STATE OF MICHIGAN MICHIGAN ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING SYSTEM ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES

Reg. No.:

2013-25011

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	Issue No.: Case No.: Hearing Date: County:	3052 October 17, 2013 Wayne (82-41)
ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: Alice C. Elkin		
HEARING DECISION FOR INTENTIONA	<u>AL PROGRAM VI</u>	<u>OLATION</u>
Upon the request for a hearing by the Departmenthis matter is before the undersigned Administrative and in accordance with Titles 7, 42 and 45 of the particularly 7 CFR 273.16, and with Mich Admin After due notice, an in-person hearing was hell Michigan. The Department was represented by	e Law Judge purs Code of Federa Code, R 400.313	suant to MCL 400.9, Il Regulation (CFR), 30 and R 400.3178.
☐ Participants on behalf of Respondent included:		
Respondent did not appear at the hearing and pursuant to 7 CFR 273.16(e), Mich Admin Code R 400.3178(5).		•
<u>ISSUES</u>		
	State Disability As	ssistance (SDA) ent and Care (CDC)

Did Respondent, by clear and convincing evidence, commit an Intentional Program 2. Violation (IPV)?

benefits that the Department is entitled to recoup?

Medical Assistance (MA)

3.

Should Respondent be disqualified from receiving ☐ Family Independence Program (FIP)? ☐ State Disability Assistance (SDA)?

FINDINGS OF FACT

The Administrative Law Judge, based on the competent, material, and substantial evidence on the whole record, finds as material fact:

1.	The Department's OIG filed a hearing request on January 22, 2013, to establish an OI of benefits received by Respondent as a result of Respondent having allegedly committed an IPV by failing to report earned income.
2.	The OIG \boxtimes has \square has not requested that Respondent be disqualified from receiving program benefits.
3.	Respondent was a recipient of $\ \square$ FIP $\ \boxtimes$ FAP $\ \square$ SDA $\ \square$ CDC $\ \square$ MA benefits issued by the Department.
4.	Respondent \boxtimes was \square was not aware of the responsibility to report employment and earned income.
5.	Respondent had no apparent physical or mental impairment that would limit the understanding or ability to fulfill this requirement.
6.	The Department's OIG indicates that the time period it is considering the fraud period is January 1, 2008, through October 31, 2008 (the "fraud period").
7.	During the alleged fraud period, Respondent was issued \$4,184 in \square FIP \boxtimes FAP \square SDA \square CDC \square MA benefits by the State of Michigan, and the Department alleges that Respondent was entitled to \$2,406 in such benefits during this time period.
8.	The Department alleges that Respondent received an OI in \square FIP \boxtimes FAP \square SDA \square CDC \square MA benefits in the amount of \$1,778.
9.	This was Respondent's ⊠ first ☐ second ☐ third alleged IPV.
10.	A notice of hearing was mailed to Respondent at the last known address and \square was \boxtimes was not returned by the US Post Office as undeliverable.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

Department policies are contained in the Department of Human Services Bridges Administrative Manual (BAM), Department of Human Services Bridges Eligibility Manual (BEM), and Department of Human Services Reference Tables Manual (RFT). Prior to August 1, 2008, Department policies were contained in the Department of Human Services Program Administrative Manuals (PAM), Department of Human Services Program Eligibility Manual (PEM), and Department of Human Services Reference Schedules Manual (RFS).

The Food Assistance Program (FAP) [formerly known as the Food Stamp program] is established by the Food Stamp Act of 1977, as amended, 7 USC 2011 to 2036a and is implemented by the federal regulations contained in 7 CFR 271.1 to 285.5. The Department (formerly known as the Family Independence Agency) administers FAP pursuant to MCL 400.10 and Mich Admin Code, R 400.3001 to .3015.

The Department's OIG requests IPV hearings for the following cases:

- FAP trafficking Ols that are not forwarded to the prosecutor,
- prosecution of welfare fraud or FAP trafficking is declined by the prosecutor for a reason other than lack of evidence, and
 - the total OI amount for the FIP, SDA, CDC, MA and FAP programs is \$1000 or more, or
 - the total OI amount is less than \$1000, and
 - > the group has a previous IPV, or
 - the alleged IPV involves FAP trafficking, or
 - the alleged fraud involves concurrent receipt of assistance (see BEM 222), or
 - > the alleged fraud is committed by a state/government employee.

BAM 720 (February 2013), p. 10.

Intentional Program Violation

Suspected IPV means an OI exists for which all three of the following conditions exist:

- The client intentionally failed to report information or intentionally gave incomplete or inaccurate information needed to make a correct benefit determination, and
- The client was clearly and correctly instructed regarding his or her reporting responsibilities, and
- The client has no apparent physical or mental impairment that limits his or her understanding or ability to fulfill reporting responsibilities.

BAM 700 (July 2013), p. 6; BAM 720, p. 1.

An IPV is also suspected for a client who is alleged to have trafficked FAP benefits. BAM 720, p. 1.

An IPV requires that the Department establish by clear and convincing evidence that the client has intentionally withheld or misrepresented information for the **purpose** of establishing, maintaining, increasing or preventing reduction of program benefits or eligibility. BAM 720, p. 1 (emphasis in original); see also 7 CFR 273(e)(6). Clear and convincing evidence is evidence sufficient to result in a clear and firm belief that the proposition is true. See M Civ JI 8.01.

In this case, Respondent filed an application for FAP benefits on December 26, 2007. In her application, Respondent reported that one of her household members had employment income but did not report any employment for herself (Exhibit 1, p. 18). In response to a subpoena issued by the Department on November 9, 2011, to reported that Respondent was employed at between September 8, 2007, and October 12, 2008, and between May 10, 2009, and November 6, 2011. Because the verification from established that Respondent was employed at the time she applied for FAP on December 26, 2007, the Department established, by clear and convincing evidence, that Respondent intentionally withheld information concerning her employment for the purpose of establishing or increasing her benefits. Thus, the Department has established by clear and convincing evidence that Respondent committed an IPV of her FAP benefits.

Disqualification

A court or hearing decision that finds a client committed IPV disqualifies that client from receiving program benefits. BAM 720, p. 12. A disqualified recipient remains a member of an active group as long as he lives with them, and other eligible group members may continue to receive benefits. BAM 720, p. 13.

Clients who commit an IPV are disqualified for a standard disqualification period except when a court orders a different period, or except when the OI relates to MA. BAM 720, p. 13. Refusal to repay will not cause denial of current or future MA if the client is otherwise eligible. BAM 710 (May 2013), p. 2. Clients are disqualified for periods of one year for the first IPV, two years for the second IPV, lifetime disqualification for the third IPV, and ten years for a FAP concurrent receipt of benefits. BAM 720, p. 16.

Because the Department satisfied its burden of establishing that Respondent committed a first IPV of FAP benefits, Respondent is subject to a one-year FAP disqualification.

Overissuance

When a client group receives more benefits than they are entitled to receive, the Department must attempt to recoup the OI. BAM 700, p. 1. The amount of the OI is the benefit amount the client actually received minus the amount the client was eligible to receive. BAM 720, p. 6; BAM 715 (February 2013), pp. 1, 5; BAM 705 (February 2013), p. 5.

At the hearing, the Department established that \$4,184 in FAP benefits were issued by the State of Michigan to Respondent from January 1, 2008, through October 31, 2008. The Department presented OI budgets for each of these months which established that, when Respondent's income from QDI was included in the calculation of her FAP

benefits, Respondent was eligible for only \$2,406 in FAP benefits during this period. Thus, the Department is entitled to recoup from Respondent \$1,778 in overissued FAP benefits.

DECISION AND ORDER

The Administrative Law Judge, based upon the above Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, and for the reasons stated on the record, concludes that:

1.	Respondent 🗵 did 🔲 did not commit an IPV by clear and convincing evidence.
2.	Respondent ☑ did ☐ did not receive an OI of program benefits in the amount of \$1,778 from the following program(s) ☐ FIP ☑ FAP ☐ SDA ☐ CDC ☐ MA.
	Department is ORDERED to initiate recoupment procedures for the amount of 78 in accordance with Department policy.
	FURTHER ORDERED that Respondent be disqualified from FIP FAP SDA CDC for a period of 12 months. 24 months. lifetime.

Administrative Law Judge for Maura Corrigan, Director Department of Human Services

Date Signed: October 21, 2013

Date Mailed: October 21, 2013

NOTICE: The law provides that within 30 days of receipt of the above Decision and Order, the Respondent may appeal it to the circuit court for the county in which he/she lives.

ACE/pf

CC:

