STATE OF MICHIGAN MICHIGAN ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING SYSTEM ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES

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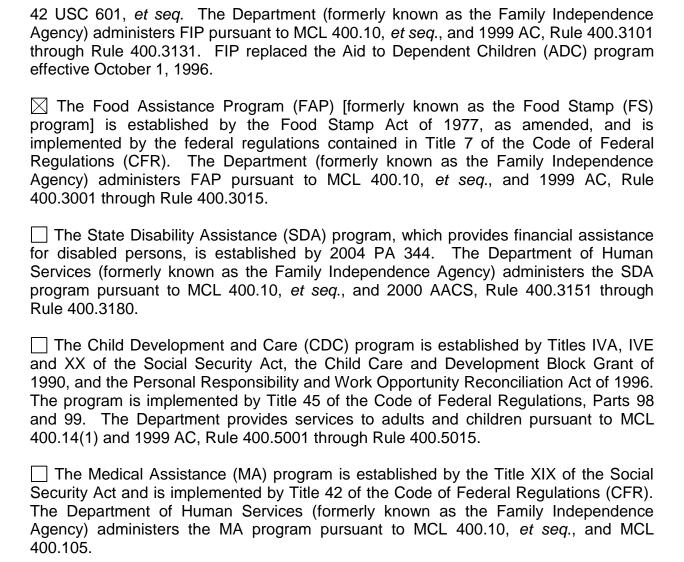
		Reg. No.: Issue No.: Case No.: Hearing Date:	2013-39972 3055 August 7, 2013	
		County:	Saginaw	
ΑD	MINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: Carmen G	. Fahie		
	HEARING DECISION FOR INTENT	IONAL PROGRAM V	<u>IOLATION</u>	
and He 20	is matter is before the undersigned Adminis d MCL 400.37, upon the Department of Hu aring. After due notice, a telephone hea 13, from Lansing, Michigan. The Depart ent #151, of the Office of Inspector General	uman Services' (Depa ring was held on We ment was represente	artment) Request for ednesday, August 7,	
	Participants on behalf of Respondent inclu	ided:		
pui	Respondent did not appear at the hearing rsuant to 7 CFR 273.16(e), Mich Admin Co 0.3178(5).		•	
	ISSUE	<u> </u>		
1.	Did Respondent receive an overissuance (OI) of		
	☐ Family Independence Program (FIP) ☐ State Disability Assistance (SDA) ☐ Medical Assistance (MA) benefits that the Department is entitled to r		Program (FAP) ent and Care (CDC)	
2	·	·		
2. Did Respondent commit an Intentional Program Violation (IPV)?				
პ.	Should Respondent be disqualified from re	ceiving		
	☐ Family Independence Program (FIP) ☐ State Disability Assistance (SDA)	∑ Food Assistance ☐ Child Development ☐ Child Devel	Program (FAP) ent and Care (CDC)?	

FINDINGS OF FACT

The Administrative Law Judge, based on the competent, material, and substantial evidence on the whole record, finds as material fact:

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1.	The Department's OIG filed a hearing request on April 10, 2013 to establish an OI of benefits received by Respondent as a result of Respondent having allegedly committed an IPV.
2.	The OIG \boxtimes has \square has not requested that Respondent be disqualified from receiving program benefits.
3.	Respondent was a recipient of \square FIP \boxtimes FAP \square SDA \square CDC \square MA benefits during the period of March 1, 2012 through August 31, 2012.
4.	On the Assistance Application, 1171, signed by Respondent on February 22, 2008, Respondent reported that she/he intended to stay in Michigan.
5.	Respondent \boxtimes was \square was not aware of the responsibility to report changes in her/his residence to the Department where the respondent used FAP benefits exclusively in the State of Wisconsin for over thirty (30) consecutive days.
6.	Respondent had no apparent physical or mental impairment that would limit the understanding or ability to fulfill this requirement.
7.	The Department's OIG indicates that the time period they are considering the fraud period is March 1, 2012 through August 31, 2012.
8.	Respondent began using \boxtimes FAP \square FIP \square MA \square SDA benefits outside of the State of Michigan beginning in January 2012.
9.	During the alleged fraud period, Respondent was issued in ☐ FIP ☐ FAP ☐ SDA ☐ CDC ☐ MA benefits from the State of Michigan.
10	. Respondent was entitled to \$0 in \square FIP \boxtimes FAP \square SDA \square CDC \square MA during this time period.
11	Respondent did did not receive an OI in the amount of under the IFIP FAP SDA CDC MA program.
12	.The Department $oxtimes$ has \odots has not established that Respondent committed an IPV.
13	.This was Respondent's ⊠ first □ second □ third IPV.
14	. A notice of hearing was mailed to Respondent at the last known address and \square was \boxtimes was not returned by the US Post Office as undeliverable.
	CONCLUSIONS OF LAW
	partment policies are contained in the Bridges Administrative Manual (BAM), the dges Eligibility Manual (BEM), and the Reference Tables Manual (RFT).
	The Family Independence Program (FIP) was established pursuant to the Personal sponsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996, Public Law 104-193,



When a client group receives more benefits than they are entitled to receive, the Department must attempt to recoup the OI. BAM 700.

Suspected IPV means an OI exists for which all three of the following conditions exist:

- The client intentionally failed to report information or intentionally gave incomplete or inaccurate information needed to make a correct benefit determination, and
- The client was clearly and correctly instructed regarding his or her reporting responsibilities, and
- The client has no apparent physical or mental impairment that limits his or her understanding or ability to fulfill their reporting responsibilities.

IPV is suspected when there is clear and convincing evidence that the client has intentionally withheld or misrepresented information for the purpose of establishing,

maintaining, increasing or preventing reduction of program benefits or eligibility. BAM 720.

The Department's OIG requests IPV hearings for cases when:

- benefit overissuances are not forwarded to the prosecutor,
- prosecution of welfare fraud is declined by the prosecutor for a reason other than lack of evidence, and
- the total overissuance amount is \$1000 or more, or
- the total overissuance amount is less than \$1000, and
 - the group has a previous intentional program violation, or
 - the alleged IPV involves FAP trafficking, or
 - the alleged fraud involves concurrent receipt of assistance,
 - the alleged fraud is committed by a state/government employee.

A court or hearing decision that finds a client committed an IPV disqualifies that client from receiving certain program benefits. A disqualified recipient remains a member of an active group as long as he lives with them. Other eligible group members may continue to receive benefits. BAM 720.

Clients who commit an IPV are disqualified for a standard disqualification period except when a court orders a different period, or except when the overissuance relates to MA. Refusal to repay will not cause denial of current or future MA if the client is otherwise eligible. BAM 710. Clients are disqualified for periods of one year for the first IPV, two years for the second IPV, lifetime disqualification for the third IPV, and ten years for a concurrent receipt of benefits. BAM 720.

Additionally, the Respondent failed to report her/her change in residency from the State of Michigan to the Department, which resulted in his/her receiving an overissuance of FAP benefits of that the Department is required to recoup.

DECISION AND ORDER

The A	dministrative	Law Judge,	based	upon th	e above	Findings	of Fact	and	Conclus	sions
of Lav	v, and for the	reasons sta	ted on t	the reco	rd, conc	ludes that	t:			

1.	Respondent 🖂 did 🗌 did not commit an IPV.
2.	Respondent \boxtimes did \square did not receive an OI of program benefits in the amount of from the following program(s) \square FIP \boxtimes FAP \square SDA \square CDC \square MA.
	The Department is ORDERED to delete the OI and cease any recoupment action.

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The Department is ORDERED to initiate recommon in accordance with Department policy.	upment prod	cedures for the amo	ount of
☐ The Department is ORDERED to reduce the accordance with Department policy.	OI to	for the period	, in
igtigtigtigtigtigtigtigtigtigt			AP 🗌
	foi	Carmen G. Administrative Law Maura Corrigan, D rtment of Human Se	Judge Director

Date Signed: <u>08/13/2013</u>

Date Mailed: <u>08/14/2013</u>

NOTICE: The law provides that within 30 days of receipt of the above Decision and Order, the Respondent may appeal it to the circuit court for the county in which he/she lives.

CGF/pw

cc: