with them. Other eligible gr oup members may continue to receive benefits. BAM 720.

Clients who commit an IPV are disqualified for a standard di squalification period except when a court orders a different period. Clients are disqualifi ed for periods of one year for the first IPV, two years for the second IPV, lifet ime disqualification for the third IPV, and ten years for a concurrent receipt of benefits. BAM 720.

In this case, the OIG provided unequivocal evidence that Respondent reported to the Department that her child was living with her throughout the time period she received FAP benefits when in reality the child was living in Texas and receiving FAP benefits on another adult's case.

Based on the credible testimony and other evidence presented, I have concluded the OIG established, under the clear and convincing standard, that Respondent committed an IPV in this matter. The Respondent continued to falsely report her children as livin g with her in order to receive benefits.

## **DECISION AND ORDER**

I have concluded, based upon the above Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law:

- 1. Respondent ⊠ did ☐ did not commit an IPV
- 2. Respondent did did not receive an overissuance of program benefits in the amount of from the FAP program.

The Department is ORDERED to initiate recoupment procedures for the amount of in accordance with Department policy.

It is ORDERED that Respondent be disqualified from FAP for a period of 12 months.

Corey A. Arendt Administrative Law Judge for Maura Corrigan, Director Department of Human Services

Date Signed: August 21, 2013

Date Mailed: August 21, 2013

**NOTICE**: The law provides that within 30 days of receipt of the above Decision and Order, the Respondent may appeal it to the circuit court fo r the county in which he/she lives.

## CAA/las

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