STATE OF MICHIGAN MICHIGAN ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING SYSTEM ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES

IN THE MATTER OF:



Reg. No.: Issue No.: Case No.: Hearing Date: County: 2013-54455 1033, 2005, 3025

July 25, 2013 Washtenaw

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE: C. Adam Purnell

HEARING DECISION

This matter is before the undersigned Administ rative Law Judge pursuant to MCL 400.9 and MCL 400.37 following Claim ant's request for a hearing. After due notice, a telephone hearing was held on July 25, 2013 from Lansing, Michigan. Claima nt personally appeared and provided testimony. Participants on behalf of the Department of Human Services (Department) included (Eligibility Specialist) and (Assistance Payments Supervisor).

ISSUE

Did the Department properly deny Claimant's application for Food Assistance Program (FAP), Family Independence Program (FIP) and Medical Assistance (MA) due to failure to provide proof of citizenship or immigration status?

FINDINGS OF FACT

The Administrative Law Judge, based on t he competent, material, and substantial evidence on the whole record, finds as material fact:

- 1. Claimant is a native and citizen of Ethiopia.
- 2. Claimant entered the United States (U.S.) in October, 2008.
- 3. The U.S. Department of Homeland Se curity issued Claimant an Employ ment Authorization Card on which expired on
- 4. On June 4, 2013, Claimant submitted an online application s eeking FAP, MA and FIP benefits. Claimant indicated on page 5 that she entered the U.S. on December 8, 2008 and on page 8 that she was admitted into the U.S. as a refugee.
- 5. On June 7, 2013, the Department mailed Claimant a Notice of Case Action (DHS-1605) which did the following: (1) approved Claim ant for FIP ben efits for a household size of 1 in the amount of **Sector** per month; (2) closed Claimant's MA case effective July 1, 2013; and (3) approved FAP in the amount of **Sector** per

month for June 4, 2013 through June 30, 2013 and \$ per month for July 1, 2013 through May 31, 2014.

6. On June 19, 2013, Claimant requested a hearing regarding FIP, MA, FAP, Child Development and Care (CDC) and State Emergency Relief (SER).

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

Department policies are contained in the Br idges Administrative Manual (BAM), the Bridges Eligibility Manual (BEM), and the Reference Tables Manual (RFT).

☑ The Family Independence Program (FIP) was established pursuant to the Personal Responsibility and W ork Opportunity Reconc iliation Act of 1996, Public Law 104-193, 42 USC 601, *et seq*. The Department (formerly k nown as the Family Independence Agency) administers FIP pursuant to MCL 400.10, *et seq*., and Mich Admin Code, R 400.3101 t hrough R 400.3131. FI P replaced the Aid to Dependent Children (ADC) program effective October 1, 1996.

The Food Assistanc e Program (FAP) [for merly known as the Food Sta mp (FS) program] is establis hed by the Food St amp Act of 1977, as amend ed, and is implemented by the federal r egulations contained in Title 7 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR). The Department (formerly known as the Family Independenc e Agency) administers FAP pursuant to MCL 400.10, *et seq.*, and Mich Admin Code, R 400.3001 through R 400.3015.

The Medical Ass istance (MA) program is es tablished by the Title XIX of the Soc ial Security Act and is implemented by Title 42 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR). The Department of Human Services (formerly known as the Family Independ ence Agency) administers the MA program pursuant to MCL 400.10, *et seq*., and MC L 400.105.

The Adult Medical Program (AMP) is established by 42 USC 1315, and is administered by the Department pursuant to MCL 400.10, *et seq*.

The State Disabilit y Assistance (SDA) program, which provides financial assistance for disabled persons, is established by 2004 PA 344. The D epartment of Human Services (formerly known as the Family Independence Agency) administers the SDA program pursuant to MCL 400.10, *et seq*., and 2000 AACS, R 400.3 151 through R 400.3180.

☐ The Child Development and Care (CDC) program is establis hed by Titles IVA, IVE and XX of the Soc ial Security Act, the Ch ild Care and Developm ent Block Grant of 1990, and the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996. The program is implemented by Title 45 of the Code of Feder al Regulations, Parts 98 and 99. The Depart ment provides servic es to adults and children pursuant to MCL 400.14(1) and Mich Admin Code, R 400.5001 through R 400.5015.

Department policy requires the Department determine the alien status of each noncitizen requesting benefits at application, member addition, redetermination and when a change is reported. BAM 225, p 1.

A person must be a U.S. citize n or have an acceptable alie n status for the designat ed programs. Persons who do not m eet this requirement, or who refuse to indicate their status, are disqualified. BEM 225, p 1.

Non-immigrants (for exampl e, students, tourists, etc.) and undoc umented non-citizens are not eligible. A non-immigrant temporarily enters the U.S. for a specific purpose such as business, study, temporary employment, or pleasure. When a per son is admitted to the United States, a US CIS official will as sign a non-i mmigrant category according t o the purpose of the visit. BEM 225, p 1.

Citizenship/alien status is not an eligibility factor for emergency services only (ESO) MA. However, the person must meet all other eligibility factors, including residency; see BEM 220, p 1.

To be eligible for full MA coverage a person must be a U.S. citiz en or an alien admitted to the U.S. under a specific immigration status. BEM 225, p 1. U.S. citizenship must be verified with an acceptable doc ument to c ontinue to receive Medicaid; see BAM 130. The alien status of each non-citizen must be verified to be eligible for full MA coverage. BEM 225, p 1.

Persons listed under the program designati ons in Acceptable Status meet the requirement of citizenship/alien status. BEM 225, p 3. Eligibility may depend on whether or not the person meets the definition of "Qua lified Alien." BEM 225, p 3. The definition of a qualif ied alien includes specific alien statuses, but not all alien s tatuses, in conjunction with other cr iteria. BEM 225, p 3. Not all a cceptable alien statuses require that the person be a qualified alien. BEM 225, p 3.

BEM 225 defines a qualified a lien as an alien who is: (1) lawfully admitted for permanent residence under the Immigrati on and Nationality Act (INA); (2) granted asylum under section 208 of t he INA; (3) a refugee who is admitted to the U.S. under section 207 of the INA; (4) paroled into the U.S. under section 212(d)(5) of the INA for a period of at least one year ;)5) an alien whose deportati on is being withheld under section 241(b)(3) or 243(h) of the INA; (6) granted condition al entry pursuant to section 203(a)(7) of the INA; or (7) a Cuban/Hait ian entrant; or (8) an alien who has been battered or subjected to extreme cruelty in the U.S. by a U.S. Citizen or legal permanent resident spouse or parent, or by a member of the spouse or parent's family living in the same household, or is the parent or child of a battered person. BEM 225, p 3.

According to BEM 225, p 27 (exh ibit 6), in order to be elig ible for FIP, FAP, MA and AMP, for a person who enters the U.S. after August 22, 1996 as a Permanent Resident Alien (I-551) class c ode other than RE, AM or AS, is not eligible for the first five years. This person may be eligible for emergency MA only. BEM 225, p 27 (exhibit 6).

Here, the Department contends t hat BEM 225 provides that Cla imant is not eligible for FIP, FAP, MA or AMP until December 8, 2013. Claimant, on the other hand, contends that she is eligible for these programs bec ause she is a permanent resident or, in the alternative, is a political asylee under Section 208.

Testimony and other evidence must be we ighed and considered according to its reasonableness. *Gardiner v Courtright*, 165 Mich 54, 62; 130 NW 322 (1911); *Dep't of Community Health v Risch*, 274 Mich App 365, 372; 733 NW 2d 403 (2007). The weight and credibility of this evidenc e is genera IIy for the fact-finder to determine. *Dep't of Community Health*, 274 Mich App at 372; *People v Terry*, 224 Mich App 447, 452; 569 NW2d 641 (1997). Moreover, it is for the fact-finder to gauge the demeanor and veracity of the witnesses who appear before him, as best he is able. See, e.g., *Caldwell v Fox*, 394 Mich 401, 407; 231 NW 2d 46 (1975); *Zeeland Far m Services, Inc v J BL Enterprises, Inc*, 219 Mich App 190, 195; 555 NW2d 733 (1996).

This Administrative Law Judge has carefully considered and weighed the testimony and other evidence in the record. The rec ords indic ate that Claimant provided t he Department with Permanent Resident Card whic h indicated that Claimant has be en a resident of the U.S. since December 8, 2008. At the hearing, Claimant, for the first time, provided t he Department with an Employment Authorizatio n Card from the U.S. Department of Homeland Security whic h indic ated that her card was valid from October 28, 2008, but this card The Department; expired on however, provided a documentation record which indicated that during the pre-hearing conference on June 24, 2013 "I called client and she was told that there was an agency finding and that her applic ation stated that she was not a citizen but after looking into the EDM verifications that she did submit her permanent resident card. The correct for her and Haleluya." This document information has been budgeted in to the case appears to be a conclusion by the Department that Claimant is eligible for assistance because s he produc ed a permanent resident card. The Department's position is ambiguous with regard to Claim ant's MA eligibi lity. The Notice of Case Action say Claimant's MA is denied but the other documentation indicates that she may be eligible. Based on the competent, material, and s ubstantial evidenc e presented during the hearing, this Administrative Law Judge finds that the D epartment agrees that Claimant is (or may be) eligible for MA or AMP before December 8, 2013.

With regard to Claim ant's request for a hearing concerning FIP, FAP, SER and CDC, the regulations governing the hearing and appeal process for applicants and recipients of public assistance in Michigan are found in Mich Admin Code, R 400.901 through R 400.951. Rule 400.903 provides in relevant part:

An opportunity for a hearing shall be granted to an applicant who requests a hearing because a claim for assistance is denied or is not acted upon with reasonable promptness, and to any recipient who is aggriev ed by a Department action resulting in s uspension, reduction, discontinuance, or termination of assistance. [R 400.903(1).] At the time of the claimant's hearing r equest, the department had not taken any action to suspend, reduce, discontinue or te rminate Claimant's FIP, FAP, SER and CDC benefits. In fact, Claimant did not even apply for SER and CDC assistan ce. Claimant agreed to this fact at the hearing. In additi on, the Department did not take any negative action regarding her FAP and FIP cases. Cla imant's request for hearing was becaus e she believ ed the Depar tment denied her FIP and FAP application, but that did not occur. Under the administrative rule discussed above, Claimant does not have a right to a hearing concerning FIP, FAP, SER and CDC and thus, this Administrative Law Judge has no jurisdiction in those matters.

DECISION AND ORDER

The Administrative Law Judge, based upon the above Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, finds that the Department did not act properly when it determined Claimant's eligibility for MA and/or AMP.

Accordingly, the Department's AMP FIP FAP MA SDA CDC decision is AFFIRMED.

THE DEPARTMENT IS ORDERED TO DO THE FOLLOWING WITHIN 10 DAYS OF THE DATE OF MAILING OF THIS DECISION AND ORDER:

- 1. The Depar tment shall init iate a reprocessing and rece rtification of Cla imant's application with regard to MA only dated June 4, 2013.
- 2. To the ext ent required by polic y, t he Department shall pr ovide Claimant with retroactive and/or supplemental MA benefits.

Based on the above Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, Claimant's request for hearing concerning FIP, FAP, SER and CDC is DISMISSED for lack of jurisdiction.

<u>/s/</u>

C. Adam Purnell Administrative Law Judge for Maura Corrigan, Director Department of Human Services

Date Signed: July 26, 2013

Date Mailed: July 29, 2013

NOTICE: Michigan Administrative Hearing Syst em (MAHS) may order a rehearing or reconsideration on either its own motion or at the request of a par ty within 30 days of the mailing date of this Dec ision and Order . MAHS will not or der a rehearing or reconsideration on the Department's mo tion where the final decis ion cannot be implemented within 90 days of the filing of the original request. (60 days for FAP cases)

The Claimant may appeal the Decision and Order to Circuit Court within 30 days of the receipt of the Decision and Order or, if a timely request for rehearing was made, within 30 days of the receipt date of the rehearing decision.

Claimant may request a rehearing or reconsideration for the following reasons:

- A rehearing <u>MAY</u> be granted if there is newly di scovered evidence that could affect the outcome of the original hearing decision.
- A reconsideration <u>MAY</u> be granted for any of the following reasons:
 - misapplication of manual policy or law in the hearing decision,
 - typographical errors, mathematical erro r, or other obvious errors in the hearing decision that affect the substantial rights of the claimant,
 - failure of the ALJ to address other relevant issues in the hearing decision.

Request must be submitted through the local DHS office or directly to MAHS by mail at Michigan Administrative Hearings

Recons ideration/Rehearing Request

P. O. Box 30639 Lansing, Michigan 48909-07322

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