## STATE OF MICHIGAN MICHIGAN ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING SYSTEM ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES

DEPARTMENT OF HOMP	IN OLIVICES	
IN THE MATTER OF:		
	Reg. No.: Issue No.: Case No.: Hearing Date: County:	2013-38406 2021 August 7, 2013 Menominee
ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: Susanne E. Ha	ırris	
HEARING DECIS	SION	
This matter is before the undersigned Administration and MCL 400.37 following Claimant's Authorized hearing. After due notice, a telephone hearing Lansing, Michigan. Participants on behalf of Claimant. Participants on behalf of Claimant. Participants on behalf of Claimant. Payments Worker,	Representative's was held on Au nant included the partmen	s (AR)request for a ugust 7, 2013, <u>from</u>
ISSUE		
Did the Department properly $\boxtimes$ deny Claimant's application $\square$ close Claimant's case for:		
☐ Family Independence Program (FIP)? ☐ ☐ Food Assistance Program (FAP)? ☐ ☐ Medical Assistance (MA)? ☐		sistance (AMP)? ssistance (SDA)? nt and Care (CDC)?
FINDINGS OF FACT		
The Administrative Law Judge, based on the evidence on the whole record, finds as material fac		rial, and substantial
1. Claimant ⊠ applied for benefits ☐ received be	enefits for:	
☐ Family Independence Program (FIP). ☐ Food Assistance Program (FAP). ☐ Medical Assistance (MA). ☐	•	ssistance (AMP). Assistance (SDA). ent and Care (CDC).

2. On January 4, 2012, the Department

☐ denied Claimant's application ☐ closed Claimant's case due to excess assets.

<ol> <li>On January 4, 2012, the Department sent</li> <li>☐ Claimant ☐ Claimant's Authorized Representative (AR) notice of the ☐ denial. ☐ closure.</li> </ol>	
<ol> <li>On March 22, 2013, Claimant's AR filed a hearing request, protesting the</li></ol>	
CONCLUSIONS OF LAW	
Department policies are contained in the Bridges Administrative Manual (Bridges Eligibility Manual (BEM), and the Reference Tables Manual (RFT).	3AM), the
☐ The Family Independence Program (FIP) was established pursuant to the Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996, Public Law 42 USC 601, et seq. The Department (formerly known as the Family Index Agency) administers FIP pursuant to MCL 400.10, et seq., and 1999 AC, R through Rule 400.3131. FIP replaced the Aid to Dependent Children (ADC effective October 1, 1996.	/ 104-193, ependence 400.3101
☐ The Food Assistance Program (FAP) [formerly known as the Food Stamp and program] is established by the Food Stamp and for 1977, as amende implemented by the federal regulations contained in Title 7 of the Code (Regulations (CFR). The Department (formerly known as the Family Index Agency) administers FAP pursuant to MCL 400.10, et seq., and 1999 AC, Rethrough Rule 400.3015.	d, and is of Federal pendence
∑ The Medical Assistance (MA) program is established by the Title XIX of Security Act and is implemented by Title 42 of the Code of Federal Regulation The Department of Human Services (formerly known as the Family Index Agency) administers the MA program pursuant to MCL 400.10, et seq., 400.105.	ons (CFR). ependence
☐ The Adult Medical Program (AMP) is established by 42 USC 131 administered by the Department pursuant to MCL 400.10, <i>et seq</i> .	5, and is
☐ The State Disability Assistance (SDA) program, which provides financial after disabled persons, is established by 2004 PA 344. The Department Services (formerly known as the Family Independence Agency) administers program pursuant to MCL 400.10, et seq., and 2000 AACS, R 400.3151 thre 400.3180.	of Human s the SDA
The Child Development and Care (CDC) program is established by Titles and XX of the Social Security Act, the Child Care and Development Block 1990, and the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act The program is implemented by Title 45 of the Code of Federal Regulations and 99. The Department provides services to adults and children pursual 400.14(1) and 1999 AC, R 400.5001 through Rule 400.5015.	c Grant of ct of 1996. , Parts 98

BEM 260, p. 1, instructs Department workers to process a previously denied application as if it is a pending application if the reason for denial was that the MRT determined the client was not disabled or blind, and the Social Security Administration (SSA) subsequently determined that the client is entitled to RSDI based on his disability/blindness for some or all of the time covered by the denied MA application. However, the Department contended that, regardless of the reference of a lack of disability contained in the notice, the Claimant was actually denied because of excess assets. The Department testified that the MRT never did make a disability determination and as the Claimant's AR never did appeal the decision that the Claimant had excess assets, the hearing request is untimely. The Claimant's AR argued that the notice was defective and the Administrative Law Judge did hold the record open until August 8, 2013 for case law that the AR asserted would require reversal of the Department's decision. The case law submitted was not persuasive to this Administrative Law Judge.

The Claimant's AR has been the AR since October 10, 2011. Based on the record, it does not appear that the Claimant's AR was ever sent a DHS-1605, Notice of Case Action informing the AR that the Claimant's application was denied. Bridges Administrative Manual (BAM) 110 (2011) pp. 7, 8, provides that an authorized representative (AR) is a person who applies for assistance on behalf of the Claimant and/or otherwise acts on his behalf. If an AR is going to act on the Claimant's behalf, the AR needs to be informed of any negative action regarding the Claimant's MA case to continue to act on the Claimant's behalf. As it appears that the Claimant's AR was not timely informed of the application denial in this case, the Administrative Law Judge therefore determines that the Department was not acting in accordance with departmental policy when taking action to deny the Claimant's application for MA without notifying the Claimant's AR.

Based upon the above Findings of Fact a	and Conclusions of Law, and for the reasons
stated on the record, the Administrative	Law Judge concludes that the Department
properly denied Claimant's application	improperly denied Claimant's application
properly closed Claimant's case	improperly closed Claimant's case for:
☐ AMP ☐ FIP ☐ FAP ☒ MA ☐ SDA ☐	CDC.

## **DECISION AND ORDER**

of Law, and	trative Law Judge, based upon the above Findings of Fact and Conclusions d for the reasons stated on the record, finds that the Department operly. $\boxtimes$ did not act properly.
	the Department's $\square$ AMP $\square$ FIP $\square$ FAP $\boxtimes$ MA $\square$ SDA $\square$ CDC decision $\bowtie$ REVERSED.
_	ARTMENT IS ORDERED TO DO THE FOLLOWING WITHIN 10 DAYS OF MAILING OF THIS DECISION AND ORDER:
1.	Initiate action to re-determine the Claimant's eligibility for MA back to the original application date of December 27, 2011, and
2.	If the Claimant is again found to be ineligible for MA, promptly notify the Claimant's AR of the denial and the reason for the denial, and if not,
3.	Initiate action to issue the Claimant any supplement thereafter due.
	/s/ Susanne E. Harris Administrative Law Judge For Maura Corrigan, Director Department of Human Services
Date Signed:	<u>8/15/13</u>

Date Mailed: 8/16/13

**NOTICE**: Michigan Administrative Hearing System (MAHS) may order a rehearing or reconsideration on either its own motion or at the request of a party within 30 days of the mailing date of this Decision and Order. MAHS will not order a rehearing or reconsideration on the Department's motion where the final decision cannot be implemented within 90 days of the filing of the original request. (60 days for FAP cases)

The Claimant may appeal the Decision and Order to Circuit Court within 30 days of the receipt of the Decision and Order or, if a timely request for rehearing was made, within 30 days of the receipt date of the rehearing decision.

Claimant may request a rehearing or reconsideration for the following reasons:

- A rehearing <u>MAY</u> be granted if there is newly discovered evidence that could affect the outcome of the original hearing decision.
- A reconsideration **MAY** be granted for any of the following reasons:
- misapplication of manual policy or law in the hearing decision,
- typographical errors, mathematical error, or other obvious errors in the hearing decision that effect the substantial rights of the claimant:
- the failure of the ALJ to address other relevant issues in the hearing decision.

Request must be submitted through the local DHS office or directly to MAHS by mail at Michigan Administrative hearings
Reconsideration/Rehearing Request
P. O. Box 30639
Lansing, Michigan 48909-07322

## SEH/tb

